

APR 25 1921

ARMY

GAZETTE OF THE
REGULAR ARMY

APR 25 1921



NAVY

AND VOLUNTEER
FORCES

VOLUME LVIII. NUMBER 34.
WHOLE NUMBER 3009.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1921.

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CONTINUOUS SERVICE PAY IN NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

A chief yeoman in the Navy applied for a revision of the action of the Auditor in disallowing his claim for continuous service pay from Dec. 1, 1915, to March 31, 1919, as based on previous service in the Marine Corps. In the settlement the Auditor allowed \$352 as pay under G.O. No. 34, 1906, for pay between the dates given, deducting therefrom the amount of continuous service pay previously credited on the pay rolls. The Auditor made the allowance for pay under G.O. No. 34, the Comptroller says, "apparently on authority of a decision of this office dated Feb. 2, 1918, to a disbursing officer, wherein it was held that such payment was authorized in the Navy for service theretofore rendered in the Marine Corps." He continues: "Subject to limitations and exceptions by special statutes, the pay of the Marine Corps is fixed by Sec. 1612, Revised Statutes, and is the same as for the Infantry of the Army. Under this provision of law, continuous service as authorized for the Army is paid in the Marine Corps. Service in the Army is counted for continuous service in the Marine Corps and vice versa. However, no credit is or has been allowed in the Navy for service in the Army, and until the decision of Feb. 2, 1918, no credit was allowed to enlisted men of the Navy for service in the Marine Corps, except where a different holding was warranted in the construction of certain statutes not involved in this case. To allow, for service in the Marine Corps, continuous service pay and pay under G.O. No. 34, authorized for enlisted men of the Navy and for service in the Navy is to place a premium on service in the Marine Corps as against service in the Army or Navy not authorized or contemplated by law. A man with previous service in the Navy could not count that service, prior to June 4, 1920, in the Marine Corps or in the Army, nor could a man in the Army count his previous service in the Navy for continuous service pay, as distinguished from

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.
PUBLISHED WEEKLY. ESTABLISHED 1863.
Office, 20 Vesey Street, New York City.

April 23, 1921.

Serial Number 3009.

Subscription, \$6.00 per year. A special rate of \$4.00 per year for individual subscriptions is offered to those who are or who have been in the National or State Services, their families and immediate connection.

Entered as second class matter June 25, 1879, at the post-office at New York, N.Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

longevity now authorized for the Army and the Marine Corps. As was said in a late case and under a different law not applicable in the present case, the increased pay for re-enlistment is intended as an inducement to encourage re-enlistment in the same branch of the Service. One branch of the military service should not be singled out for more liberal treatment than the others unless the laws plainly so require. In the present case this is not true, and the holding of Feb. 2, 1918, constitutes a reversal of practice existing since continuous service pay and pay under G.O. No. 34 were authorized for service in the Navy. For these reasons the Auditor's action in disallowing credit for continuous service pay is affirmed and his action in allowing \$352 pay under G.O. No. 34 is reversed. Payments heretofore made by disbursing officers under authority of the decision of Feb. 2, 1918, will not be disturbed."

GEN. HAAN DISCUSSES PROMOTION LIST.

Major Gen. William G. Haan, Assistant Chief of Staff, U.S.A., in a comment at great length on the single list for promotion says that everyone concedes that under the old system of regimental and lineal promotion many inequalities and injustices grew up. Piecemeal legislation by Congress intended to correct this merely magnified the incongruities and increased the inequalities, with resulting injustice and discontent. From this came the idea of the single list and General Haan states that he is firmly convinced that its principle is sound and that it would be a grave error to pass any legislation that would discard it. Promotion by the single list is simple enough, he says, once it is put into operation. If we were creating a new Army the problem would be simple; but when the Reorganization act of June 4, 1920, was passed there were already several thousand officers in the Service and several thousand men were about to be appointed, who as they had served during the war were entitled, General Haan says, to greater consideration than men fresh from West Point or college. He is satisfied that in the preparation of the single list the rules for its formation prescribed in the law were closely observed. Former Secretary Baker assured himself that the provisions of the law had been complied with before the President submitted to the Senate the list of promotions which failed of confirmation at the last session. In re-submitting the appointments it became necessary for the new Secretary of War to assure himself that the lists had been prepared in accord with the letter and spirit of the law. He, too, General Haan says, evidently came to the same conclusion that no change could be legally arranged and that if changes were desired they would have to come through changes in the law. This leads to a consideration of those features resulting from its administration which appear to be the cause of dissatisfaction.

It seems to be a fact that individuals of the Regular Army as well as of those recently appointed are not satisfied with their position on the single list. For example, there are Regular officers in field grade who think that they should have precedence over all recently appointed officers in the same grade. The answer to this, General Haan says, is that by giving them such position men who are comparatively young men, say thirty years old in grade of major, will forever be above and block the way of majors appointed from emergency officers who are older and who could not under the law be appointed major if under thirty-four years. General Haan believes that these young majors of the Regular Army should consider themselves fortunate in that they have received promotion to that grade, since at the time that the act was written it was not the expectation that they would be so promoted.

The board charged with preparation of the single list under the fifth "step" provided for in Sec. 24a of the law placed officers from the emergency group ahead of the younger majors. General Haan says: "it does not seem to me that the Regular majors in this case have any just complaint though I understand they are loudly proclaiming that the board made a general rule of that provision of the law which was intended to cover only exceptional cases." He regards this as "the perhaps unconscious selfishness with which most individuals view matters in which their own personal interests are involved."

Many claim that having been commissioned in a particular grade, say captain, they now find themselves on the single list below others commissioned in lower grade, say first lieutenant. To ascertain whether or not such a situation is equitable there are a number of things to consider. The proposition looks unjust, General Haan says, but complete information discloses that such an arrangement of names on the list is not only in accord with the law, but protects the just rights of individuals. For example: In many branches of the Army the lowest grade is second lieutenant, in others first lieutenant, in others captain; The A.G. Department and the J.A.G. are examples of the last. It might happen that such a department desired a particular candidate. It was necessary to appoint him a captain or not appoint him at all. An example of the result is that an officer barely twenty-seven whose entire emergency commissioned service amounted to about two months, all in the grade of second lieutenant, who was wanted by the J.A.G. Department was appointed captain; while several men, age thirty-five to forty, with three year's commissioned service, all in grade of major, were appointed as lieutenants in other branches. General Haan holds that it is manifestly just and right that these lieutenants should now go ahead of that captain on the promotion list and under the law they will do so.

It may be asked why the law did not require appointment of new officers in the grade to which their service entitled them. The reason, he says, is that until the work of the appointing board should be finished no one could say what length of service would entitle an applicant to a captaincy or to a first lieutenancy; only after

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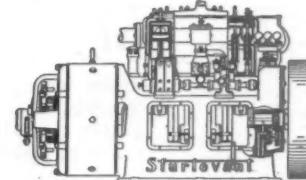
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the last appointment could be made and the service of the last appointee computed would it be possible to draw the line. The serious objection to this is that those selected would have to wait until the entire task was completed. Many were in civil life. During the transition period the Government would have been without their services and they would have been in a state of doubt and anxiety. It was better, General Haan holds, to take the course which Congress did adopt, that is, to appoint at once leaving adjustments to come later. The grades in which new men were appointed were in many cases different from those to which length of service would have entitled them. Congress left original grade to the discretion of the board and discretion was widely exercised.

The work of the local boards was co-ordinated so far as practicable by a committee of general officers commonly known as the Pershing Board. This board knew that precedence on the list depended on length of service and that promotion would correct initial discrepancies in rank very shortly. It was, therefore, apparently disinclined to revise the action of the local boards, which would have caused delay.

Study of the entire question, General Haan says, convinces him that there is no just ground for complaint in the majority of cases. It should be remembered that to include the grade of colonel promotion on the single list when in full operation means practically promotion in order of length of service. The law provides for elimination of the unfit. General Haan thinks that the system which Congress adopted after exhaustive consideration should operate most consistently and bring about by far the greatest measure of justice. He comments further on the intention of Congress in regard to the list as evidenced by statements by Congressmen as to the workings of the old system of promotion and the purposes of the new. He holds that it was plain at the outset that the most practical way to make up the new single list was to divide the commissioned roster into

two parts, the first to include all officers already in the Regular Army on April 6, 1917, the second, Regular officers commissioned since that date. The first part would comprise the elders, among whom the most glaring discrepancies in comparative grades occurred. In the second part, all young men whose service ranged not above three years, the senior of the group was yet very young and in point of service not very far ahead of the last of the juniors; so the law simply provided that the younger group be arranged among themselves according to commissioned service prior to Nov. 11, 1918, and be placed at the foot of the list as prepared to this point.

Provision must then be made for introducing into their proper place former emergency officers who were to be appointed into the Regular Army. Here again, General Haan says, it was necessary for the law to lay down certain arbitrary rules since the emergency officers did not match up in length of service with the older officers already in the Army. Provision was therefore made for incorporating them into the first part of the list by arbitrary methods in each grade. For officers taken in in grades of captain, first and second lieutenant, however, the matter was simple enough; and the law provided that they be placed according to commissioned service rendered prior to Nov. 11, 1918, among the junior Regulars commissioned since April 6, 1917; where service was equal the Regular to precede and the new officers to be arranged according to age.

If the young Regular officers were to line up among themselves in grades and files according to relative seniority it was only fair, General Haan holds, that the younger emergency officers should do the same thing among themselves; in short, that both groups should match up their periods of service with each other and with the other group. Thus the second part of the list would start clean and in the spirit of the single list idea. Thereafter candidates coming in were to be placed at the foot of the list in accordance with date of commission. In time, as the junior part of the list aged to become seniors, the whole original intention would be complete and the single list and the promotion list would at last be identical.

General Haan says that everyone of the boards throughout the country examining candidates for Regular Army appointments was advised of the law and that the candidates were presumed to know the terms of the act under which they sought appointment. In conclusion, General Haan says:

"The effect of the law as it passed was intended to be the same as if it had provided that in the generality of cases the emergency men taken into the Regular Army under its terms and assigned to the second part of the single list should have been given commissions with the grade left blank; that all the Regulars in the grades of captain and lieutenants on the same part of the list should have the grade stricken out of their commissions; and that then, all of them, Regulars and emergency men, were to be lined up in the order of their seniority of commissioned service, and grades bestowed upon them in that order. The law called for so many captains; therefore, that many of the seniors should stand aside as captains. The law called for so many first lieutenants; therefore, that number of those next in seniority should stand aside as first lieutenants; the remainder to be second lieutenants, of course. At all events, that is exactly what the law was planned to do and what those persons concerned in framing it in committee room and explaining it to Congress understood at the time it would do. Indeed, at one stage of the proceedings in the House of Representatives during the debate on this act (Congressional Record, March 16, 1920) an amendment was proposed providing that 'no officer shall be promoted over another occupying a higher grade,' the very point at issue in this case; and, after a careful explanation by the proponents of the act, the amendment was promptly voted down.

"I have gone into the subject at considerable length because I feel that there will be pressure brought by individuals in an effort to amend the law in their own interests and without regard to sound principles involved. In my opinion all such efforts should be resisted."

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

Sea Power in American History, the Influence of the Navy and the Merchant Marine upon American Development, by Herman F. Kraft and Walter B. Norris (The Century Co.: New York). The authors are associate professors at the U.S. Naval Academy. In an introduction Rear Admiral William S. Benson, U.S.N., says that "the history of the American Navy and the American merchant marine shows that some of the finest types of American character have been produced there." The volume describes very comprehensively the decisive influence of sea power on American history, sea power including the development of the merchant marine and of shipbuilding. The personalities of many of the great leaders in American naval and maritime history are set forth and the influence which such men as Paul Jones, Robert Fulton, David Porter, John Ericsson, Farragut and Mahan have exerted on American ideals. The growth of American naval power in recent years and its important connection with world history are discussed. Of Mahan the authors say that "he taught his own countrymen and the statesmen of the world to think in terms not of cruisers but of dreadnaughts, not of single ships but of fleets, not of commerce destruction but of commerce conservation, not of fleets versus forts but of fleets versus fleets, not of coast defense but of control of the seas, and not of the defensive but of the offensive. Mahan in these ways revolutionized the world's conception of sea power." Of John Ericsson it is said that had it not been for his monitors "Napoleon might have fostered in the New World an empire which would have checked entirely that expansion of the Caribbean which has been so important a feature of American development in the last generation." The work is a valuable contribution to the naval and maritime history of this country.

Must We Fight Japan? by Walter B. Pitkin (The Century Co.: New York). The author, who is an associate professor of philosophy at Columbia University, in 1919 became interested in the Japanese question as it affects the United States and undertook an investigation. He traveled through a number of the Pacific coast states and also in Mexico and obtained the views of American, British and Japanese officials and others; of business men, banking experts, economists, employers of Japanese, and also Japanese themselves. His conclusion is that there are many more powerful forces making for war between the United States and Japan to-day than there were for making war between the United States and Germany ten years ago, but also powerful forces working to prevent such a war. Japan to-day, he says, is impregnable against enemies from without, combining the

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military power of old Germany, the naval efficiency of Great Britain and the magnificent isolation of the United States. Japan, he believes, could easily put an army of 500,000 in the field for a defensive war, but equally Japan could not wage a successful war against the United States on our own ground. To attack the California coast with the idea of landing and holding it would require fifty times as many men and fifty times as much material as Japan would need for taking all of Eastern Siberia, which is immensely more valuable to her than our whole Pacific coast. The situation, as Professor Pitkin sees it, is therefore a deadlock, which will probably last for five or ten years. In the ensuing decade, he believes, Japan will be progressively attaining economic independence and strengthening her hold upon China. When this emancipation is virtually complete the last phase will have been reached and war will become certain, assuming that the United States steadily increases her economic interests in China and Siberia.

Official History of the War. The Merchant Navy, by Archibald Hurd, Vol. I (Longmans, Green and Co.: New York). The British government's plan for the publication of an official history of the war afloat includes three separate series of publications, Naval Operations, by Sir Julian S. Corbett (the first volume of which has been noticed in our columns); Seaborne Trade, by C. Ernest Fayle; and The Merchant Navy, by Archibald Hurd. In the first volume of his portion of this extensive official history Mr. Hurd prefaces the narrative of the British merchant marine in the World War with an admirable account of "The Merchant Navy of the Past" from the days of William the Conqueror down to the year 1914. In the succeeding ten chapters Mr. Hurd describes with historic and picturesque details the cruiser attacks on shipping made by such German vessels as the Königsberg, Dresden, Karlsruhe and Emden;

the British plans protection of merchant shipping; the appearance of the submarine, the growth of that menace, and how it was fought up to the date of the sinking of the Lusitania, at which point this volume ends. It is made very clear from Mr. Hurd's narrative that British strategy in this particular field was thoroughly sound as far as it went. But it is also made thoroughly plain that the use of the mine and the submarine by Germany was not foreseen to the extent these two weapons were developed, the mine at the very beginning of the war and the submarine later and always in a rising curve of offensive power. Wholly popular in character, this history is written from the viewpoint of a man who believes that his country, its ships, and its sailors did their work gallantly and well in the war and he is not at all loath to give all concerned warm-hearted praise for their work.

Seaborne Trade (Vol. I, the Cruiser Period), by C. Ernest Fayle (Longmans, Green and Co.: New York). This is the first volume of a series on the history of the World War, based on official documents, published by direction of the historical section of the British committee of imperial defense. It shows how seaborne trade, more particularly that of Great Britain, was affected during the war by naval operations and conditions having their origin in the naval situation. The Lord Commissioner of the Admiralty gave the author access to official documents in the preparation of his work. The activity of the German cruisers in various sections is set forth at length. The book is accompanied by a number of maps.

Among books received are the following: Princess Salome, a Tale of the Days of Camel-Bells, by Burris Jenkins (J. B. Lippincott Co.: Philadelphia). A love story which centers in ancient Antioch, and in which Salome (who sought the head of John the Baptist), Herod, Pontius Pilatus, as he is termed, and other Biblical and non-Biblical characters are introduced.

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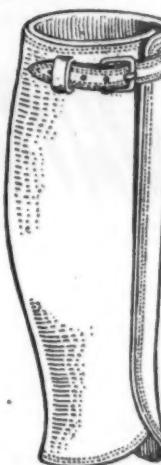
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NOTES OF THE ARMY.

Developing Cavalry and Artillery Horses.

The Army's plan for developing horses suitable for Cavalry and Artillery has been taken up by farmers and breeders with so much interest that success in this work now seems assured. The Remount Service of the Quartermaster Corps now has under its control 156 stallions which will all be in the hands of agents for distribution throughout the country by April 15, and reports already received indicate that farmers and breeders are very much pleased with the type. Breeding operations for the coming season have already been started at remount depots at Front Royal, Va., and Fort Reno, Okla. A few early arrivals are already reported. The 347 colts on hand are of unusual size and give promise of producing some very high class cavalry horses. Of eighty yearling colts at Fort Reno, not one is unsound, weedy, or poor type. All of them will make good utility horses with plenty of quality and substance; many of them will prove superior for riding purposes to anything the Army has ever had in the past. Dealers and users of mules are also very much interested in the smaller, well bred filly to be used as the dam for the breedy cotton mule so much in demand in the South. This type of mare, along with the Cavalry horse, is becoming very scarce.

C.A.C. Replacing Old Guns With New.

Since the war the Coast Artillery Corps has removed some 200 old type guns ranging from three to ten inches from their obsolete carriages and, in keeping with the War Department policy, is replacing them with modern 155-mm. G.P.F. guns. All except the three-inch dismounted guns were turned over to the Ordnance Department for disposition and many of them were scrapped and will be sold for junk. The three-inch guns have been preserved, and some of them are being mounted on modern anti-aircraft carriages so that they can be utilized to advantage. The others are in good condition and could be put into service should they be needed. There were also a number of the older six-inch guns preserved, classed as secondary armament, which are serviceable for combat against unarmored vessels, destroyers, submarines, transports, etc. All of the guns larger than ten-inch caliber, some of which were already mounted on modern carriages, ranging as high as fourteen inches, have been preserved by the Coast Artillery Corps, and in addition twelve- and fourteen-inch guns are being placed on railway mounts which renders them easy to be transported wherever necessity may demand. Owing to the prospects of limited personnel, it is intended to have only enough men at some of the posts to give the guns sufficient attention to preserve them from rust, and to concentrate the majority in larger stations where they may be better trained in Coast Artillery duties at less expense than if scattered equally at the many Coast Artillery stations. It is believed so far as armament is concerned, when the present program is completed, the Service will be equipped to render more adequate protection than ever before. The only handicap is the lack of sufficient personnel to properly man the guns. If the Army is to be reduced to 175,000 enlisted strength, and the reduction is made on an equal percentage basis throughout all the different arms, it is calculated that there will be fewer enlisted men in the Coast Artillery Corps after the reduction than before the war.

Development of Laundry Service in the Army.

All the war cantonments which remain in use now have laundry facilities with the exception of Camp Pike. The latest is at Camp Lewis, for which plans have just been completed for an up-to-date laundry. It has been estimated that this establishment can be maintained at an average cost of \$2 per month for each enlisted man stationed there, and laundry service can be rendered at that cost, not only to the enlisted garrison, but likewise to the camp hospital and the officers and their families. The present cost for contract laundry service approximates \$2.50 per man per month, not including hospital and officers' work. The machinery and equipment have already been shipped and an available building located suitable for the purpose. An adequate fund has been set aside to make necessary alterations and install the machinery. It is anticipated that the plant will be ready for operation by not later than July 1. A military laundry will be established in the Panama Canal Department sufficient in capacity to render laundry service to the military forces in that department. At the present time this work is done under contract at an approximate cost of \$2.50 per man per month. Machinery and equipment are available from stock, and it is anticipated that a greater part of the construction ma-

terial can be located from surplus property on hand. The construction of the laundry building for the new Fort Monroe laundry has been completed, and it is anticipated that the machinery and equipment will be installed and the laundry placed in operation within the next sixty days. A part of the machinery and equipment in the Camp Lee laundry, which is being dismantled, will be shipped to Fort Monroe for use at that place. A portable laundry sufficient in capacity to take care of laundry work of from 100 to 500 men, requiring an operating force of not more than six men, and capable of being moved by truck whenever necessary, has been designed. The first of these units will be assembled in the 9th Corps Area and shipped to Fort St. Michael, Alaska, as soon as navigation to that point opens.

Warrant Officers' Association, U.S. Army.

The Warrant Officers' Association, U.S. Army, recently formed by the warrant officers on duty in the vicinity of Atlanta, Ga., is making a strong bid for membership among warrant officers throughout the Service, writes a member. The object of the association is to promote professional and social intercourse among warrant officers and to provide for co-operation in any project that will make for the best interests of the Service. The national constitution, as recently adopted, provides for the formation of separate units where enough warrant officers are stationed together to make it desirable, and also takes care of those at isolated stations by providing for membership at large. The association has aroused considerable interest since its inauguration some two months ago, and, judging by its continually increasing membership, seems well on its way to becoming a successful organization.

"Unauthorized Absences" and Longevity.

In views set forth by the J.A.G. of the Army relative to deduction of time lost through unauthorized absences as defined in the 107th Article of War with reference to longevity pay, it is stated: The office of the Chief of Finance is of the opinion that such unauthorized absences should be deducted and in that opinion this office concurs. Increased pay to enlisted men based on length of service is given upon the theory that the man's usefulness is increased by such length of service and should be rewarded by increased remuneration. Congress specifically provided in case of officers that "the actual time of service in the Army or Navy or both" shall be allowed all officers in computing their additional pay for length of service. Therefore, this office believes that the actual time of service only should be computed and that unauthorized absences should be deducted.

Percentage of Air Service Officers.

On the question whether the provisions of Sec. 13a, act of June 4, 1920, are to be interpreted as meaning ten per cent. of the number of officers authorized for each grade or ten per cent. of each grade actually commissioned in or detailed to the Air Service shall be permitted to remain detailed or assigned to the Air Service, the J.A.G.'s opinion states: Sec. 13a provides that the Air Service shall consist of 1,514 officers in grades from colonel to second lieutenant, inclusive . . . provided that not to exceed ten per cent. of those in each grade . . . who fail to qualify as pilots and observers within one year shall remain detailed in the Air Service. This office is of the opinion that the ten per cent. is applicable not to the total number of officers or to the total number in each grade, but only to those in each grade who fail to qualify.

SECRETARY WEEKS WOULD SELL ARMY MEAT ABROAD.

Secretary of War Weeks urgently recommends that necessary action be taken by Congress at the earliest possible date to permit the sale to foreign governments of foodstuffs which have accumulated in the War Department. Particular emphasis is placed upon the large surplus of canned meats which has been advertised extensively by the War Department and every effort has been made to dispose of it advantageously in the United States. In spite of this fact there are large quantities of this meat on hand which, if kept much longer, is liable to become unfit for human consumption. In this connection Secretary Weeks stated: "Notwithstanding all the efforts to market these meats including extensive advertising, there still remains about 81,000,000 pounds surplus in the War Department storehouses. Public No. 2, 66th Congress, authorized the Secretary of War to dispose of surplus stocks to foreign countries, except foodstuffs. The probable intention of Congress at that date was to require the disposal of foodstuffs within the United States in order to bring down the high cost of

living. It is my belief, in view of the fact that these canned meats have now been on the market for over two years, that the American public has conclusively shown that it will not absorb this large surplus. It is well known that these canned meats can be sold abroad providing the prohibition above referred to is removed." Owing to the danger of spoilage, Secretary Weeks suggested that if these meats cannot be sold to advantage it might be advisable to present them outright to certain under-nourished nations. A resolution has been introduced in Congress designed to permit of their disposal, and it is thought no opposition to the proposal will be offered.

NAVAL ACADEMY CLASS OF 1920.

A correspondent protests that the U.S. Naval Academy Class of 1920 has not received due promotion. In reply the Bureau of Navigation states that graduates of the Class of 1920 should remember that if there had been no war they would be in the grade of ensign to day. They graduated one year ahead of the course and were made ensigns in 1919, and permanently lieutenants (j.g.) on July 1, 1920; when ordinarily they would have been made ensigns in 1920 and junior lieutenants in 1923, so their net gain was four years. It is added that 194 warrant officers have been commissioned permanent lieutenants to date, and there are still 588 eligible to commissions ahead of the Class of 1920. Their commissions were granted in accordance with law, under the act of June 4, 1920. The point is, the Navy needs officers and to get them has had to offer the experienced men in the Navy some inducements to come in to commissioned grades. The status of the Class of 1920 was carefully considered and the Navy Department came to the decision that it had no just claim to rank higher than such of the warrant officers as could successfully qualify for commission by examination. The corresponding class at the U.S. Military Academy graduated Nov. 1, 1918, ten days before the armistice, and all members of this class are in the grade of first lieutenant, so that they are not better off than the Naval Academy class, as our correspondent who compares the two classes appears to think.

BETTER ACQUAINTANCE OF REGULAR AND RESERVE.

A captain, J.A.G.O.R.C., heartily endorses the recent suggestion of a correspondent that something be done to bring about better acquaintance between Regular and Reserve officers. The Reserve officer, he says, is losing touch with his friends in the Regular Service. He adds that if corps area commanders and others will make Reserve officers in adjacent territory feel that they are welcome at occasions of ceremony and formal entertainments "a Reserve commission will soon mean a great deal more than a piece of paper and a possibility of fifteen days' training once a year." Another Reserve captain who comments on the subject protests that at present he finds the attitude of some Regular officers far from cordial toward the Reserve officer. He is a member of the faculty of an institution which has an R.O.T.C. unit, where several faculty members, including himself, are ex-soldiers and now hold Reserve commissions. Recently the R.O.T.C. gave a military ball, orders stating that members of the corps were to be in full uniform. The faculty were invited, and he asked the commandant, a Regular Army officer, if the Reserve officers should wear the Army uniform. The reply, he says, was that they "would be glad to have Reserve officers attend, if they came in civilian clothes," with strong emphasis on "civilian." Yet this was a military function given by an R.O.T.C. unit. Such attitude, he thinks, destroys the morale of the Reserve as an organization.

NAVY OIL LANDS TO BE LEASED.

Certain sections of the petroleum naval reserve lands in California are to be leased to private operators, the Navy Department announces. The last Naval Appropriation act authorized the Secretary of the Navy to operate lands in California either directly or by lease. A condition has arisen in Petroleum Naval Reserve No. 1 in California which makes it necessary for wells to be drilled in order to offset wells drilled on adjacent property and which are now drawing oil from the naval reserve lands. A double row of offset wells will prevent other operators from securing the oil that is the property of the Navy. The leasing of this land is open to operators of experience who can assure the Navy Department of their capability in the matter, and intending lessees are required to state in their proposals the royalty in fuel oil which they will offer for the privilege. This oil is to be delivered at such points on the Pacific coast as the Secretary of the Navy may direct. The proposals are to be received either in San Francisco or in Washington, as the bidder may elect.

EXHUMATION OF BODIES OF SOLDIER DEAD.

Work in the actual exhumation of bodies of the soldier dead interred in the Suresnes, Belleau Wood and the Argonne cemeteries will begin after May 1. Only those bodies from these cemeteries will be removed to this country where requests for their return have been filed with the Cemeterial Division, office of the Quartermaster General of the Army, Washington, D.C. These cemeteries, together with that of Flanders Field at Bony, Department of the Aisne, have been designated as permanent American cemeteries for the interment of the dead not to be returned to this country. This will in no way affect the previous requests of relatives for the return of remains to this country. Major Gen. H. L. Rogers, the Quartermaster General, announced on April 7 that preparations are now being made to begin work in early summer.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS FOR ORDNANCE DEPT.

Open competitive examinations for the positions of instructor, aircraft armament, with a salary of \$2,700 a year, and that of instructor of small arms, salary \$1,800 to \$2,400 a year, both in the Ordnance Department, at large, are to be held by the U.S. Civil Service Commission of Washington, D.C., examinations to be held at various places throughout this country, as well as in Hawaii, Porto Rico and the Canal Zone. Applications will not be received after May 17.

PAY OF THE RETIRED LIST.

It appears to be generally forgotten, writes a retired non-commissioned officer of long service, that when Congress provided pay increase for the Army, neither retired officers nor retired enlisted men were included. Some of the old retired men who are no longer able to work are having rather a hard time of it financially, he says, and are still hopeful that Congress may yet remember them.

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ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

Established 1863.

Office, No. 20 Vesey Street, New York.
THE TITLE OF THIS PAPER IS REGISTERED IN THE U. S.
PATENT OFFICE.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1921.

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Domestic postage prepaid. Foreign postage \$1.50, Canada \$1.00 per annum, should be added to the subscription price. Remittances should be made by post-office order, express money order, draft or check on New York, made payable to W. C. & F. P. Church, or in cash if sent by registered mail. Checks or drafts on other localities than New York City are subject to a discount.

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Immediate notice should be given of any delay or failure in the receipt of the JOURNAL.

This newspaper is owned and published by W. C. & F. P. Church, a New York corporation; office and principal place of business, No. 20 Vesey street, New York; Willard Church, president and treasurer; A. M. Church, secretary. The address of the officers is the office of this newspaper.

ADDRESS LETTERS TO ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL,
20 VESSEY STREET, NEW YORK, N.Y. TO AVOID CON-
FUSION WITH OTHER PERIODICALS NOTE THAT THE
LAST WORD IN OUR TITLE IS JOURNAL.

THE SINGLE LIST FOR PROMOTION.

Misunderstanding as to Proposed Amendment.

There appears to be considerable misunderstanding in the references by correspondents to Sec. 24a, the Promotion List section of the Army Reorganization act, due no doubt to its somewhat complicated paragraphing and lettering. After the opening paragraph of the section, providing for the formation of the single list, there follow five "steps" in the formation of the single list, which are specified as 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th. Under the first step are paragraphs lettered (a), (b), (c) and (d); these specify certain classes of officers omitted in the general arrangement under the first step. The paragraph that follows thereafter (which is not lettered) specifies how these omitted officers shall be placed in the list.

The paragraph lettered (d) (in the first step) reads: "Former officers of the Regular Army or Philippine Scouts who have been reappointed in these forces and who are now below normally placed officers of less commissioned service than theirs." The following paragraph provides that "officers of Class (d) shall be placed on the list in the position that would normally be occupied by an officer of continuous service equal to the total active commissioned service of such officers in the Army."

Some communications we have received refer to (d) of Sec. 24a as the paragraph applying to junior officers to which these officers object and which it is desired to amend. This was particularly the case in the remarkable anonymous circular noted last week, which included a suggested amendment to "Sec. 24a—(d)."

As a matter of fact the paragraph lettered (d) under the first step is not the provision that is principally at issue. The provisions affecting the arrangement of junior officers are the "steps" numbered 3d and 4th in Sec. 24a. The third "step" provides that captains and lieutenants of the Regular Army and Philippine Scouts originally appointed since April 6, 1917, "shall be arranged among themselves according to commissioned service rendered prior to Nov. 11, 1918, and shall be placed at the foot of the list as prepared to this point." The fourth "step" provides that persons appointed as captains or lieutenants under Sec. 24 of the act (filling of vacancies) "shall be placed according to commissioned service rendered prior to Nov. 11, 1918, among the officers referred to in the next preceding clause" (the third step); and "where such commissioned service is equal officers now in the Regular Army shall precede persons to be appointed under the provisions of this act and the latter shall be arranged according to age."

McKellar Amendment Introduced at Present Session.

Even so experienced a legislator as Senator McKellar, in writing his proposed amendment, which is designed to bring relief to the junior officers who feel that they are unjustly placed on the list, selected "paragraph (d) of Sec. 24a" as the provision which he proposes to amend. He did not discover his error until it was pointed out to him by a representative of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL on April 18. His proposed amendment was introduced in the Senate on April 12, and it reads:

S. 371, Mr. McKellar: "Strike out the third clause of paragraph (d) of Sec. 24a and insert in its place the following: 'Third. All captains and lieutenants of the Regular Army and the Philippine Scouts shall be arranged on a single promotion list among themselves, in their respective grades, according to total length of commissioned service in the Army within the grade in which commissioned or a higher grade prior to July 1, 1920; provided, that where such total length of service within that grade is equal precedence shall be determined in sequence in order of age; provided further, that where ages are equal precedence shall then be determined by total length of commissioned service in the Army."

Senator McKellar said that he would reintroduce his amendment corrected and that he would insert in his amendment, in the third "step," as he proposes to amend it, after the words "shall be arranged on a single promotion list among themselves" the clause: "without regard to any promotions already made under the Army Reorganization act of June 4, 1920."

tion list among themselves" the clause: "without regard to any promotions already made under the Army Reorganization act of June 4, 1920."

Views of Members of Congress on Amendment.

The views of members of the Committees on Military Affairs were sought relative to amendment of Sec. 24a to bring about an adjustment which would meet, if possible, the ideas of those officers who came into the Regular Army under the provisions of the act of June 4, 1920. We present these statements in order to clarify the fog of misapprehension relative to this matter. All members of the committees are receiving numerous letters from captains and lieutenants and there is no doubt that some of these missives are defeating their own purpose since they are arousing the impatience of both Senators and Representatives, who deprecate the "propaganda" method adopted.

Chairman Wadsworth of the Senate committee said that his committee planned to hold hearings on the proposed McKellar amendment at which the junior officers would have every opportunity to present their views. He said that the matter would be threshed out thoroughly and it was his view that any inequality in the law does not affect more than 100 captains in the Service. The Senator was disinclined to discuss the matter, for it is well known that his idea is that the whole section relating to the promotion list was considered from every possible angle and the result was believed to be just to the great majority of the men who served in emergency commissions and who were to come into the Regular Army.

Senator Lenroot was agreeable to further investigation of the allegations of the complaining officers, but was not certain that the McKellar amendment would bring about the most satisfactory adjustment. He said the promotion list for the junior grades was arranged with due consideration to the service of each man, and that undoubtedly the board of review in many cases did not change the grade of a lieutenant, knowing that under the law such lieutenant of longer service would eventually make his captaincy and be in his proper place according to length of his commissioned service, hence while the lieutenant above the captain on the list is still a lieutenant, his grade would be adjusted as the list advanced; in fact, he agreed with the view that the whole list would "iron itself out" eventually. Certain individuals had undoubtedly suffered, he said, but he was of the opinion that the law in Sec. 24a, as to arranging the promotion list, was just to the majority of officers taken into the Regular Army under Sec. 24.

Senator McKellar said that his new amendment had to be changed inasmuch as it affected officers who had now been confirmed. He said that he stood on the same ground as taken by him on Feb. 28 when he spoke at length on his proposed amendment of the third step of Sec. 24a; and he was still convinced that a satisfactory adjustment could be reached. He indicated that he would continue his championing of those officers adversely affected by the operation of the law.

Senator New said that he had a score of letters of protest from Army captains and lieutenants, and while he thought there were instances where men entitled to the higher grade failed to get it, he did not think it advisable to amend Sec. 24a in order to have captains and lieutenants arranged among themselves according to grade. The McKellar amendment, in his opinion, would not bring about a satisfactory adjustment, and he did not think that any like amendment would receive attention at this extraordinary session of Congress, nor that any other amendments to the act of June 4, 1920, are likely to be adopted at this session. Senator New said: "To sum the matter up, I feel there have been instances under the present law where injustices have been done to individuals. Where there are exceptions of this kind I would be glad to have these injustices remedied; but, having said this, I feel that the single list plan, as provided under Sec. 24a, is just and provides the most equitable method of regulating promotions. In my opinion there can be no revision which will not work injustices in some individual cases."

Chairman Kahn of the House Committee on Military Affairs emphasized the fact that the Congress had worked long and diligently to write a law which would be of the greatest good to the greatest number, but if there were inequalities which could be adjusted without endangering the act of June 4, 1920, he was ready to be convinced. While Mr. Kahn did not make a definite statement relative to the probability of his committee holding hearings on the matter, it was learned that the sentiment of his committeemen was adverse to holding hearings.

Representative Hull said that he had confidence in the work of the committee in writing the act, and that he realized that in making a single promotion list there were many complications to be smoothed out. He believed that the long and intensive consideration of this portion of the act had resulted in provisions which did ample justice to the greater number of officers who would come into the Army. It was his opinion that the McKellar amendment would tear down the structure completely, and while there might be a few men justly aggrieved, this amendment would be no cure, and that any change might prove of greater harm than to allow the law to stand as it is.

Representative Miller said the law was salutary, and that all the points involved in the promotion list had been threshed out in the committee to the point of exhaustion. He added: "There is no reason to believe, just because one man was recommended to be a captain, that another who was recommended to be a lieutenant was not just as capable as the man who got his captaincy. They were both on a par as to service and perhaps both had about the same degree of education, and I can see no reason why a man should be so jealous of rank when commissioned service during the war was so nearly equal. Neither can I see the justice of a man who served in the enlisted ranks of the old Regular Army believing that he should outrank an emergency officer because of his past experience as an enlisted man. It is possible that a little amendment, however, would right the wrong, if it can be shown, that a wrong has been done."

Representative McKenzie said that he had been importuned by second lieutenants who graduated from West Point ahead of their time in order to serve in the war to grant them credit for their whole service, even since Nov. 11, 1918. He said he could not see that they had a leg to stand on in their protest against being outranked by emergency officers. He said that the matter of the promotion list was not gone into by the House Committee on Military Affairs with its eyes shut, but that the work was done with the utmost care and no point arose but what was given long thought and discussed exhaustively. He said that the "propaganda" of letter writing was doing the Army more harm than good, and that he knew if this question came to the floor of the House that the new members of Congress, particularly,

would in all probability attack the law. He believed that the result would be a rearrangement of the law on promotion which would be extremely disappointing to the Regular Army and have a tendency to shake morale to its foundation.

Representative Greene said that his views were so well known that discussion was superfluous. He had not altered his stand whatsoever and he believed absolutely that the law was just as it stands. He reiterated the statement that the committee had given the profoundest study to every incident intruding in the writing of Sec. 24a, and said he had little patience with those officers who were assaulting it. The McKellar amendment, in his view, would make for greater confusion, rather than to clarify the situation. These new officers, he pointed out, should remember that they were attaining, after a few months of service, ranks that Regular officers in the old Army sometimes did not attain in fifteen years. They forgot that this arrangement was not only for the present time, but for the future, that the Congress had formed an institution in the single list which would eventually straighten out what little inequalities there might be in the beginning; and he believed that there was no reason for this show of impatience manifesting itself in agitation and in the flood of letters of protest aimed to change the law before it had a genuine opportunity to function.

Mr. Greene referred to his previous statements on the subject, and said that if the "third" and "fourth" steps of Sec. 24a were read it was made plain that these emergency officers taken into the second part of the single list were to be arranged, not by grades, but among the Regulars already on that list and who had already been rearranged "among themselves," not by grades, but "according to commissioned service rendered prior to Nov. 11, 1918." He added that on such a basis the two groups could instantly blend and intermingle without any arbitrary provisions or the creation of any constructive service reckoning at all, because the service of the two groups was all performed in the same period. If the young Regular officers were to line up among themselves according to their relative seniority, it was only fair that the emergency officers who were to come into the second part of the list with them should do the same thing among themselves.

Other members of both committees acknowledged that they were receiving showers of communications relative to the matter of the standing of captains and lieutenants on the promotion list and had also received copies of the anonymous printed circular referred to in our issue of April 16, page 901. There appeared to be little approval of this method adopted by and in behalf of those officers who feel they have a grievance. One comment was offered that those responsible for the circulation of letters and circulars should be made better acquainted with the provision of Paragraph 5, Article I, Army Regulations, which reads: "Efforts to influence legislation affecting the Army, or to procure personal favor or consideration, should never be made except through regular military channels; adoption of any other method by any officer or enlisted man will be noted in the military record of those concerned."

PROMOTION—AND A PROTEST.

Single list for promotion comment by members of Congress is noted at some length on this page, and by General Haan on page 922, but we have not space this week for extracts from the numerous letters on the subject we receive. By the way, let us here remark that even an editor will turn when trod on, like a barrel hoop or the traditional worm. We hereby do so, being somewhat tired of occupying the position of Mr. Pickwick between the carpet bag and the poker. The junior officers, some of them, have scolded us enthusiastically for failing to print everything they send advocating promotion list amendment, to the extent of twice the number of pages we have per issue. Now comes an Army officer who is quite violent because we have at all presented the case of those who wish the promotion law amended. He considers the comments of the would-be amenders as "insulting, false," and a detriment to his career; and threatens to stop his subscription if any more such "attacks on the provisional classes of 1917" appear. This is 2 match, as Artemus Ward remarked. We have endeavored to give a fair presentation of Service opinion on the subject of the promotion list, and we shall continue to do so where in our judgment it is of benefit to the Service and of interest to our readers, and within the limitations of space available, only. And the principal factors in deciding whether and how much of a comment appears are going to be space available and whether in our opinion it will interest our readers, as heretofore. We are running a newspaper, not a propaganda sheet, and our view is that we can best serve the Services, which has been our collective endeavor for nearly sixty years, by adhering to that idea.

TRANSFER OF RESERVE OFFICERS.

The immediate transfer to their proper sections of the Reserve Corps of all officers heretofore appointed in any section specifically for duty in another branch of the Service has been directed by the Secretary of War. The classification of all such officers will be accomplished by the chief of the branch to which they are transferred, but transfers will be without change of grade or date of appointment. New commissions will be sent to officers transferred, accompanied by a letter informing them of the reason of transfer and giving them opportunity, should they object to service under the new commissions, to apply for retransfer to the branch in which formerly commissioned, or to some other branch of the Officers' Reserve Corps.

MIDSHIPMEN'S PRACTICE CRUISE.

The cruise of the midshipmen of the U.S. Naval Academy (except the Second Class) for the summer of 1921 for practice will begin on June 4, when the ships assigned to the cruise will leave Annapolis and proceed by way of the Azores and north of Scotland to Christiania, Norway, arriving June 23. The midshipmen will leave that port on July 7 for Lisbon, Portugal, where they are due July 14. Leaving Lisbon on July 23, they will touch at Gibraltar on July 30, remaining until Aug. 4, proceeding thence to Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, arriving Aug. 19. Leaving the Cuba base on Aug. 23, their arrival is scheduled at Annapolis for Aug. 29. The itinerary is based on an assumed average speed between ports of about ten knots. No target practice will be held on this cruise.

RETIREMENTS.

Rear Admiral George E. Burd, U.S.N., at present on duty at the navy yard, New York, as engineer officer, will retire for age April 27, 1921. He is an additional number in his grade, and his retirement will cause no promotions. He was born in Maine April 27, 1857, and was appointed a cadet engineer at the U.S.N.A., Oct. 1, 1874, graduating in 1878. He became rear admiral Aug. 29, 1916. Admiral Burd has had eighteen years of sea service and over twenty-seven years of shore duty. He was assigned to the navy yard, New York, May 26, 1910, from Boston, where he had been on duty at the navy yard as engineer. As industrial manager of the Brooklyn Navy Yard Rear Admiral Burd has been in active charge of all manufacturing, repair and construction work carried on in that reservation, and during the World War his jurisdiction was extended to all Government work done in private plants in the Port of New York. Some of the more important activities he had to deal with as industrial manager included building the Mexico, the pioneer electric-driven battleship, commissioned in 1918; building and installing the first Diesel-driven naval auxiliary engines produced in the Brooklyn Navy Yard; building the Florida, the first turbine-driven battleship. One of the biggest problems he played an active part in was the getting ready of the Leviathan at Hoboken as a troop transport after her engines and boilers had been damaged by her former German crew. Part of the sea service of Admiral Burd was as fleet engineer, under the late Rear Admiral R. D. Evans. He is a fine musician and is also an amateur artist, having painted several works of merit in his younger days. Admiral Burd and his family will move into an apartment hotel after he retires, where they will remain until about July 1, when his daughter, Mrs. Ethel Luck, who is taking a special course at Columbia, is graduated. She is a graduate nurse and a pianist of ability. With his wife, and possibly his son, Woodbury, both of whom are musicians, Admiral Burd will move to Seattle, Wash., near his other son, Edward, to live on a farm.

First Lieut. Carl H. Graf, Med. Corps, U.S.A., was retired from active service April 12, 1921, with rank of captain, to date from Jan. 17, 1921, for disability incident to the service. Captain Graf, who has been under treatment in Denver, Colo., was commissioned first lieutenant in the Medical Corps of the Regular Army Oct. 17, 1919.

First Lieut. James H. Lyman, Q.M. Corps, U.S.A., was on April 18, 1921, retired from active service on account of disability incident thereto. He formerly served as an emergency officer during the World War and his home address is Herndon, Va.

RECENT DEATHS.

Major Paul Kimball Johnson, Inf., U.S.A., died as the result of an automobile accident near Camp Benning, Ga., on April 11, 1921. In attempting to give as much room as possible to two other cars which were occupying all but a narrow portion of the road, Major Johnson stopped his car on the edge of a ten-foot embankment which caved, and the car rolled down the bank turning over completely and crushing Major Johnson beneath it. Major John H. Hester, Inf., U.S.A., who was riding with Major Johnson, miraculously escaped with only a bruise on his right shoulder. Major Johnson had been on duty as a student in the Field Officers' Class at the Infantry School at Camp Benning since Nov. 1, 1920. "His keen mentality and pleasant smile," writes an officer, "won him a most enviable place in the hearts of his classmates. At Camp Benning, just as at every other post at which he has served, Major Johnson has been noticeable for his strict sense of duty, his adherence to the highest standards and his absolute moral cleanliness. 'Johnny's' most noticeable attribute was his ever present cheerfulness and this is the quality for which he will be best remembered by his many friends. Officers who have served with him and enlisted men who have served under his command will always remember him for his humanness, his justice, his unselfishness, his care in respecting the rights of others and his ability to accomplish work. The Army and the country have lost a gentleman of the highest standards, and an officer of marked ability and efficiency. Major Johnson was born in Triangle, N.Y., on Feb. 11, 1887. He was graduated from Lehigh University in 1911, appointed second lieutenant of Infantry on April 24, 1912, and assigned to the 6th Infantry. Major Johnson's service included duty with the 6th Infantry, 13th Infantry, 44th Infantry, extensive mapping duty in the Philippines, service as an instructor at the officers' training camp at Camp Pike, Ark., duty as an instructor at the Infantry Officers' School at Camp Lee, Va., duty in the Personnel Branch, Operations Division, General Staff, Washington, and duty with the 46th Infantry. Following a simple and impressive service the body was escorted to the Columbus, Ga., railroad station by the field officers' class and a battalion of the 29th Infantry. The funeral will be held at the home of Major Johnson's parents in Oxford, N.Y. Major Johnson was not married. He is survived by his parents, Dr. and Mrs. George D. Johnson, of Oxford, N.Y., and a brother, Dr. Franklin Johnson, of Plainfield, N.J., who is an officer in the Medical Reserve Corps. Col. W. H. Gordon, commanding at Camp Benning, in G.O. 22 announcing the death of Major Johnson says in concluding the order: "He was an officer of unusual worth and ability. Aside from the highest qualities of professional attainment, he possessed the qualities of a high sense of duty, and cheerfulness under all conditions. His untimely death is an irreparable loss to his many personal friends and the Army has been deprived of a most valuable officer and gentleman. The keenest sympathy of the entire command goes forth to his bereaved parents and relatives."

The body of the late Major Alfred King, Field Art., U.S.A., who was killed in action on Nov. 10, 1918, near Lanenville, France, while inspecting the supply of ammunition of the 89th Division, 5th Army Corps, arrived in Painesville, Ohio, March 31, 1921. Brief funeral services were held in the First Congregational Church. All military honors were accorded the burial of the body, which took place in Evergreen Cemetery. Major King was born in Geneva, Ohio, Feb. 7, 1892, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A., June 13, 1916, and was assigned to the Field Artillery. Major King's mother, Dr. Gertude King, recently moved from Painesville to Geneva to make her home.

Capt. Stanley Marion Landry, U.S. Coast Guard, retired, died at Detroit, Mich., April 14, 1921. He was born in Indiana March 2, 1861, and was commissioned

in the old Revenue Cutter Service July 28, 1888. During his active duty he served north and south of Cape Hatteras, on the Great Lakes, in Alaskan waters and elsewhere in the Pacific, and in the Life-Saving Service.

First Lieut. James Joseph Langin, Air Ser., U.S.A., while flying an S.E.-5 at Bolling Field on the morning of April 15, 1921, at about 10:30 a.m., crashed to the earth and was burned to death. He was one of the best fliers at Bolling Field and was summary court officer at that station and adjutant of the 99th Aero Squadron. He was also in charge of the Washington end of the Washington-Dayton model air way. Lieutenant Langin was appointed a second lieutenant in the Air Service, Regular Army, Nov. 26, 1920, and was promoted to first lieutenant on March 18, 1921. He was born on Jan. 27, 1895, at Neola, Iowa. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. J. L. Langin, of Neola, Iowa. He was a ranchman before entering the Service. His military record follows: Lieutenant Langin enlisted in Co. B, 4th Neb. Inf., Dec. 29, 1914, and served on the Mexican border. He enlisted in Co. B, 109th Engrs., July 27, 1917, and was transferred as private, first class, to Aviation Section, Signal Corps. He was graduated from the School of Military Aeronautics, Austin, Texas, May 18, 1918, and served at Camp Dick, Dallas, Texas, and Scott Field, Belleville, Ill., and was commissioned second lieutenant (Reserve military aviator), Air Service, Aeronautics, Sept. 14, 1918. At Langley Field, Hampton, Va., he completed a course for Army Corps pilots, Oct. 26, with sixteen hours flying. At Taliaferro Field, Hicks, Texas, he completed a course in aerial gunnery, Dec. 7, with twenty-one hours flying.

Mrs. Anna Rockwell Chaffee, widow of Lieut. Gen. Adna R. Chaffee, U.S.A., died April 15, 1921, in a hospital at Philadelphia, Pa. Mrs. Chaffee had been living with her daughter, Mrs. Helen Chaffee Howard, at Wayne, Pa., some years. Mrs. Chaffee had lived in many places, both in America and in foreign countries. Besides Mrs. Howard she is survived by another daughter, Mrs. George F. Hamilton, wife of Col. George F. Hamilton, U.S.A., and a son, Major Adna R. Chaffee, Cav., U.S.A., of Fort McPherson, Ga. Interment was in Arlington National Cemetery, Va. Lieutenant General Chaffee died Nov. 1, 1914.

Mrs. Katherine Bogert Roe, wife of Major Gen. Charles F. Roe, former commander of the New York National Guard, and a former Cavalry officer of the Regular Army in which he served during the seventies and eighties, died at her home, 35 East 37th street, New York city, April 15, 1921, of heart disease following a month's illness of pneumonia. Mrs. Roe was born in New York city fifty-eight years ago, the daughter of John Banta Bogert, a hardware merchant, and was married to General Roe in July, 1874. She saw a great deal of old Army life at frontier posts, where her husband was stationed, and she was an expert equestrienne. Mrs. Roe was most highly esteemed by all who knew her; she was a kind, considerate and charitable woman, and her death will be sincerely mourned by many. She never lost her interest in Army affairs, was a very active worker in the Army Relief Society up to the time of her death and was president of the New York Branch No. 1 of the society. A special meeting of the New York Branch was held on April 20, at which resolutions were passed on the death of Mrs. Roe. Mrs. Roe was a member of the Daughters of Holland Dames, the Colonial Dames, the Daughters of the Revolution, and of the Huguenot Society of America. Funeral services were held in St. Thomas's Church, New York city, April 18, and were largely attended. She is survived by General Roe, two unmarried sisters, who live in Bozeman, Mont.; a daughter, Mrs. Prescott Slade, and two grandchildren, Miss Katherine Slade and Charles F. Roe Slade.

Frances Edgerton Nelson, who died suddenly April 8, 1921, at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D.C., where she had been a patient for two months as the result of an accident while visiting her daughter Mrs. William E. Gilmore at Chevy Chase, D.C., was the widow of Capt. George Nelson, U.S.V., who served with distinction throughout the Civil War in the 12th Indiana Volunteer Infantry. Her children, all living, are Mrs. Mary E. N. Borden, of Worcester, Mass.; Mrs. George C. Buntin, of Terre Haute, Ind.; Mrs. Florence N. Gilmore, wife of Col. William E. Gilmore, Air Ser., U.S.A. The grandchildren are Mrs. Charles L. Hinsch, of Piqua, Ohio; Mrs. Frances Borden Hayes, deceased, wife of Lieut. Col. Edward S. Hayes, U.S.A., retired; Esther Wallace Borden, deceased; Martha Locke Huntington, wife of Capt. Frederick W. Huntington, Inf., U.S.A., on duty at Cornell University; Shannon D. Buntin, Terre Haute, Ind., and William Nelson Gilmore, who entered the U.S.M.A. in July. The great-grandchildren are Thomas Hogan Hayes and Margaret Ann Hinsch. Mrs. Nelson's sisters and brothers are Mrs. Helen Edgerton Rumsey, widow of Lieut. Comdr. Henry B. Rumsey, U.S.N., and mother of Ensign Harry E. Rumsey, U.S.N., deceased; Edward C. Edgerton, class of 1870, U.S.M.A.; Miss Clara Edgerton and Mr. Clement W. Edgerton, of Fort Wayne, Ind., and Washington, D.C.; Mrs. Grace Edgerton Morris, wife of Col. Edward R. Morris, surgeon, U.S.A., retired, and Josephine Edgerton Martin, wife of Col. William F. Martin, U.S. Inf. Mrs. Nelson having frequently visited her children, grandchildren and sister at various Army stations throughout the United States, was widely known in Army circles, where her death will be keenly felt.

Charles Sumner Burt, class of 1880, U.S. Military Academy, died April 11, 1921, at Ann Arbor, Mich., aged sixty-three. He was honorably discharged at his own request on the day of his graduation and had no subsequent military service. He was graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School at Yale in 1881; was chemist for the Midvale Steel Works in 1882; was superintendent of blast furnaces in Michigan to 1890, and was in business in Chicago to 1911, when he retired. Since 1913 he resided at Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Margaret Warfield Dorsey Woods, wife of Comdr. Robert H. Woods, U.S.N., died at Ellicott City, Md., April 18, 1921.

Justice Charles E. Blydenburgh, of the Supreme Court of Wyoming, who died at Cheyenne, April 17, 1921, in his sixty-eighth year, was famous as a rifle shot in the early days at Creedmoor. In the famous international long range rifle match for the championship of the world, shot at Creedmoor Sept. 13 and 14, 1877, between American and British teams Justice Blydenburgh made the highest aggregate score on the American team, viz., 429 points out of a possible 450, at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards. The American team won by a majority of ninety-two points. The match was open to eight men on a side, each man firing fifteen shots at each range on the first and second days, a total of thirty shots at each range on both days. Justice Blydenburgh was born in Brooklyn, N.Y., in 1854, gained academic degrees at Princeton and a M.E. at Princeton, and then moved to Wyoming in 1878 to take charge of the territorial assay

office. He began the practice of law in 1879, and took his place on the Supreme Court bench in 1917. He married in 1894 Miss Isabel Cannon, of Rawlins.

Mrs. Albert E. Gillespie, of 2633 Green street, San Francisco, Calif., wife of Mr. A. E. Gillespie, beloved daughter of Major Lewis Merriam, U.S.A., and Mrs. Merriam, died suddenly on April 10, 1921, at San Francisco, Calif. She was the sister of Col. Henry Clay Merriam, Coast Art., U.S.A., stationed at Camp Eustis, Va., and Lewis Merriam, Jr., of Los Angeles.

Gen. Sir John Steven Cowans, British army, quartermaster general from 1912 to 1919 and a member of the British army council during the World War, died at Mentone, France, April 16, 1921, in his fifty-ninth year. General Cowans entered the army in 1881. He attained the rank of general in 1919, having made a brilliant record as organizer of supplies in the war. He served in India for the greater part of his military life and later, among other duties, on Kitchener's staff.

Little Edythe Dudley Young, only child of ex-Major Harold W. Young, U.S.A., and Mrs. Young, died April 14, 1921, at Good Samaritan Hospital, Portland, Ore., after a skillful operation undertaken to relieve her physical suffering. Funeral services were held at the home, 675 Overton street, April 15, by the Rev. A. A. Morrison. Mr. Young served in the World War as a captain, 18th Railway Engineers, and was afterwards given his majority and also a citation for valuable work in the advanced sector in Lorraine. He is the only son of the late Col. George S. Young, U.S.A.

CASUALTY IN A.F. IN GERMANY.

Frank Keeley, sergeant, Co. A, 8th Inf., died April 10, 1921, at Coblenz, Germany. Home address, 2559 West Dodier street, St. Louis, Mo.

SERVICE WEDDINGS.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Smith announce the marriage of their daughter, Hilda Kathryn, to Lieut. Col. Charles Frederick Andrews, U.S. Inf., on April 14, 1921, at Little Rock, Ark.

Major Horace S. Villars, Med. Corps, U.S.A., and Miss Alice E. Stacy, of Minneapolis and New York, were married in Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, New York city, on Feb. 11, 1921, the Rev. Frederick Brown Harris performing the ceremony. Prof. Anders Orbick, of Missoula, Mont., was best man and Miss Charlotte Stacy, sister of the bride, was the bridesmaid. After the ceremony the wedding supper was served at the Stockton. After spending a few days in New York city Major and Mrs. Villars made an extended trip West, visiting friends and relatives in Chicago and Evanston, Ill.; Madison, Wis.; Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minn.; Denver and Colorado Springs, Colo.; Los Angeles and Ojai, Calif., returning by the southern route via Grand Canyon to Washington, where they are at home in Clifton Terrace South. Major Villars assumed his duties at Walter Reed General Hospital April 10. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank N. Stacy, of Minneapolis and New York. The bridegroom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. U. S. Villars, who are now in service of the American Red Cross at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo.

Major Francis J. Dunigan, Field Art., U.S.A., stationed at Camp Lewis, Wash., and Miss Miriam House, daughter of Mrs. Mansfield House, of Philadelphia, Pa., were married at St. James Church on April 12, 1921. The bride was attended by Miss Ethel Donaghue as maid of honor, and by the following bridesmaids, Miss Dorothy Mortamore, Miss Jeanne Watson, Miss Frances Steele, Miss Ellen Steele. The bridegroom was attended by Major W. P. Cherrington, C.A.C., as best man and by the following ushers: Majors R. L. Spragins, Inf., W. W. Hess, Jr., A. W. Waldron and Capt. S. White, U.S.A. The wedding was a military one and was largely attended by Philadelphia society. After the wedding a brilliant reception at the Hamilton Court Apartments was held for all the guests.

Major Monson Morris, late U.S.A., and N.Y.N.G., and Miss Edith M. Kohlsaat were married in New York city April 19, 1921, at St. Bartholomew's Church by the Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks. Miss Kohlsaat was attended by her sister, Miss Amy M. Kohlsaat, with whom the bride has lived since the death of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kohlsaat. Major Harris served in the war with Spain in the 12th N.Y. Volunteers, and in the World War he served in France with the 115th Infantry, U.S.A., 29th Division. Major Morris, who was a widower, has been residing with his sister, Mrs. Nelson B. Burr, wife of Colonel Burr, 12th Inf., N.Y. Guard. After their honeymoon Major and Mrs. Morris will spend the summer at Oyster Bay.

A wedding of interest in Columbia, S.C., was that of Miss Ethel Thompson to Capt. Hugh C. Parker, 61st Inf., U.S.A. The ceremony took place April 9, 1921, in the study of Rev. Carlyle, pastor of Washington Street Methodist Church, in the presence of a few friends from Camp Jackson. Miss Thompson is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Thompson, of Martinsburg, W. Va., and a graduate of Hollins College. She is an accomplished musician, having been schooled in vocal and instrumental music at the Peabody Conservatory of Music, Baltimore. Miss Thompson has been on a visit to Camp Jackson as the guest of Capt. Fred W. Adams and Mrs. Adams and Capt. W. A. Rawls and Mrs. Rawls, of the 61st Infantry. Captain Parker has been stationed at Camp Jackson only a short time. He is a graduate of William and Mary College, and served through the World War in the 80th Division as a lieutenant of Infantry, and is the holder of the Distinguished Service Cross for gallantry in action. Capt. and Mrs. Parker after a brief visit to the home of the bride's parents and to points North will return to Camp Jackson.

Capt. Henry T. Morrison, Air Ser., U.S.A., and Miss Janet Merwin Gray, of Hartford, Conn., were married at Riverside, Calif., recently. The ceremony took place in the music room of the Glenwood Mission Inn, and the Rev. R. A. Kirchhoffer, rector of All Saints Episcopal Church, performed the ceremony in the presence of a few relatives and friends. Decorations were effective in their simplicity and dignity, stately Easter lilies, long branches of roses, and masses of palms and potted ferns lending their beauty for the occasion. The ushers were Major George H. Peabody, Capt. G. S. Little, Lieuts. C. R. Melin and Earl Tonkin. Capt. Francis Brady acted as best man. Miss Elizabeth Way, of Hartford, served as maid of honor. Miss Gray, who was given away by her mother, wore a gown of lustrous ivory white satin with draped skirt over which fell cascades of rare Duchesse and point lace. The bodice was of chiffon and real lace while her veil was caught in her hair with a

coronet of point lace and fell in misty folds to the hem of her court train. Her veil was fastened at intervals with sprays of orange blossoms, and she carried an arm bouquet of bride's white orchids and valley lilies with shower of orange blossoms. A reception followed the ceremony. Capt. and Mrs. Morrison left on a month's honeymoon, from which they will return to Riverside, where Captain Morrison is stationed at March Field.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Titcomb, of Nogales, Ariz., announce the marriage of their daughter, Georgia, to Capt. Joseph Williams McCall, U.S.A., on April 20, 1921. The young couple will be at home after May 10 at Camp Stephen Little, Nogales, Ariz.

Miss Elizabeth Fechteler, daughter of Rear Admiral Augustus F. Fechteler, U.S.N., commanding the 5th Naval District with headquarters at Norfolk, Va., was married at the home of the Admiral on April 20, 1921, to ex-Lieut. John Vernon Manners, U.S.N.R.F., son of Dr. and Mrs. William Sutton Manners, of Montclair, N.J. Admiral Fechteler has been seriously ill for a month and his condition is such that his physician forbade him leaving his bed. Despite his illness he gave his daughter in marriage. The ceremony was performed by Chaplain H. M. T. Pearce, U.S.N. The bride was attended by her two sisters, Mrs. Herbert E. Kays and Miss Amy Fechteler. Lieut. W. M. Fellers, U.S.N., was best man. After a wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Manners will make their home in New York. Lieutenant Manners served as an aviator in the U.S.N.R.F. during the World War.

The marriage of Miss Anna Louise Kittelle, daughter of Capt. Sumner E. W. Kittelle, U.S.N., and Mrs. Kittelle, to Lieut. Comdr. Charles J. Moore, U.S.N., took place April 16, 1921, at the Church of the New Jerusalem, Washington, D.C., Rev. Paul Sterry officiating. Owing to the fact that the date of the wedding was advanced the reception following the ceremony was informal, with only relatives and close friends present. The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore a wedding gown of white brocaded Chinese crepe made on straight lines with slight draperies on the skirt. The long court train was fashioned of crepe and lace, and the veil was of handsome Brussels and old rose point lace, which has been in the family for over a hundred years. The rose point lace formed the cap for the veil, falling in points on the side and tiny clusters of orange blossoms were caught here and there around the face. She carried a shower bouquet of bride roses and lilies of the valley, and her only ornament was a beautiful old gold locket, studded with diamonds, which belonged to her grandmother. Miss Mary Kittelle, sister of the bride, was her only attendant and wore a dainty frock of pink organdie made long waisted, the only trimming being horizontal tucks on the skirt. Her picture hat of leghorn and straw organdie to match was trimmed with flowers of organdie and streamers of lavender ribbon. She carried an armful of sunburst roses. Lieut. Comdr. Frank C. McChord was best man, and the ushers included Lieut. Comdr. Alfred S. Wolfe, William J. Butler, Frederick G. Reinicke and Webb Trammell, U.S.N. Wild flowers, palms and greens formed the decorations in the church. During the reception Commander Moore and his bride left for a wedding trip and will be at home temporarily at 1316 New Hampshire avenue, Washington. Among the guests from out of town at the wedding were Rear Admiral and Mrs. C. B. T. Moore, of Decatur, Ill., parents of the bridegroom; Miss Margaret Baxter, of Philadelphia, and Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McEwen, of Lansdowne, Pa. Capt. and Mrs. Kittelle and the rest of their family left April 20 for the Virgin Islands, where Captain Kittelle will assume duties as governor of the islands.

A charming wedding took place on the evening of April 19, 1921, at Fort Wood, Bedloe's Island, N.Y., when Miss Marion Joyce Sutton, the daughter of Major Edward Johnson Abbott, Med. Corps, U.S.A., and Mrs. Abbott, and Mr. Glenn Sutton, of Chicago, were married. The ceremony took place at the quarters of Major Abbott and was performed by the Rev. Dr. Smith, chaplain of Governors Island. Miss Abbott, a graduate of Simmons College, has been until lately the head of the readers' department of the school of education, library department, University of Chicago. The bridegroom, a graduate of Cornell University, is the president and treasurer of the Petroleum Magazine, Chicago. The bridesmaids, in taffetas of pastel shades and carrying bouquets of sweet peas, formed a rainbow escort to the bride as she entered the drawing room with her father. The matron of honor was Mrs. Byron Allen, of Amsterdam, N.Y.; the maid of honor was Miss Esther Sutton, sister of the groom, from Dansville, N.Y.; the bridesmaids were Miss Mildred Powell, of Boston; Miss Marabelle Ferguson, of Chicago, and Miss Catherine Harvey, of Chicago. Mr. Park J. Larmon was best man, and the ushers were Captain Glenn and Lieutenant Paddock, of Fort Wood. The bride wore a gown of white satin, court train, and a tulle veil with orange blossoms. The music, including the wedding marches and incidental music, was furnished by an orchestra from the 22d Infantry band, Fort Jay. The house was beautifully decorated with smilax and jonquils in a green and yellow color scheme and the collation was served by Fowler, of New York. Major and Mrs. Abbott had a house party from Saturday of last week of the bridesmaids, who are remaining as their guests for the remainder of this week. On Sunday their house party included nearly twenty guests. Major Abbott, the father of the bride, at the beginning of the World War served in France from July, 1918, till May, 1919. He has been on duty at Fort Wood since December, 1920. Mr. and Mrs. Sutton, after their wedding tour, will return to Fort Wood for a brief visit and will make their home in Chicago. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Sutton, the parents of the groom and a large party of friends from New York, including Dr. and Mrs. Ziegler, of New York, and guests from Syracuse.

Lieut. Morton Loomis Ring, Supply Corps, U.S.N., and Miss Katharine Virginia Lewis, youngest daughter of Mrs. Henrietta and the late William W. Lewis, of Washington, were married at the Calverton, Washington, D.C., on April 16, 1921, the Rev. Father Gavin performing the ceremony. The bride wore a girlish frock of white satin, a tulle veil suspended from a coronet of rare lace forming the train. Her shower bouquet was of bride roses, lilies of the valley and orchids. The apartment was charmingly decorated with palms, hydrangeas, pink roses and pink sweet peas. The bride entered on the arm of her sister, Mrs. D. W. Baker, who gave her in marriage. The maid of honor was Miss Marguerite Lewis, and the best man was Mr. Frederick Sewall Bale, of New York city, cousin of the bridegroom. The wedding breakfast was served immediately after the ceremony. The groom is the son of Commo. James A. Ring, U.S.N., and Mrs. Ring, and a brother of Madan. S. C. Ring, U.S.N.A., '23. His sisters are Miss Marie Ring, of Constantinople College, Constantinople, Tur-

key, and Miss Priscilla Allison Ring, of Washington. Lieut. and Mrs. Ring will reside in Washington on their return, he being on duty at the Washington yard.

Lieut. Lawrence P. Hickey, Air Ser., U.S.A., and Miss Eva Hoole Macmanus, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Macmanus, of Houston, Texas, were married at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament in Los Angeles, Calif., on April 8, 1921, Rev. Father Daniel Stack officiating. The bride was given away by her uncle, Willis L. Rebards, and was attended by her aunt, Mrs. Rebards, Frank P. Moret, of New Orleans, La., a college chum of the bridegroom, was best man.

Lieut. Gustave B. Guenther, U.S.A., and Miss Helen Kott were married at the Union Church in Manila March 4, 1921, Rev. O. L. Richmond officiating. The ceremony was performed shortly after the arrival of Miss Kott on the transport Thomas, and only a few intimate friends were present. The bride was smartly dressed in an embroidered pongee frock with hat to match and carried bouquet of white Cadena de Amour and bride's rosebuds. Col. Charles D. Rhodes, U.S.A., gave the bride away. Mrs. Charles D. Rhodes was matron of honor and her only attendant. Lieut. Erskine A. Franklin, U.S.A., was best man. The church was prettily decorated with potted plants and cut flowers. Immediately after the ceremony an elaborate luncheon was served to the bridal party in the rose dining room at the Army and Navy Club. Those present were Lieut. and Mrs. Gustave B. Guenther, Col. and Mrs. Charles D. Rhodes, Major and Mrs. Alexander L. P. Johnson, Lieut. and Mrs. Harold D. Gibson, Lieut. and Mrs. Roland A. Isker, Lieut. Erskine A. Franklin and Mr. Fred Pinckney. The table was beautifully decorated with bride's roses and a large wedding bell of roses swung gracefully above from which festoons of white Cadena de Amour radiated to each place. After the luncheon the party returned to Camp Stotsenburg, where Lieutenant Guenther is stationed with the 9th Cavalry. The bride is well known in Army circles in the States. She belongs to a prominent San Antonio family. The bridegroom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. G. Guenther, of Chilton, Wis., and has many friends both among Army people and civilians. Lieut. and Mrs. Guenther left for Baguio, to remain until March 15, when they were to sail on the U.S.A. transport Thomas for Japan, China, Manchuria and Korea.

Col. William F. H. Godson, Cav., U.S.A., military attaché at Berne, Switzerland, and Mrs. Godson announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Annis Godson, to Capt. Grover C. Rippetoe, 2d Inf., U.S.A. The wedding will take place in June. Captain Rippetoe served through the war with the 1st Division in France and received the Distinguished Service Cross and the Croix de Guerre.

Severyn B. Sharpe, of 31 East 39th street, New York city, and Kingston, N.Y., has announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Katherine Sharpe, niece of Major Gen. Henry G. Sharpe, U.S.A., to Albro Newton Dana, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Guyot Dana, of Lawrence, L.I. Miss Sharpe was graduated from Miss Chapin's School two years ago. Mr. Dana during the war was a lieutenant of Field Artillery. He was graduated from Yale, class of '20, and is now in business in Providence, R.I.

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Foster, of Tacoma, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen Foster, to Capt. James M. Garrett, Jr., Field Art., U.S.A., assistant A.O. of S. operations, of the 4th Division. It is expected that the wedding will take place at an early date. A tea in honor of the announcement was given at the Camp Lewis Officers' Club, by Mrs. E. M. Peixotto and other friends of Miss Foster.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Fuller, of 99 Claremont avenue, New York city, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Frances Higginson Fuller, a niece of Rear Admiral F. J. Higginson, U.S.N., to Lawrence Victor Smith, a son of Dr. Charles N. Smith, of Toledo, Ohio. Miss Fuller was graduated from Bryn Mawr in 1919. Mr. Smith was a member of the 1918 class, Cornell, and was an ensign in the U.S. Navy during the war.

At a beautiful tea given at her home in San Francisco recently in honor of Miss Gertrude Mitchell, Miss Katherine Stoney surprised her friends by the announcement of her engagement to Ensign Burns Macdonald, U.S.N. Miss Stoney is a sister of Mrs. Marshall B. Arnold, wife of Lieutenant Arnold. Lieutenant Macdonald is attached to the Wyoming, now at San Pedro.

Mr. and Mrs. Halsey W. Allen, of Redlands, Calif., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Sylvia Willard Allen, and Ernest R. Tilton, Jr., son of Col. Ernest R. Tilton, U.S.A., and Mrs. Tilton.

Pharm. J. W. Wood, U.S.N., retired, and Mrs. Wood announce the engagement of their daughter, Dorothy Thompson, to Instructor Edward R. C. Miles, of the U.S. Naval Academy. Instructor Miles is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas R. Miles, of Atlanta, Ga. The wedding is to take place in June.

Mr. and Mrs. Ricardo de Villafranca, of 189 Claremont avenue, New York city, announce the engagement of their daughter, Ethel Gloria, to Capt. Jefferson Kinney, U.S.A. No date has been set for the wedding.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Marian Macklin, of Brookline, Mass., daughter of Mrs. G. A. L'Indie, of Detroit, to Lieut. Thomas Cross Slingluff, U.S.N., son of Mrs. Slingluff, and the late Frank Slingluff, of Baltimore.

PERSONALS.

(Contributions to this column are always welcome.)

Major John S. Sullivan, U.S.A., was operated on for acute appendicitis on March 24.

Capt. Richard D. La Garde, U.S.A., and Mrs. La Garde entertained at a dinner dance at the Chevy Chase Club, near Washington, on April 13.

Mrs. Robert H. Henderson, wife of Commander Henderson, U.S.N., entertained at a luncheon for six guests at the Shoreham in Washington on April 19.

Miss Rose Reardon, of Leavenworth, Kas., is the guest of Major E. D. Barlow, U.S.A., and Mrs. Barlow at Fort Omaha, Neb.

Lieut. S. P. Corning, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. Corning left Washington on April 21 for Norfolk, Va., where Lieutenant Corning has been ordered for duty at the marine barracks.

Mrs. Stafford, who is visiting her mother, the widow of Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary, C.E., U.S.N., in Washington, was a hostess at luncheon at the Shoreham on April 19.

Mrs. Harry C. Reisinger, wife of Major Reisinger, U.S.M.C., has returned to Atlanta, Ga., after visiting in Washington for two weeks with her parents, Major Gen. George F. Elliot, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. Elliot.

A son, Peter Rossbury Vachon, was born to Major J. P. Vachon, 37th U.S. Inf., and Mrs. Vachon at Fort Brady, Mich., on April 20, 1921.

Med. Dir. George F. Winslow, U.S.N., retired, and Mrs. Winslow are at the New Willard, Washington, after spending the winter at St. Augustine, Fla.

Mrs. William J. Connolly is attending a meeting of the Daughters of the American Revolution at Austin, Texas. From there she and little son will go to Columbus Barracks, Ohio, to join Major Connolly.

A daughter, Marjorie Rutledge Orton, granddaughter of Brig. Gen. W. S. Graves, U.S.A., and Mrs. Graves, was born to Major William R. Orton, U.S.A., and Mrs. Orton at Spokane, Wash., on April 16, 1921.

Major William A. Borden, U.S.A., Chief of the Aircraft Armament Division of the Ordnance Department, gave an illustrated lecture on the fighting equipment of aircraft at the University Club, Washington, on April 16.

Mrs. Martin E. Trench, wife of Captain Trench, U.S.N., and her sister, Mrs. Ralph Earle, wife of Captain Earle, U.S.N., have been visiting at the Washington Navy Yard as the guests of the Commandant and Mrs. John H. Dayton.

The birth of a daughter to Lieut. James P. Hodges, U.S.A., and Mrs. Hodges, at Fort Monroe Hospital on April 13, 1921, is announced in the Langley Field Times. Lieutenant Hodges, who is attached to the Air Service, is on duty at Langley Field.

Major Gen. George O. Squire, Chief Signal Officer, will represent the Army and Rear Admiral David W. Taylor, Chief of the Bureau of Construction and Repair, the Navy at the annual meeting of the National Academy of Sciences in Washington April 25-27.

Mrs. William S. Miller, wife of Captain Miller, U.S.N., has been visiting in Alexandria, Va., as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bryant. Mrs. Miller will soon leave for England, where she will join her mother and sister, Mrs. Oldham and Miss Edith Oldham.

Miss Margaret Newlove, daughter of Major Newlove, U.S.A., and Mrs. Newlove, Fort Lawton, Wash., is visiting for the rest of the month at the home of Miss Dorothy Van Way, daughter of Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Van Way, No. 112 West 21st street, Vancouver, Wash.

Col. Robert T. Oliver, U.S.A., and wife; Lieut. Comdr. Russell L. Lucas, U.S. Coast Guard; Majors M. S. Murray and Robert W. Cranford, U.S.A.; Major P. O. Bullard, U.S.A., and wife and Major Philip Hayes, U.S.A., and Mrs. Hayes were at Hotel Astor, New York city, this week.

By the will of the late Major Gen. Erasmus M. Weaver, Coast Art. Corps, U.S.A., which was filed for probate in Washington on April 13, his widow, Louise H. Weaver, will receive \$8,300. The estate including real estate in Florida valued at \$3,000 and personal property aggregating \$5,300.

Mrs. C. C. Fenn, wife of Capt. C. C. Fenn, U.S.A., camp adjutant at Camp Sherman, Ohio, entertained a number of the officers and their wives of the camp at tea on April 11, and was the hostess at bridge parties for the ladies of the camp on April 13 and 14.

Capt. Otey B. Mitchell, who was A.D.C. to Major Gen. William P. Burnham, of the 82d Division, U.S.A., in France, and who is now major in the U.S. Reserve Corps, was given a buffet luncheon on April 17, in honor of his birthday anniversary, by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Mitchell, at their residence, 33 Columbia avenue, Atlanta, Ga.

Col. Charles Drake, U.S.A., and Mrs. Drake entertained at a dinner of fifty covers at the Chevy Chase Club, near Washington, on April 13. Among their guests were the Swiss Minister and Madame Peter, Senator and Mrs. Pomerene, Mr. and Mrs. Hampson Gary, and Mr. and Mrs. Ira Copley, Mrs. Thomas F. Walsh and Gen. Peyton C. March, U.S.A.

Among the hostesses at an entertainment given at Long Beach, Calif., recently for the benefit of disabled veterans, which was sponsored by Admiral Hugh Rodman, U.S.N., and other officers of the U.S. Pacific Fleet, were Mrs. Clarence Williams, wife of Admiral Williams; Mrs. J. C. McLean, wife of Admiral McLean; Mrs. Nathan O. Twining, Mrs. Charles Lincoln Hussey, wife of Captain Hussey; Mrs. Edward H. Campbell and Mrs. John Hooe Iden, wife of Captain Iden. A tea dance in the palm room of the hotel followed the three-act farce, "It Pays to Advertise." All male members of the cast were lieutenants of the U.S. Navy. In the cast were Tully Sholley, Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle Craig, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Hansen, Mrs. Eric L. Barr, B. P. Flood, J. D. Colomy, E. A. Hazelett, Jr., and F. W. Connor. Young women of the Overseas Club were ushers. All money taken in, with no deductions for expenses, will go to the fund for relief of disabled veterans.

On behalf of the National Horseshoe Pitchers' Association on April 18 Brig. Gen. H. M. Lord, U.S.A., Chief of Finance, presented to President Harding two pairs of horseshoes in a plush-lined leather-carrying case. The horseshoes were manufactured especially for the President, one pair being finished in nickel and the other in copper, but both were of regulation size and weight. The shoes were presented with the compliments of the Buckeye Horseshoe Association accompanied by the best wishes of the 50,000 organized horseshoe players in the United States. President Harding responded very cordially and referred to the sport of horseshoe pitching in terms of high praise, not only for the physical and mental benefits to be derived from it, but also because it has in its essence the very spirit of democracy. The only fault he had to find with the horseshoes presented was that they did not contain the rusty nails which served to act as brakes on the shoes he used to pitch long ago in Caledonia, Ohio.

A unique dinner party took place in New York city April 20 in the Hotel Astor, when ten officers and men, who had served in France with Co. A, 307th Inf., U.S.A., met for their annual dinner. They were Major Crawford Biagdon, who was captain of the Harvard Football Team in 1908; Capt. John W. Vardman, originally of Oklahoma and now making his home in New York city; Sergt. John A. Grimes, George A. Finnian and Joseph D. McBride; Corps. Spencer Downing, of Philadelphia; Benjamin Herzig and Irving Mandel; Pvts. William Rankin and Arthur Levy. Mr. Levy was the host for this year and each member in turn will serve as host as the annual dinners are given. The origin of the name, "Shoemaker's Club," given to the diners, was in recollection of the meetings of these men after the armistice each evening in a shoemaker's shop in Auvers Le Hamon, France, where they had their dinner and passed the time, talking over events of the war and reminiscences of home. Finally the company left France on April 19, 1919, and they have formed this club and will celebrate the events of the war by an annual dinner at the Hotel Astor in New York.

A daughter, Anne Irvine Drain, was born to Major Jesse C. Drain, U.S. Inf., and Mrs. Drain at Camp Bening, Ga., on April 8, 1921.

A son, John Price Mattfeldt, was born to Capt. C. O. Mattfeldt, 3d U.S. Inf., and Mrs. Mattfeldt at Camp Travis, Texas, on April 9, 1921.

A daughter, Mary Frances Harvey, was born to Major Walter Harvey, U.S.A., and Mrs. Harvey at Los Angeles, Calif., on March 22, 1921.

A son, William Francis Farley, was born to Capt. John L. Farley, Coast Art., U.S.A., and Mrs. Farley at Fort Screven, Ga., on April 3, 1921.

A son, James Broughton Murphy, was born at Washington, D.C., on April 9, 1921, to Lieut. Col. E. V. D. Murphy, U.S. Inf., and Mrs. Murphy.

A daughter, Eleanor Creighton Brokaw, was born to Capt. Frank E. Brokaw, U.S. Cav., and Mrs. Brokaw at Des Moines, Iowa, on April 12, 1921.

A son, George Maurice Badger, Jr., was born to Lieut. George M. Badger, Coast Art., U.S.A., and Mrs. Badger at Fort McArthur, Calif., on April 1, 1921.

The address for a month or two of Mrs. M. J. McDonough, widow of Colonel McDonough, U.S.A., will be Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo.

Lieut. Col. Oliver F. Snyder, U.S.A., retired, on active duty, was among the passengers on the U.S. Army transport which left New York April 5 for Antwerp.

A son, Charles Harry Freer, was born to Major Arden Freer, Med. Corps, U.S.A., and Mrs. Freer at the Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., on April 7, 1921.

Brig. Gen. Charles G. Sawyer, M.O.R.C., was one of the principal speakers at the annual dinner of the officers attached to the Chemical Warfare Service in Washington on April 17.

Band Leader William J. Stannard, instructor, Army Music School, Fort Jay, N.Y., has accepted appointment as chairman of the band committee of the Federation of Musical Clubs of America.

Col. James A. Drain and Mrs. Drain entertained a party of twelve guests at dinner in Washington on April 7 in honor of Mrs. Drain's sister, Mrs. Chandler Sloan, of New York, who has been their house guest.

Lieut. Comdr. David Hunt Stuart, U.S.N., and Mrs. Stuart at 4 Maryland avenue, Annapolis, entertained at dinner on April 7. There were ten guests and bridge was played after dinner.

A son, who has been named Donald Emerson, was born to Capt. Walter C. Merkel, U.S.A., and Mrs. Merkel, at the Station Hospital, Coblenz, Germany, on March 31, 1921, according to the Amaroc News of that city.

A daughter, Dorsey Marie McGregor, was born to Capt. Duncan George McGregor, U.S.A., and Mrs. McGregor at Boston, Mass., on March 19, 1921. The child is the granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Dorsey McKim, of Kansas City, Mo.

Former Secretary of the Navy Daniels was presented with the brass ship's clock that stood on his desk in the Navy Department while he was in office, by the employees of the Philadelphia Navy Yard on April 16. The presentation was made in the National Press Club in Washington.

Comdr. John Manchester, Med. Corps, U.S.N., of the naval base hospital, San Diego, Calif., gave a dinner party at Hotel del Coronado, San Diego, April 6, honoring Capt. and Mrs. Joseph H. Tomb, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Von Tesmar and Miss Stella Klauber. Following the dinner the party enjoyed dancing in the ballroom.

Major C. Stockmar Bendel, U.S.A., and Mrs. Bendel have returned to Camp Grant, Ill., after a very enjoyable visit in San Francisco, where they were the guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Holm, 2712 Pacific avenue. They also enjoyed a two weeks' motor trip through Southern California, visiting Santa Barbara, Riverside and San Diego.

The 87th Company, California Military Reserves, celebrated the third anniversary by a banquet in San Francisco March 29. After banqueting a special act entertained the guests; speeches followed. Among those who addressed the company were Superior Judge Harold Louderback, a former Army captain, and Hon. Frank Warren, an overseas veteran. Both praised the services of the California Military Reserves during the World War. This company sent forty-three members, including eight officers, to the war. Mr. W. S. Franklin, of the company, is gathering data for its history.

"One of the most beautiful affairs lately given in Washington in honor of Admiral and Mrs. R. E. Coontz," writes a correspondent, "was the dinner dance given by Capt. J. J. Raby, U.S.N., and Mrs. Raby at their quarters in the navy yard the evening of April 2. The quarters were ablaze in spring flowers and Japanese lanterns. The guests, numbering thirty-two, were seated at four tables, which were decorated in spring flowers of lavender, pink, yellow and green, the colors at each table being further carried out by the ribbon candies, nut baskets and dainty little place-cards, which were little paper parasols. A delicious six-course dinner was served, the guests dancing between courses in the spacious parlors which were also springlike in their flowers, ferns and palms. Music was furnished by the navy yard orchestra. The guests were received by Capt. and Mrs. Raby, Admiral and Mrs. Coontz and Miss Callahan."

Major Gen. M. W. Ireland, Surgeon General, U.S.A., and Mrs. Ireland gave a dinner of thirty on April 12 in honor of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. C. E. Sawyer at Rauscher's, Washington, D.C. The guests afterwards attended the Army dance and were received by Assistant Secretary of War and Mrs. Wainwright. Major General Ireland gave a luncheon at the Army and Navy Club, Washington, D.C., this week in honor of Major Gen. Sir Wilmot Herrington, physician in ordinary to His Majesty the King, chairman of the Committee on Medical Education of the University Grants Committee, consulting physician to St. Bartholomew's Hospital, consulting physician to the Forces in France, vice chancellor of the University of London, and Sir Walter Fletcher, secretary of the Medical Research Council, senior demonstrator in physiology, Cambridge University, Croonian lecturer, Royal Society. The committee is making a tour of study and inspection of various medical and scientific institutions in the United States and Canada for the British government. Invited to meet them were Rear Admiral Stitt, Surgeon General, U.S.N.; Surg. Gen. W. D. McCaw, commanding Army Medical School; Brig. Hugh Cunningham, U.S.P.H.S.; Brig. Gen. C. E. Sawyer, M.O.R.C.; Dr. Haven Emerson, medical director War Risk Bureau; Col. J. D. Glennan, M. A. Delaney and J. F. Siler, U.S.A.

A son, Herman Henry Meyer, Jr., was born to Capt. H. H. Meyer, 14th U.S. Inf., and Mrs. Meyer at Colon, C.Z., on March 15, 1921.

Brig. Gen. A. A. Harbach, U.S.A., and Mrs. Harbach who, with Mrs. Elwell S. Otis, have spent the winter in New York, are returning to Rochester, N.Y.

A son, William Edgar Baughman, Jr., was born to Lieut. Comdr. W. E. Baughman, U.S.N., and Mrs. Baughman at Mare Island, Calif., April 12, 1921.

A daughter, Catherine Emily Seaman, was born to Capt. Evan C. Seaman, Coast Art. Corps, U.S.A., and Mrs. Seaman at Fort Randolph, C.Z., on April 7, 1921.

Warrant Officer Albert Hamilton, U.S.A., and wife, of Fort Moultrie, S.C., entertained as their guest Mr. Bruce W. Wright, of Fort Sherman, Canal Zone, Panama.

Major Vincent Meyer, U.S.A., and Mrs. Meyer announce the birth of a son, Stewart Meyer, at El Paso, Texas, April 14, 1921. Major Meyer is stationed at Fort Sill, Okla.

Major John H. Woodberry, Ord. Dept., U.S.A., has returned to duty at Frankford Arsenal after a month's leave spent in the South. Mrs. Woodberry will return some time in May.

A daughter, Marjorie Piper, granddaughter of Col. Alexander R. Piper, U.S.A., and Mrs. Piper, was born to Mr. and Mrs. Herman Sietke, Jr., at Brooklyn, N.Y., on March 25, 1921.

Mrs. William Pennoch Rogers, who has spent the past winter in Charleston, S.C., and southern Florida, has recently returned to the home of her mother, Mrs. William Gordon Browning, Winona, Minn.

Major Gen. John A. Lejeune, U.S.M.C., gave a lecture on "The Battle of the Meuse and Argonne," under the auspices of the Rector's Guild of Epiphany Church, Washington, at the parish hall on April 14.

Mr. and Mrs. Badeau, of Bridgeport, Conn., are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter, Helen Annin Badeau, born April 15, 1921. Mrs. Badeau was formerly Miss Emily Elliott, sister of Major Charles B. Elliott, U.S.A.

Mrs. Francine Dwight, wife of Capt. Thomas Dwight, U.S.M.C., has gone to France via S.S. La Lorraine, which left New York April 2, for an extended visit with her parents, and Captain Dwight is planning to join her there for a leave of four months, when he will return to Haiti.

Mrs. Samuel M. Lunt has joined Lieutenant Lunt, U.S.A., at Arcadia, Fla., where Lieutenant Lunt is taking pilot training. No quarters being available at Carlstrom Field Lieut. and Mrs. Lunt have taken an apartment at Captain Ross's home on Bernard avenue, Arcadia.

A son, David Perry Wood, Jr., was born to Major D. P. Wood, U.S.A., and Mrs. Wood at Long Branch, N.J., on March 12, 1921. The child is a grandson of Col. R. C. Vah Vliet, U.S.A., and great-grandson of Gen. Stewart Van Vliet and great-great-grandson of Major Jacob Brown.

Col. C. G. Hall, U.S.A., chief of Procurement Division, Air Service, Washington, who is on leave visiting relatives in Southern California, was a recent visitor at March Field, having arrived by air from North Island, San Diego, in a DeH-4 piloted by Major S. W. Fitzgerald, Air Ser., U.S.A.

Miss Pauline B. Bradford after a leisurely journey from the East, by water and rail, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. R. R. Richardson, wife of Commander Richardson (M.C.), U.S.N., at the naval air station, San Diego, Calif. Later she expects to visit her sister, Mrs. Treadwell, wife of Col. T. C. Treadwell, U.S.M.C., at Mare Island.

Major Ralph Cabot Holliday, U.S.A., and Mrs. Holliday were chaperones for the annual reception of the Harvard Chapter of Phi Gamma Delta, held at the Copley Plaza, Boston, April 9. Preceding the reception Major and Mrs. Holliday entertained a number of the guests at a dinner at their home, No. 10 Wellington road, Brookline, Mass.

Major F. C. Griffis, U.S.A., and Mrs. Griffis entertained at dinner on Branch avenue, near Camp Alfred Vail, N.J., April 13, Colonel Hemphill, S.C., and Mrs. Hemphill, Major Worthington, M.C., retired, and Mrs. Worthington, of Bradley Beach, N.J.; Major Sawyer, Signal Corps, and Mrs. Sawyer; Major Presnell, M.C., and Mrs. Presnell and Mrs. Aske, mother of Mrs. Presnell.

Major O. A. Eastwood, U.S.A., and Mrs. Eastwood entertained at an attractive dinner and bridge recently at their quarters, Fort Winfield Scott, Calif. Covers were laid for fourteen, and their guests included Col. and Mrs. Ira A. Haynes, Major and Mrs. Herbert Sharpe, Major and Mrs. E. J. O'Hara, Mr. and Mrs. George Mercure, Major Robert Welshimer, Capt. Hugh Herrick and Mrs. E. P. Russell and Mrs. Russell-Christie, of Chicago.

To demonstrate the perfect fit of the latest gas mask, and the absolute comfort enjoyed through wearing it, Brig. Gen. Amos A. Fries, U.S.A., Chief of the Chemical Warfare Service, wore his mask as a part of his costume at the fancy dress ball recently given in Washington by the Pen Women's League and the officers of the Chemical Warfare Service. All the Chemical Warfare Service officers in attendance wore gas masks to the ball, but removed them after a dance or two.

Col. T. L. Smith, U.S.A., retired, who was advanced to the grade of colonel on the retired list on April 11, 1921, was informed of his promotion at a surprise luncheon given at the Ebbitt House, Washington, by the officers of the Finance Department stationed in Washington and by the principal civilian employees of the office of Chief of Finance. Brig. Gen. H. M. Lord, Chief of Finance, made the speech of announcement. Among the others present were Cols. K. W. Walker and R. L. Carmichael, Mr. R. O. Kloeber, Lieut. Cols. E. A. Hickman, W. H. Clopton, Jr., and L. S. Morey, Majors F. W. Boschen, K. P. Lord, B. L. Jacobson, George M. Newell, Frank W. Duryea, W. H. Keith, and F. W. Browne and thirty-two others.

ARMY-NAVY NIGHT AT NATIONAL PRESS CLUB.

The American Legion Post of the National Press Club of Washington, D.C., held a military-naval night on April 12, which was attended by many Regular Army and Navy officers. Secretary of War Weeks outlined the policies of his department and Secretary Denby told of his recent trip with the fleet, and some of the experiences as an enlisted man in the war. Major Gen. P. C. Harris, Admiral R. E. Coontz, Capt. William A. Moffett, U.S.N., and Brig. Gen. William Mitchell also spoke. Among the other Army and Navy officers pres-

ent were: Major Gens. W. M. Wright, W. G. Haan, George E. Squier, F. W. Coe, Merritt W. Ireland, W. A. Holbrook, Charles T. Menoher, Frank McIntyre, Lansing H. Beach, Amos A. Fries, J. L. Chamberlain and Charles S. Farnsworth. Brig. Gen. H. M. Lord, D. E. Nolan, Charles E. Sawyer, O.R.C., S. A. Kreger, Edward D. Andersson, Edward L. Munson, J. M. Carson, A. E. Williams, O. R. Krauthoff, Robert E. Noble, M.C.; Henry C. Haines and George Richards, U.S.M.C. Cols. H. A. Smith, John T. Axton, Chief of Chaplains; Henry C. Bonnycastle, J. T. Conrad, Lieut. Cols. A. B. Warfield, John R. Chambers and H. S. Evans. Rear Admirals Thomas Washington, L. H. Chandler, E. R. Stitt, J. A. Hooper, Charles W. Parks, Charles B. McVay, Jr., David M. Taylor, C. J. Peoples, Spencer S. Wood, W. L. Capps, W. Strother Smith and W. H. G. Bullard.

SIXTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

To the list of members of the Service committees in the House which was printed in our issue of April 16, page 911, there were added on April 18 the following: Military Affairs—William C. Wright, Ga.; Philip H. Stoll, S.C.; Daniel E. Garrett, Texas. Naval Affairs—James V. McClinton, Okla.; Guy E. Campbell, Pa.; James F. O'Connor, La.

The Colombian Treaty was ratified by the Senate on April 20 by a vote of 69 to 19, the changes in the document brought about at this time being the elimination of Article I admitting part responsibility for the "Panama revolution," and the addition of a provision for the payment to Colombia by the United States of \$25,000,000 in five installments of \$5,000,000 each. The treaty was signed at Bogota, the capital of Colombia, in April, 1914, having been negotiated by Secretary of State Bryan. It was submitted to the Senate on June 16 of the same year, but was not ratified. Its reconsideration by the Senate at this time is due to the urging of President Harding.

The House of Representatives on April 18 authorized the appointment of a select committee of five members to conduct an inquiry into the escape and the failure to recapture the notorious slacker, G. C. Bergdoll. Representative Blanton offered an amendment providing that the Committee on Military Affairs conduct the investigation; but this was defeated. Mr. Kahn said he believed the investigation could be conducted more effectively by a special committee. Speaker Gillett named as the members of the committee, on April 20, Representatives John A. Peters, chairman; Clinton N. McArthur, Oscar R. Luhring, Henry D. Flood and Bent Johnson.

The Secretary of War would be asked why the name of Brig. Gen. Omar Bundy was not included in list of nominations of major generals recently sent to the Senate, under a resolution introduced April 20 by Representative Flood, of Virginia.

Disarmament Conference Hearings.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs has arranged to hold hearings, beginning on April 25, on the joint resolution introduced by Representative Rogers providing for "declaring the naval policy of the United States and authorizing the President to call an international conference on disarmament." Secretary of State Hughes, Secretary of War Weeks, Secretary of the Navy Denby and Secretary of Commerce Hoover will be the first witnesses.

Conference on Naval Appropriations.

Secretary of the Navy Denby, Admiral R. E. Coontz, Chief of Naval Operations; Senator Lodge and Representatives Kelley and Good held an informal conference to discuss the Naval Appropriation bill on April 20. Secretary Denby was informed that a strong sentiment prevails among the new Representatives for smaller appropriations for the Navy and that the outlook is not bright for defeating amendments aimed at reducing the amount carried in the House bill. This is to carry the same total as that in the measure presented at the last session of the 66th Congress. Mr. Kelley stated, or \$385,000,000. Both Mr. Good and Mr. Kelley were of the opinion that the House would not accept the Senate total of \$485,000,000. It was suggested by Mr. Good that a way of reducing the appropriations would be to either stop new construction or start no new work on battleships, this not applying to the battle cruisers, which he regarded as one of the Navy's greatest needs.

The Army Appropriation Bill.

The Appropriations Sub-Committee of the House agreed on April 21 to appropriate for 175,000 men, as against 158,000 provided in the bill as it was vetoed in the recent Congress. The former administration, the Senate and the new Secretary of War, Mr. Weeks, urged an Army of 175,000. In examining anew the details of the measure the sub-committee discovered that the saving of \$15,000,000 could be effected without impairing the Service. No important Army functions, it is stated, are to be eliminated. The new bill will carry a total of approximately \$313,000,000.

BILLS BEFORE CONGRESS.

S. 139, Mr. Spencer.—That officers and former officers of Philippine Scouts retired prior to June 4, 1920, shall, upon passage of this act, be entitled to receive same pay and benefits as retired officers of like grade and length of service in Regular Army, and shall be eligible for advancement in accordance with Sec. 127a, act of June 4, 1920, and for determining dates eligible for advancement on retired list for active duty performed after retirement, they shall be considered to have been eligible for promotion by seniority instead of by selection had they remained on active list.

S. 150, Mr. Spencer.—That National Guard officers and officers of Reserve Corps who have had service in National Guard or Organized Militia of any state, territory, or District of Columbia called to duty under Sec. 3a or 5b of amended National Defense act, shall from beginning of said duty at any time since June 4, 1920, receive same pay and allowances as Regular Army officer having same rank and length of service as said N.G. or Reserve officer, when prior service in the National Guard and the Organized Militia shall be counted in ascertaining his rights under this proviso.

S. 152, Mr. Spencer.—Same as H.R. 3719.

S. 371, Mr. McKellar.—To amend act of June 4, 1920. Strike out third clause of Par. (4) of Sec. 24a [should be "third step in Sec. 24a"], and insert in lieu thereof: "Third. All captains and lieutenants of the Regular Army and the Philippine Scouts shall be arranged on a single promotion list among themselves, in their respective grades, according to total length of commissioned service in the Army within the grade in which commissioned or a higher grade prior to July 1, 1920: Provided, That where such total length of service within that grade or a higher grade is equal, precedence shall be determined in sequence in order of age: Provided further, That where ages are equal precedence shall then be determined by total length of commissioned service in the Army."

H.R. 45, Mr. Begg.—That retired commissioned and warrant officers of U.S. Navy and Marine Corps called to active

service in Navy and Marine Corps of U.S. during war with Germany and promoted during active service shall retain permanently rank and pay of grade or rank to which they have been promoted; provided, muster out or discharge was not due to incompetency or misconduct. Length of service for longevity pay shall include total service while on active list and active duty since retirement; nothing in this act to reduce pay and allowances now granted by law to retired officers.

H.R. 172, Mr. Dyer.—Same as S. 139.

H.R. 295, Mr. Kraus.—To amend Sec. 24a, National Defense act, as amended June 4, 1920, so as to count in arrangement of the promotion list commissioned service in the Marine Corps (not merely when detached for service with the Army by order of the President). The second paragraph of the fifth step is amended to read: "Any former officer of the Regular Army or Marine Corps, and any retired officer who may hereafter be appointed to the active list in the manner provided by law, shall be placed on the promotion list in accordance with his total active commissioned service." etc.

H.R. 3161, Mr. Kearns.—That retired enlisted men who held commissions in the Armies of U.S. some time between April 6, 1917, and Nov. 11, 1918, and who were given retired pay of warrant officers under provisions of Par. 127a, act of June 5 [4], 1920, be hereafter given rank and pay of retired second lieutenants, U.S. Army.

H.R. 3715, Mr. Campbell.—To permanently transfer the U.S. Coast Guard to the Navy Department.

H.R. 3719, Mr. Morin.—To amend Sec. 1274, Rev. Stats., U.S., so that "officers retired from active service shall receive seventy-five per cent. of pay and allowances of rank upon which they were retired."

BILLS AFFECTING THE NAVY.

Two bills affecting the Naval Establishment were introduced in the House on April 14. One, H.R. 3148, by Representative Britten, provides that hereafter midshipmen entering the Naval Academy shall receive mileage at the rate of five cents per mile for travel from their homes to the Naval Academy for examination or appointment. Also that hereafter the appropriation for emergency or extraordinary expenses arising at home or abroad, to be expended on the approval and authority of the Secretary of the Navy, must be expended for such purposes as the Secretary may deem proper, and "his approval of such expenditure shall be conclusive upon the accounting officers of the Government." Claims up to \$500 for damages to private property growing out of the operation of aircraft may be settled by the Secretary of the Navy out of the appropriation for "Aviation, Navy," but are to be reported in detail to Congress. Hereafter the appropriation for transportation and recruiting shall be available for the payment of transportation of applicants for enlistment from their homes to their places of enlistment in the Navy and return to their homes, if rejected, with subsistence and transfers en route. Where applicants for enlistment or enlisted men are entitled to subsistence and transfer en route cash in lieu thereof may be advanced. The time fixed in the Naval Act of June 4, 1920, for the furnishing by the Bureau of Navigation to the proper officers in the several states, territories and insular possessions and the District of Columbia of statements of services of all persons who served in the Navy in the war with Germany is extended to Dec. 31, 1921. The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to present medals to civilian employees of the Navy who render conspicuous service by putting their lives in jeopardy to save life or property. The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to award prizes, trophies and badges for excellence in gunnery, target practice, engineering exercises and for economy in fuel consumption. Hereafter quarterly reports on all gasoline passenger and freight automobiles under the cognizance of the Navy Department are to be made on form 124 and a copy filed in the Bureau of Yards and Docks. The following construction of new buildings at navy yards and stations is authorized: at Puget Sound, a storehouse for ordnance, cost not to exceed \$95,000; naval station, Pearl Harbor, machine shop, \$200,000; storehouse \$200,000; naval ammunition depot, \$50,000; magazine for ignition ends, \$2,000; torpedo, warheads and gyro, storage, \$50,000; mine storage, \$75,000.

The other, H.R. 3150, introduced by Representative Butler, is in substance as follows:

H.R. 3150, Mr. Butler.—The clothing and small-stores fund is increased, so as to equal value of stock on hand in clothing and small-stores account on June 30, 1921; and hereafter clothing and small-stores fund shall be charged with value of all issues of clothing and small stores. Sec. 2. Authorizes expenditures to following limitations from any moneys made available for the fiscal year 1922. Necessary heavier-than-air craft \$670,000; equipment for such aircraft, \$549,250; construction at air stations, \$3,789,000 as follows: Cape May, \$25,000; Coco Solo, \$402,000; Hampton Roads, \$78,000; Lakehurst, \$260,000; Pearl Harbor, \$210,000; Pensacola, \$100,000; San Diego, \$164,000. Sec. 3. Hereafter no naval defense district organization shall be maintained in any naval defense district separate and distinct from organization of principal navy yard, naval training station, or naval operating base in any such district. Sec. 4. Hereafter no enlisted man in Navy shall be paid re-enlistment gratuity, or any proportionate part thereof, in excess of amount equal to one month's pay for each year of service in his last expiring enlistment.

Sec. 5. Appropriation of \$750,000 for water-front improvements, navy yard, New York, contained in Appropriation act for fiscal year 1919, is suspended until July 1, 1922. Sec. 6. Hereafter moneys appropriated, under Bureau of Yards and Docks for public works, exclusive of repairs and preservation, shall be available until expended. Sec. 7. During fiscal year 1922 ration for officers and enlisted men of Navy entitled thereto shall be commuted at 68 cents per diem; commuted value of ration for midshipmen shall be \$1.08 per diem; and commuted rations stopped on account of sick in hospital shall be graded at \$1 per ration to naval hospital fund.

Sec. 8. Sec. 1481, Rev. Stat., is repealed, except for all officers of Navy with permanent rank of captain. Sec. 9. Authority for solitary confinement on bread and water is repealed, and punishment of solitary confinement on bread and water is suspended.

Sec. 10. Authorizes exchange of land for a receiving and distant-control radio station in Porto Rico. Sec. 11. Authorizes disposal of land in vicinity of Navy Mine Depot, Yorktown, Va., and Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill., acquired by U.S. subsequent to April 6, 1917, together with improvements placed thereon by U.S. that are no longer needed for naval purposes.

Sec. 12. Last paragraph of Sec. 2, Naval Appropriation act, approved June 4, 1920, is amended to read: "That all officers of Naval Reserve Force and temporary officers of Navy who have heretofore incurred or may hereafter incur physical disability in line of duty shall be eligible for retirement under same conditions as now provided by law for officers of Regular Navy who have incurred physical disability in line of duty. Provided, however, That application for such retirement shall be filed with Secretary of Navy not later than June 30, 1922."

Sec. 13. To remove charge of desertion where offender subsequently served honorably in the World War, either in the military service of the United States. Sec. 14. Allows disbursing officers of Navy and Marine Corps payments made by them for civilian outfit furnished enlisted men of Navy and Marine Corps upon discharge for bad conduct, undesirability, or inaptitude since Nov. 18, 1917.

Sec. 15. Officers of Navy who have been or hereafter may be permanently promoted or appointed to the grades or ranks of commander, captain or rear admiral shall take rank and precedence in respective grades or ranks from dates of permanent

commissions and ahead of officers holding temporary appointments therein: Provided, That from May 22, 1921, until date of approval of this act officers of Navy shall take precedence in rank of rear admiral for all purposes from date of their original commission in said rank, whether permanent or temporary.

Sec. 16. The President is authorized, in his discretion, to sell any ships of Navy obsolete or not needed for naval purposes. Sec. 17. Percentages of captains and commanders in Supply Corps are increased from four and eight to six and twelve respectively. Sec. 18. Secretary of Navy is authorized to transfer to Fleet Naval Reserve any time within his discretion any enlisted man of naval service with sixteen or more years' naval service; men so transferred with less than twenty years' service shall receive retainer pay now prescribed by law for transferred members of F.N.R. of sixteen years' naval service.

Sec. 19. Sec. 8, Naval Appropriation act of June 4, 1920 (against wearing of uniform after discharge), is suspended until Jan. 1, 1923, in its application to persons honorably discharged from Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard between April 6, 1917, and Jan. 1, 1920: Provided, That persons convicted of a felony or a crime involving moral turpitude are excepted from operation of suspension herein provided. Sec. 20. Secretary of Navy is authorized to continue and to enlarge construction of naval hospital being erected at San Diego, at total cost not to exceed \$1,975,000.

Sec. 21. From and after passage of this act Bureau of Navigation in Navy Department shall be known as Bureau of Personnel. Sec. 22. Created in Department of Navy a Bureau of Aeronautics, and transfer thereto such number of civilian, technical, clerical and messenger personnel, together with records, equipment and facilities now assigned for aeronautic work under various bureaus of Department of Navy or Marine Corps. Secretary of Navy is authorized to detail in aviation duty officers and men from Navy and Marine Corps.

THE ARMY.

Commander-in-Chief—Warren G. Harding, President. Secretary of War—John W. Weeks. Assistant Secretary of War—Jonathan M. Wainwright.

ORDERS RECEIVED TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

S.O. 91-O, APRIL 20, 1921, WAR DEPT.

Officers of Q.M.C. to duty as follows: Capt. E. A. Keys to Camp Lee, Va.; Capt. R. S. Beard to Washington; Capt. O. C. Carter to Fort Riley, Kas.

2d Lieut. C. M. Olancy, Q.M.C., to Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., for further treatment.

Major C. L. Baron, Jr., M.C., from treatment at Fitzsimons General Hospital and will report by telegraph to commanding General 8th Corps Area, Fort Sam Houston, for duty and assignment.

Major W. H. Henry, M.C., to Dayton, Ohio, for duty engineering division.

Major E. L. Napier, M.C., to Dayton, Ohio, for duty engineering division.

Major A. S. Cumming, D.C., having been found incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement is announced.

Col. W. V. Lusk, V.C., to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for duty as assistant to the corps surgeon, relieving Col. C. D. McMurdo, V.C., who will proceed to Fort McPherson, Ga., for duty as assistant to the corps surgeon.

Leave one month to Capt. O. H. Morgan, O.D.

Air Service officers from Riverside, Calif., to Fort Sill, Okla., for temporary duty at Air Service Observation School, Post Field; Major J. H. C. Williams and 1st Lieut. F. W. Ruggles.

The sick leave granted 2d Lieut. J. A. O'Toole, A.S., is extended one month.

First Lieut. S. P. Walker, Jr., A.S., to Fort Sill, Okla., for temporary duty and course of instruction at Air Service Observation School, Post Field.

Capt. H. H. Gay, Cav., is designated as Q.M. of the Cavalry-Engineer rifle team. Captain Gay will remain on his present duties at Fort Bliss until such time as his entire services shall be needed as team Q.M.

Capt. D. B. Greenwood, C.A.C., is Fort Warren, Mass., for duty.

Leave two months and thirteen days to 1st Lieut. R. S. Hoar, C.A.C., effective about June 24, 1921.

Lieut. Col. P. C. Galcher, Inf., is assigned to 49th Inf. and to Fort Snelling, Minn., for duty.

The following officers are transferred as indicated for duty: Major—W. F. L. Hartigan, 56th Inf., to Hqrs. 18th Inf. Brigade as brigade executive. Capt.—K. J. Fielder, 56th Inf., to Hqrs. 18th Inf. Brigade as a member of the brigade staff; G. C. McKinley, Jr., 55th Inf., to Hqrs. 18th Inf. Brigade as a member of the brigade staff.

The following officers of Inf. are assigned as indicated: Major L. T. Byrne to 2d Inf.; 1st Lieuts. W. A. Callaway to 56th Inf., and E. Jenkins to 20th Inf.

So much of Par. 10, S.O. 88-O, W.D., April 11, 1921, as relates to Capt. E. Esser, Inf., is revoked.

First Lieut. W. R. Peck, Inf., from Hawaiian Department and is detailed in Air Service at Carlstrom Field, Arcadia, Fla., about Aug. 1.

Second Lieut. O. N. Taylor, P.S., having been found physically disqualified for the duties of a first lieutenant, by reason of disability incident to the service, his retirement as a first lieutenant is announced, to date from July 1, 1920.

Par. 15, S.O. 88-O, W.D., April 18, 1921, relating to Capt. H. F. Plummer, C.W.S., is revoked.

OTHER ORDERS.

Sergt. J. J. Sutphen, 29th Ord. Co., will be placed upon the retired list at West Point, N.Y., and to home. (April 19, W.D.)

Master Sergt. W. E. Schofield, Q.M.C., will be placed upon the retired list at Bakers and Cooks' School, Fort Riley, Kas., and to home. (April 19, W.D.)

Master Sergt. D. White, Ord. Dept., will be placed upon the retired list at U.S. Disciplinary Barracks, Fort Leavenworth, and to home. (April 19, W.D.)

First Sergt. J. W. Nash, Hqrs. Co., 18th Field Art., will be placed upon the retired list at Camp Pike, Ark., and to home. (April 19, W.D.)

G.O. 10, MARCH 10, 1921, WAR DEPT.

This order relates to the following subjects: Physical examination of civilian employees in connection with retirement; sanitary inspections; preservation of continuity of existence of Coast Artillery units. Nothing contained in Par. 1, Sec. VI, G.O. No. 98, W.D., 1917, will be construed as authorizing the disbandment or termination of the existence of any Coast Artillery company unit, without the approval of the Secretary of War. Supervision of the turning in of property for salvage; mutes and bounds of the Panama Ordnance Depot reservation and the Engineer Operating Base reservation; provisions governing War Department contracts.

G.O. 12, MARCH 15, 1921, WAR DEPT.

This order relates to the following subjects: Transfer of the Sales Branch and the War Department Claims Board from the Supply Division, General Staff, to the Assistant Secretary of War. Powers of the U.S. Liquidation Commission to be exercised by the Assistant Secretary of War. Naming of battery at Fort Crockett, Texas, Battery Leonard O. Hoskins, in honor of 2d Lieut. Leonard O. Hoskins, U.A.C., who was killed in action on June 28, 1918. Supply, maintenance and alteration of ordnance material.

G.O. 13, MARCH 22, 1921, WAR DEPT.

Publishes instructions pertaining to the disbursement of public funds through agent officers.

BULLETIN 6, MARCH 19, 1921, WAR DEPT.

Publishes following laws of the 66th Congress: H.J. Res. 426, To bring to U.S., for burial in Arlington National Cemetery, an unidentified American soldier who lost his life in the World War; S.J. Res. 251, Payment to members of Army and Navy employed as census enumerators; H.R. 16706, Congressional Medal of Honor to be bestowed upon the unknown, unidentified British soldier and French soldier buried, respectively, in Westminster Abbey and Arc de Triomphe; S. 4572, Right of way over the Fort De Ruyse Military

Reservation; S. 4527, Certain articles of arms, equipment, etc., to be furnished to National Museum—Disposition of colors, standards and guidons of demobilized organizations; H.R. 15894, Hospital facilities for patients of Bureau of War Risk Insurance, etc.; S. 2750, Settlement of claims of officers and enlisted men for loss of private property; H.R. 16100, Appropriations for fortifications.

CIR. 95, APRIL 11, 1921, WAR DEPT.

This circular publishes regulations governing supplies and equipment for education and recreation.

DISCHARGE ENLISTED MEN FOR DEPENDENCY.

Cir. 96, April 12, 1921, War Dept.

Department and corps area commanders, and the Commanding General, American Forces in Germany, are hereby authorized to discharge enlisted men serving within the territorial limits of their commands on grounds of dependency, in accordance with the provision of Sec. 29, National Defense act, as amended by the act of June 4, 1920.

Commanding officers of posts, camps and stations exempt from the control of department and corps area commanders will forward applications for discharge on grounds of dependency, supported by proper affidavits, to the department or corps area commanders within whose territorial limits of command they are located for final action.

By order of the Secretary of War:

PEYTON C. MARCH, Major Gen., Chief of Staff.

CIRCULAR 97, APRIL 12, 1921, WAR DEPT.

This circular relates to the policy regarding education in connection with post schools. The Education and Recreation Officer will hereafter function as Officer in Charge of post schools, and the schools will be referred to as post schools. Regulations to govern post schools are being compiled and revised and will be issued at an early date as a part of Army Regulations.

PANAMA CANAL DEPARTMENT.

G.O. 16, March 19, 1921, Quarry Heights, Balboa Heights, C.Z.—Organization of the 19th Infantry Brigade. 1. The Infantry Brigade organized in accordance with Par. 2, G.O. 5, these headquarters, c.s., is designated as the 19th Infantry Brigade. 2. Brig. Gen. Edwin B. Babbitt, U.S. Army, is designated to command the 19th Infantry Brigade.

G.O. 17, March 22, 1921, Quarry Heights, Balboa Heights, C.Z.—1. Department Surgeon. Col. Henry A. Webber, Med. Corps, having reported, is detailed as Department Surgeon, vice Col. Henry S. Greenleaf, Med. Corps, relieved for return to the United States. II. Department Air Officer. Major Raycroft Walsh, Air Ser., having reported, is detailed as Department Air Officer, with station at France Field, C.Z., vice Major Millard F. Harmon, Jr., Air Ser., relieved for return to the United States.

G.O. 18, March 21, 1921, Quarry Heights, Balboa Heights, C.Z.—I. Change of Station of Troops. Motor Transport Cos. Nos. 19 and 68, Q.M. Corps (M.T.), now at Balboa, C.Z., will proceed to Corozal, C.Z., for station. II. Department Quartermaster. Lieut. Col. Franklin S. Leisenring, Q.M. Corps, having reported, is announced as Department Quartermaster. By command of Brigadier General Kennedy: H. O. Williams, Chief of Staff.

4TH CORPS AREA.

G.O. 21, APRIL 12, 1921, Fort McPherson, Ga.—Major Edward H. Bertram, Inf., having reported, is announced as assistant to the Assistant Chief of Staff for War Plans and Training, with station at Fort McPherson. By command of Major General Morrison: C. J. Symmonds, Chief of Staff.

G.O. 22, April 18, 1921, Fort McPherson, Ga.—Lieut. Col. James Regan, Q.M.C., having reported, is announced as assistant to the Q.M., 4th Corps Area, with station at Fort McPherson.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. P. C. MARCH, C.S.

Leave two months to Lieut. Col. J. B. Allison, G.S., about May 5, 1921, with permission to apply for an extension of twenty days, with permission to leave U.S. (April 18, W.D.)

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

MAJOR GEN. P. C. HARRIS, THE A.G.

Lieut. Col. C. U. Leonori, A.G., is assigned to duty as adjutant, 1st Division, and to Camp Dix, N.J., for duty. (April 18, W.D.)

Leave three months and four days to Major T. H. Lowe, A.G., about June 1, 1921.

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

MAJOR GEN. E. H. CROWDER, J.A.G.

Sick leave three months to Lieut. Col. D. P. Quinlan, J.A.G.D., about April 5. (March 28, 2d Corps Area.)

Lieut. Col. A. F. Cushman, J.A.G.R.C., to his home and from further active duty. (April 18, W.D.)

Leave one month and fifteen days to Major R. H. Brennan, J.A.G.D., about July 15, 1921. (April 19, W.D.)

Leave one month to Capt. W. L. Granberry, J.A.G.D. (April 15, W.D.)

QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. H. L. ROGERS, Q.M.G.

Lieut. Col. N. E. Wood, Q.M.C., report to chief 3d District, Construction Service, Q.M.C., San Francisco, for duty as his assistant, and in addition is assigned as assistant to the commanding Q.M., Fort Mason, Calif. (April 18, W.D.)

Capt. A. T. Tree, Q.M.C., to Jeffersonville, Ind., for duty. (April 18, W.D.)

Capt. O. G. Weirbach, Q.M.C., to Camp Benning, Ga., for duty. (April 18, W.D.)

Capt. F. A. Heywood, Q.M.C., to El Paso, Texas, General Depot No. 1, for duty. (April 18, W.D.)

Capt. G. M. Olancy, Q.M.C., to Camp Meade, Md., for duty. (April 18, W.D.)

Capt. E. J. Jacobson, Q.M.C., to Philadelphia, Pa., for duty. (April 18, W.D.)

Capt. E. G. Mathews, Q.M.C., to Camp Meade, Md., June 80 for duty. (April 18, W.D.)

First Lieut. W. C. Thee, Q.M.C., is detailed to command Repair Section No. 260, Q.M.C., Balboa, C.Z. (March 19, F.O.D.)

First Lieut. J. H. Lyman, Q.M.C., has been found incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto and his retirement is announced. (April 18, W.D.)

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MAJOR GEN. M. W. IRELAND, S.G.

MEDICAL CORPS.

Major W. H. Richardson, M.C., to Carlisle Barracks, Pa., to Medical Field Service School for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

Major L. G. Garcia, M.C., to Baltimore, Md., Intermediate Depot for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

Leave one month, about June 1, to Major C. B. Wood, M.C. (April 11, W.D.)

Leave three months and four days to Major H. C. Gibner, M.C., about June 1, and upon expiration will comply with Par. 10, S.O. 55-O, W.D., March 9, 1921. (April 18, W.D.)

Leave one month to Capt. N. T. Davis, M.C. (April 16, W.D

VETERINARY CORPS.

First Lieut. R. Randall, V.C., to Camp Humphreys, Va., for duty. (April 11, W.D.)
First Lieut. J. E. Kendrick, V.R.C., to Fort Sam Houston for assignment to duty and station. (April 15, W.D.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. H. M. LORD, C.O.F.

Leave three months to Major O. W. Grundlund, F.D., about July 1, with permission to apply for an extension of one month and leave the United States. (April 15, W.D.)
Staff Sgt. E. Sharman, F.D., (appointed April 15, 1921), now at U.S. Disciplinary Barracks, Fort Leavenworth, is assigned to duty in the office of the Finance Officer, Fort Leavenworth. (April 15, W.D.)

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

MAJOR GEN. L. H. BEACH, C.E.

Col. H. B. Ferguson, C.E., from duties at General Staff College, Washington Barracks, and will report to Assistant Secretary of War for duty in his office. (April 18, W.D.)
Capt. H. M. Underwood, C.E., to Troy, N.Y., for duty as a student at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. (April 11, W.D.)

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

MAJOR GEN. C. C. WILLIAMS, C.O.

Leave two months to Lieut. Col. H. B. Jordan, O.D., about June 1, 1921. (April 15, W.D.)

Lieut. Col. H. B. Jordan, O.D., to Antwerp, Belgium, on transport to sail about Aug. 5, thence to Coblenz, Germany, for duty as chief ordnance officer. (April 15, W.D.)

Major J. K. Crain, O.D., from Germany to U.S. and upon arrival to The A.G. of the Army for instruction. (April 15, W.D.)

Capt. W. I. Wilson, O.D., is attached to 55th Artillery (C.A.O.), and to Tacoma, and will accompany regiment to Honolulu, and upon arrival will stand relieved from further duty with that regiment and will report for duty as assistant to department O.O. (April 15, W.D.)

First Lieut. J. J. Breen, O.D., to Raritan Arsenal, Metuchen, N.J., for duty. (April 15, W.D.)

Tech. Sgt. M. Wilson, O.D., will be placed upon the retired list at Fort Thomas, Ky., and to home. (April 15, W.D.)
Sergt. M. McKenna, 44th Ord. Co., will be placed upon the retired list at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., and to home. (April 15, W.D.)

SIGNAL CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. G. O. SQUIER, C.S.O.

First Lieut. W. P. Johnston, S.G., to Washington, D.C., to Chief Signal Officer of the Army for duty at the photographic laboratory. (April 15, W.D.)

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE.

BRIG. GEN. A. E. FRIES, C.W.S.

Major C. W. Mason, C.W.S., to Washington to Chief of Chemical Warfare Service for duty. (April 15, W.D.)
Capt. H. F. Plummer, C.W.S., to Edgewood Arsenal, Edgewood, Md., for duty. (April 15, W.D.)

AIR SERVICE.

MAJOR GEN. C. T. MENOHER, C.A.S.

Major C. Spatz, A.S., to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for duty as air officer, 8th Corps Area, relieving Major H. G. Pratt, A.S., who will report to commanding general 8th Corps Area for duty and bombardment training at Kelly Field. (April 15, W.D.)

Leave four months to Major J. E. Wilson, C.A.C. (April 15, W.D.)

Major L. H. Drennan, A.S., to Fort Leavenworth and report in person on Sept. 5 as a student officer at the School of the Line for the year 1921-22. (April 15, W.D.)

Officers of A.S. to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for duty and bombardment training at Kelly Field: Capt. F. R. Lafferty, 1st Lieut. P. Holland and A. Hornsby. (April 15, W.D.)

Capt. R. Orsinger, Inf., relieved from detail in Signal Corps from March 1, 1919. (April 15, W.D.)

The following A.S. officers to Fort Sill, Okla., for temporary duty in connection with pursuing a course of instruction at the Air Service Observation School, Post Field: Capt. W. F. Kruze, 1st Lieuts. R. B. Walker and F. B. Valentine. (April 15, W.D.)

Leave two months to 1st Lieut. L. J. Maitland, A.S. (April 15, W.D.)

Leave three months to 1st Lieut. I. G. Moorman, A.S., upon relief from duty in Hawaiian Department, with permission to visit China and Japan. (April 15, W.D.)

The following A.S. officers to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for bombardment training at Kelly Field: First Lieuts. T. L. Gilbert and J. E. Lynch. (April 15, W.D.)

First Lieut. A. J. Lyon, A.S., upon completion of his present course at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in June, 1921, will proceed to Dayton, Ohio, for duty. (April 15, W.D.)

First Lieut. A. S. Albro, A.S., to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for duty and bombardment training at Kelly Field. (April 15, W.D.)

Leave one month to 1st Lieut. F. Austin, A.S., about May 2, to terminate in time to enable him to sail on transport leaving San Francisco for Honolulu, H.T., about June 5. (April 15, W.D.)

First Lieut. B. S. Thompson, A.S., to Langley Field, Hampton, Va., for duty. (April 15, W.D.)

The leave on account of sickness granted 2d Lieut. J. H. Garnett, A.S., is extended one month. (April 15, W.D.)

CHAPLAINS.

CHAPLAIN J. T. AXTON, CHIEF OF CHAPLAINS.

Chaplain O. J. W. Scott from further treatment at Letterman General Hospital to proper station, Fort Huachuca, Ariz. (April 15, W.D.)

FIELD ARTILLERY.

MAJOR GEN. W. J. SNOW, C.F.A.

Lieut. Col. L. L. Lawson, F.A., is transferred to Walter Reed General Hospital, Takoma Park, D.C., for treatment. (April 11, W.D.)

Major H. H. Fuller, F.A., is attached to 83d F.A., Camp Benning, Ga., for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

Leave one month to Major R. F. Hyatt, F.A., about May 10. (April 11, W.D.)

Officers of F.A. assigned as indicated: Capts.—O. N. Schjerven, 76th F.A., Camp Pike, Ark.; D. D. Demarest, 1st Prov. Philippine F.A., Camp Stotsenburg, P.I.; E. R. Block, 79th F.A., Camp Meade, Md.; G. H. Stuts, 82d, Fort Bliss, Texas; H. E. Tidale, 7th Camp Dix, N.J.; G. H. Cushman, Jr., 16th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; P. Winlock, Hqrs. 1st F.A. Brigade, Camp Dix, N.J.; J. McDowell and M. A. Stuart, 9th, Fort Sill, Okla.; R. A. Knight, 4th, Camp Stanley, Texas; K. S. Wallace, 78th, Camp Grant, Ill.; C. W. Maya, 83d, Camp Knox, Ky.; J. C. Patterson, 21st, Camp Bragg, N.C.; M. V. Patton, 2d, Camp Knox, Ky.; A. H. Lee, 20th, Camp Jackson, S.C.; K. K. Jones, 82d, Camp Knox, Ky.; R. H. Crosby, 21st, Camp Bragg, N.C.; F. G. Rogers, 14th, Fort Sill, Okla.; P. T. Quinn, 7th, Camp Dix, N.J.; B. H. Lowry, 82d, Camp Knox, Ky.; W. Michener, 1st, Fort Sill, Okla.; A. O. Gale, 80th, Camp Meade, Md.; O. Walsh, 19th, Fort Myer, Va.; A. R. Wilson, 9th, Fort Sill, Okla.; L. H. Frasier, 31st, Camp Knox, Ky. (April 11, W.D.)

Officers of F.A. assigned as indicated: Capts.—J. M. Reynolds, 1st F.A., Fort Sill, Okla.; D. B. Rogers, 8th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; A. C. Miller, 1st, Camp Knox, Ky.; P. C. Spears, 78th, Camp Grant, Ill.; P. C. Boylan, 77th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; E. P. Miller, 16th, Camp Lewis, Wash. First Lieuts.—T. Denison, 6th, Camp Dix, N.J.; M. V. Gansen, 2d, Camp Knox, Ky.

204, Camp Benning, Ga.; E. A. Nibley, 2d, Camp Knox, Ky.; E. O. Ringer, 78th, Camp Grant, Ill.; P. Casa, 4th, Camp Stanley, Texas; L. E. Heyduck, 6th, Camp Dix, N.J.; E. A. Elwood, 77th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; F. H. Canlett, 17th, Camp Bragg, N.C.; J. H. Winston, 82d, Camp Benning, Ga.; O. Ellis, 8th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; W. J. Dow, 11th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; P. E. M. Miller, 15th, Camp Travis, Texas; J. Gross, 18th, Camp Pike, Ark.; O. R. Marriots, 10th, Camp Pike, Ark.; M. M. Pharr, 81st, Camp Knox, Ky.; J. H. Landrum, 6th, Camp Dix, N.J.; I. L. Kitts, 19th, Fort Myer, Va.; P. Matson, 20th, Camp Jackson, S.C. (April 11, W.D.)

Officers of F.A. assigned as indicated: Capts.—A. G. Wine- man, 3d, F.A., Camp Grant, Ill.; W. M. Mayo, 2d, Camp Knox, Ky.; M. M. Montgomery, Sep. Battn, Mountain Art, Panama C.Z.; L. M. Haynes, 16th, F.A., Camp Lewis, Wash.; H. B. Hester, 12th, Camp Travis, Texas; M. O. Shea, 21st, Camp Bragg, N.C.; P. H. Weiland, 11th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; H. N. Lockwood, Jr., 78th, Camp Grant, Ill.; H. J. Gaffey, 12th, Camp Travis, Texas; R. A. Eiler, 78th, Camp Grant, Ill.; R. C. Mallonee, 16th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; W. R. Gerhardt, 12th, Camp Travis, Texas; T. E. Buehler and S. D. Ringsdorf, 15th, Camp Travis, Texas; T. L. Futch and G. G. Heiner, Jr., 2d, Camp Knox, Ky.; B. D. Deleahanty, 19th, Camp Jackson, S.C.; H. H. Almquist, 21st, Camp Knox, Ky. (April 11, W.D.)

Officers of F.A. assigned as indicated: Capt. D. O'Keefe, 19th F.A., Camp Jackson, S.C.; J. S. Mallory, 77th, Camp Lewis, Wash. First Lieuts.—O. G. Holmes, 17th, Camp Bragg, N.C.; J. O. Dolan, 18th, Camp Pike, Ark.; J. B. Lord, 5th, Camp Bragg, N.C.; J. P. Dennevin, 2d, Camp Knox, Ky.; R. Slider, 5th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; P. A. Reiche, 78th, Camp Grant, Ill.; J. E. Bush, 19th, Camp Jackson, S.C.; J. M. Lents, 7th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; H. M. Schwarze, 14th, Fort Sill, Okla.; L. H. Caruthers, 77th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; L. H. Duffin, 14th, Fort Sill, Okla.; J. W. Beck, 15th, Camp Travis, Texas; A. Brill, 77th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; F. E. Coone, Jr., 6th, Camp Dix, N.J.; L. O. Field, 24, Camp Knox, Ky.; W. N. White, 10th, Camp Pike, Ark.; C. W. Reed, 82d, Camp Knox, Ky.; C. A. Horne, 12th, Camp Travis, Texas. (April 15, W.D.)

Capt. W. H. Maris, F.A., from further duty in Europe to United States and report to The A.G. of Army for instructions. (April 11, W.D.)

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. F. W. COE, C.C.A.

Major C. M. S. Skene, C.A.O., is detailed as professor at the University of Pittsburgh, Pa. (April 11, W.D.)

Major R. P. Hall, C.A.C., to Fort Warren, Mass., for duty. (April 16, W.D.)

Major F. A. Holmer, C.A.C., is detailed as an acting General Staff officer and is assigned to General Staff with troops. He will remain on his present duties as military attaché to Sweden, Norway and Denmark. (April 15, W.D.)

Major H. F. Spurgin, C.A.C., is detailed for duty as instructor, U.C.A., North Carolina N.C., and to Wilmington, (April 15, W.D.)

Capt. G. Marshall, C.A.C., to Washington and report to Chief of Chemical Warfare Service for duty. (April 16, W.D.)

Capt. E. C. Bomar, C.A.C., to command the U.S. Army mine planter General Edmund Kirby. (April 16, W.D.)

Capt. S. L. McCrorey, C.A.C., to Fort Hancock, N.J., for duty. (April 16, W.D.)

The leave granted Capt. A. W. Burton, C.A.C., is extended one month. (April 18, W.D.)

Capt. L. A. Hudgings, C.A.C., will report to Chief of Coast Artillery for duty in his office. (April 18, W.D.)

The leave on account of sickness granted Capt. M. McD. Williams, Jr., C.A.C., is extended six months. (April 18, W.D.)

Capt. W. Hart, C.A.C., to Fort Hamilton, N.Y., for duty. (April 18, W.D.)

Sergt. A. Drangellin, C.A.C., 2d Co., Southern New York, will be placed upon the retired list at Fort Tilden, N.Y., and to home. (April 18, W.D.)

Sergt. H. Stephens, C.A.C., 1st Co., Narragansett Bay, will be placed upon the retired list at Fort Adams, R.I., and to home. (April 18, W.D.)

INFANTRY.

MAJOR GEN. C. S. FARNSWORTH, C.I.

Col. A. J. Macnab, Inf., relieved as a member of Infantry board, Camp Benning, Ga. (April 16, W.D.)

The leave granted Col. H. J. Hunt, Inf., is further extended one month and five days. (April 18, W.D.)

Lient. Col. H. C. Dickinson, Inf. R.C., to Washington for duty with War Plans Division, General Staff. (April 15, W.D.)

Lient. Col. E. J. Griffith, Inf., is assigned to 18th Inf. and to Camp Devens, Mass., for duty. (April 18, W.D.)

Major H. D. Selton, 24th Inf., is detailed as assistant professor at Cornell University, Ithaca, N.Y. (April 11, W.D.)

Major A. B. Hitchcock, Jr., 36th Inf., is transferred to 21st Inf. and to Anchorage, Alaska, for duty. (April 16, W.D.)

Par. 56, S.O. 77-0, W.D., April 4, 1921, relative to Major R. L. Platt, Inf., is revoked. (April 16, W.D.)

Major W. G. Murchison, 34th Inf., is detailed in A.G.D. and to Fort Crook, Nebr., for duty. (April 15, W.D.)

Major S. L. Weld, Inf., is assigned to 24th Inf. and to Columbus, N.M., for duty. (April 18, W.D.)

Capt. T. J. Sledge, Inf., is transferred to 6th Tank Co. and to Camp Grant, Ill., for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

Officers to proceed at proper time to West Point, N.Y., and report about Aug. 24 at U.S.M.A. for duty: Majors—O. W. Griswold, Inf.; J. H. Lindt, C.A.C. Capt.—J. L. Erler, Inf.; C. Coulter, Jr., Inf.; P. C. Scofield, C.A.O. (April 11, W.D.)

Leave three months to Capt. O. T. Senay, Inf., about June 20, with permission to leave continental limits of United States. (April 11, W.D.)

Officers of Inf. assigned as indicated: Capt.—C. A. Robinson, 7th Inf.; H. D. Furey, 45th; J. G. Pickard, 57th; H. A. Baumeister, 61st; N. A. Wimberley, 50th; J. O. Newton, 47th; L. L. Heller, 59th; R. J. Kirk, Jr., 64th; J. E. Mendenhall, 61st; A. V. Eliot, 42d; R. S. Gessford, 10th; R. C. G. Nemo, 58d; R. O. Parker, 61st; R. J. Williamson, 34th; W. J. Ungeheuer, 36th. First Lieuts.—P. LeToney, 9th; E. O. Atkinson, 57th; L. N. Winters, 14th; P. O. Wilders, 2d; G. Van Studdiford, 20th; W. A. Bissell, 29th; T. A. Hoy, Tanks, Camp Benning, Ga.; W. A. Marsh, 284 Inf.; J. J. Gutkowski, Tanks, Camp Meade, Md.; O. A. Welcker, 48d Inf.; E. W. Peach, Tanks, Camp Meade, Md.; G. L. Potter, 23d Inf.; P. A. Brawner, Jr., 29th; A. M. Coates, 4th; L. B. Knight, 43d; L. M. Shields and R. T. McLamore, Tanks, Camp Pike, Ark.; L. D. Hixson, 29th Inf. (April 15, W.D.)

Capt. G. T. Fleet, Inf. (promoted subject to examination), having been found physically disqualified for the duties of a captain of Infantry, by reason of disability incident to the service, his retirement from active service as captain is announced. (April 16, W.D.)

Officers of Inf. assigned as indicated: Capt.—A. Richmond, 53d Inf.; J. R. Kennedy, 19th; W. L. Smith, 22d; W. L. May, 7th; L. de W. Tharp, Tanks, Camp Meade, Md.; G. M. Couper, 46th Inf.; A. M. Lawrence, 48th; F. T. Addington, 51st; W. B. Lowery, 63d; O. S. Smith, 57th; H. W. Bolan, Tanks, Camp Meade, Md.; W. K. Wheeler, Jr., 13th Inf.; J. E. Matthews, 20th; F. H. Enckhausen, 37th; S. S. Sterle, 62d; R. V. Rickard, 10th; J. W. Blue, 47th; F. W. T. Sterle, 29th; E. LeV. Lyons, 54th; L. W. Eggers, 40th; I. M. McLeod, 6th; H. B. Crowell, 64th; C. O. Westfall, 55th; W. L. Wharton, 12th; W. O. Poindexter, 28th; A. P. Lagorio, 51st; G. L. Prindie, 22d; W. A. Hale, 36th; R. Q. Whittle, 26th; W. B. Yancey, 41st; C. A. Hoss, 21st; R. J. Wallace, 28th; A. S. Champery, 55th; H. W. Robinson, 22d; W. Hibbard, 45th; R. L. Ware, 53d. (April 15, W.D.)

Officers of Inf. assigned as indicated for duty: Capt. F. C. Lewis, 41st Inf., Camp Meade, Md.; 1st Lieut. E. A. LaFrance, 16th Inf., Camp Dix, N.J. (April 15, W.D.)

Capt. H. O. Swindler, 8th Inf., transferred to 64th Inf., and to Camp Meade, Md., for duty. (April 15, W.D.)

Officers now assigned to 5th Inf. transferred to regiments indicated and will proceed to stations indicated for duty: Capt.—O. C. Dill, 41st Inf., Camp Meade, Md.; 1st Lieut.—R. O. Welch, 84th Inf., Camp Meade, Md.; O. A. Wray, 20th Inf., Camp Travis, Texas. (April 15, W.D.)

Officers of Inf. assigned as indicated: Capt.—E. B. Crabbill, 45th; R. W. Moore, 53d. (April 15, W.D.)

Capt. E. M. Caulkins, Inf., is assigned to 48th Inf. (April 15, W.D.)

Capt. L. N. Conger, Inf., now attached to 32d Inf., is assigned to that regiment. (April 15, W.D.)

Capt. F. K. Kennedy, Jr., Inf., now on duty at Camp Travis, Texas, is attached to 20th Inf. (April 15, W.D.)

Officers of Inf. assigned as indicated: Capt.—J. C. Howard, 48th Inf.; M. F. Lindsey, 47th Inf. First Lieut.—T. Sapio-Bosch, 20th Inf. (April 15, W.D.)

Capt. W. E. Whittington, Inf., from assignment and duty with 12th Inf. and assigned to 33d Inf. and will proceed to Panama on transport sailing about May 10 for duty with regiment. (April 15, W.D.)

Officers of Inf. to duty as follows: Capt. H. L. Milan from present assignment and duties with 19th Inf. and is assigned to 15th Inf. and to Manila on transport sailing about May 5; Capt. W. W. Carr is detailed as assistant professor at Indiana University, Bloomington; 1st Lieut. L. R. Armstrong is assigned to 1st Inf. and to Camp Travis, Texas; 1st Lieut. F. W. Caswell, 63d Inf., to Plattsburgh Barracks, N.Y. (April 15, W.D.)

Capt. P. P. Tuchy, 32d Inf., is transferred to 24th Inf. and to Columbus, N.M., for duty. (April 15, W.D.)

Leave two months to Capt. J. L. Dikes, Inf., with permission to leave United States. (April 15, W.D.)

Leave two months to 1st Lieut. E. T. McCullough, 3d Inf., (April 15, W.D.)

Leave two months to 1st Lieut. E. T. McCullough, 3d Inf., about June 5, with permission to leave continental limits of United States. (April 15, W.D.)

First Lieut. G. P. O'Neil, 41st Inf., is transferred to 56th Inf. and will report to commanding general 7th Division for duty. (April 15, W.D.)

First Lieut. R. E. Jones, Inf., is assigned to 41st Inf. and to Camp Meade, Md., for duty. (April 15

PREFERENCES OF ARMY OFFICERS.

Paragraph 828½, Army Regulations, has been changed by order of the Secretary of War, to read as follows:

828½. The personal report and statement of preferences, Form 423, A.G.O., will be made on Dec. 31 each year by each officer of the Army, except general officers. These reports will be forwarded by the officer concerned direct to the commander or the corps area and department within the territorial limits of which he is stationed, except that officers serving within the District of Columbia will forward the report direct to The Adjutant General of the Army. Corps area and department commanders will forward the report to The Adjutant General of the Army. In the event that the officer after the rendition of this report wishes to change any of the preferences he has expressed therein, he should promptly notify The Adjutant General through the corps area commander of the changes desired so that the proper notation thereof may be made on the Personal Report and Statement of Preferences in The Adjutant General's office. Officers serving within the District of Columbia will report such changes direct to The Adjutant General of the Army. The Secretary of War also directs that orders be issued as follows: Corps area and department commanders are hereby charged with the responsibility that the Personal Report and Statement of Preferences (Form 423, A.G.O.) required by Par. 828½, Army Regulations, as amended, is rendered promptly by each officer serving within the territorial limits of their corps areas and departments, except that The Adjutant General of the Army will assume this responsibility for officers serving within the District of Columbia. The commanding general, American Forces in Germany, is charged with the same responsibility in so far as it pertains to officers serving under his jurisdiction.

NOTES OF ARMY PERSONNEL.

Major Gen. George O. Squier, Chief Signal Officer, U.S.A., was in Dayton, Ohio, and other places during the week ending April 16, in the interest of radio activity as it applies to land and air communication.

Major Gen. William J. Snow, U.S.A., Chief of Field Artillery; Brig. Gen. Fox Conner, F.A., and Major E. P. King, Jr., of the office of the Chief of Field Artillery, U.S.A., left Washington April 19 to be in attendance at a meeting of Field Artillery Reserve officers at the Harvard Club, New York, April 20, where General Conner spoke on the subject of Artillery from the standpoint of G.H.Q.

Col. Clarence H. McNeil, Coast Art. Corps, and Lieut. Col. Joseph F. Siler, Med. Corps, U.S.A., have been designated as official representatives of the Coast Artillery Corps and Medical Corps, respectively, to serve on the Division of Federal Relations of the National Research Council. Colonel McNeil is designated vice Col. Robert E. Callan, Coast Art. Corps, who is relieved as a representative of the Coast Artillery Corps.

Major Joe R. Brabson, U.S.A., who has been on duty with the General Staff Headquarters in the Panama Department, recently reported for duty in the office of the Chief of Field Artillery. Major Brabson will have charge of war plans of that office.

Major Oscar Westover, U.S.A., former executive assistant to Chief of Air Service, has been assigned to duty in the Training and Operations Group, as chief of the balloon and airship division.

Capt. Oliver S. Ferson, U.S.A., has been assigned as education and recreation officer for the Air Service, relieving Capt. Lloyd N. Keesling. Captain Ferson will have charge of all vocational training and education and recreation work as the official representative of the Air Service.

Capt. James O. Green, Jr., Inf., U.S.A., on duty at Camp Benning, Ga., has been awarded the D.S.C. for extraordinary heroism near Chateau-Thierry, France, June 6, 1918. "After two platoons under his command had been practically wiped out," says the official citation, "he continued forward to his objective with two enlisted men, and remained throughout the night under heavy fire in hope of keeping the ground gained until reinforcements came up."

General Wood Elected Head of U. of Penn.

Major Gen. Leonard Wood, U.S.A., was on April 18 elected head of the University of Pennsylvania by the board of trustees. He was nominated at the meeting of the board last month, his name being the only one placed in nomination. The trustees made no statement regarding the title under which General Wood would be known beyond the resolution which designated him "head of the university under such appropriate title as may hereafter be agreed upon." It is the intention of the trustees to arrange for a division of the administrative and educational policies of the university between General Wood and Dr. Josiah H. Penniman, the present acting provost. As soon as General Wood returns from the Philippines, where he was sent on a special mission for the Government, the method by which this experiment will be put in effect will be worked out.

Praise for Colonel Drum.

"General regret was heard expressed by the entire student body and instructors on duty at the General Service Schools at Fort Leavenworth that Colonel Drum's name was dropped from the list of general officers," writes a correspondent at that post. "It is felt that his experience and accomplishments as chief of staff of America's greatest combat Army coupled with his long association with these schools and his personality, make him peculiarly adapted and qualified to be commandant of the schools. He seems to be the right man in the right place. Efficiency and harmony have marked the schools under his leadership. His removal would seem to be a distinct loss to the Service in general and to the schools in particular. It is hoped he will soon be restored to the rank commensurate with his present duties." The Leavenworth Times of April 15 had this to say editorially of Lieut. Col. Hugh A. Drum and the removal of his name from the list of general officers: "We shall have to make it 'Colonel' Drum for a time—not for long we suspect—but whether colonel or general we are greatly gratified by the news carried by a Washington dispatch that he is to remain in charge of the Service Schools at Fort Leavenworth. Another commandant might do as well but we know that Colonel Drum's vision of the schools is a great one and we know that he has the vigor, the intelligence and the tact to work out his plans. And, besides all this he is a gentleman whose fine personality makes him a very distinct addition to our local society and we, therefore, feel greatly pleased that he is to remain with us."

Tank Demonstration at Camp Meade.

Major Gen. Charles S. Farnsworth, Chief of Infantry, on April 20 escorted by automobile a large group of Congressmen and their wives to Camp Meade, Md., where a tank demonstration was given. Among many others in the party were Representative Anthony, chairman of the sub-committee of the House Committee on Appropriations, and Representatives Hull, Miller, McKenzie,

Fisher and Stoll, all members of the House Committee on Military Affairs. Among the officers present were Col. C. D. Roberts, Lieut. Col. C. A. Trott and Major S. Waite, of the Office of the Chief of Infantry; Col. C. L. H. Ruggles and John W. Joyes, of the Ordnance Department; Major Gen. William M. Wright, executive assistant to the Chief of Staff; and Major T. W. Hammond, of the War Department General Staff. Rear Admiral Casey B. Morgan, U.S.N., was also present.

Chemical Warfare Service Dinner.

The third annual dinner of the Chemical Warfare Service held at Rauscher's, Washington, D.C., on April 16, was attended by many officers of the Army and Navy, and practically every officer on duty in and near Washington in the Chemical Warfare Service. Brig. Gen. Amos A. Fries, Chief of the Chemical Warfare Service, in his address, outlined the activities of this branch in peace and war. He told of the recent inventions of the toxic smoke candle and the power liquid gas, three drops of which absorbed in the skin would cause death. The peace-time work of the Chemical Warfare Service, he said, is devoted to developing chemicals which will effectively attack the boll weevil, rodents and the bubonic plague. Brig. Gen. William Mitchell, Assistant Chief of the Air Service, spoke of the future of chemical warfare from the air. Rear Admiral William Strother Smith, U.S.N., in his address, predicted that in time warships will be well prepared to repel gas attacks from the air. The work of the Chemical Warfare Service was lauded by Brig. Gen. Charles E. Sawyer, O.R.C., the President's physician, who declared that so long as human nature remains as it is the United States must be prepared to meet attack and take the offensive. Assistant Secretary of War Wainwright also spoke. Dr. Charles H. Herty was toastmaster. Among the guests were Major Gens. Tasker H. Bliss, William G. Haan, John L. Chamberlain and Peter C. Harris. The dinner was the most enjoyable and successful ever held by the C.W.S.

Army Relief Society.

The annual meeting of the Engineer Branch of the Army Relief Society was held on April 12 at the home of the president, Mrs. Henry Jersey, 1722 Connecticut avenue, Washington, D.C. There was a large attendance of enthusiastic members and most satisfactory reports were given of the work accomplished during the year. The following were unanimously elected officers for the coming year: Honorary president, Mrs. Lansing H. Beach; president, Mrs. Henry Jersey; vice-president, Mrs. Charles Keller; recording secretary, Mrs. Harry Taylor; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Frank S. Besson; treasurer, Mrs. Graham D. Fitch. On April 9 the Engineer Branch gave a very successful dance and cabaret at the Officers' Club, Washington Barracks, which was attended by over 500 guests from the Army and Navy, residents of Washington, and military attachés of foreign countries. In the receiving line were Mrs. Jersey, Major Gen. L. H. Beach, Chief of Engineers, and Mrs. Beach. The introductions were made by Col. C. S. Ridley. Special features which were greatly enjoyed included a dance by the three charming Barnhart children, a clog by Ingham Mack, a violin solo by Mrs. Fox Connor, a beautiful dance, "Humoresque," by Miss Enid Sims, and songs by the Camp Humphreys quartette. The affair brought a goodly sum for the Army Relief.

The tea dance given by the Chemical Warfare Branch of the Army Relief Society in Washington was a brilliant affair. The guests were received by Mrs. Fries and Mrs. Wadsworth, assisted by Mrs. French, wife of Congressman French; Mrs. Poindexter, wife of Senator Poindexter, of Washington, and Mrs. Exton, Mrs. Atkinson and other ladies of the Chemical Warfare Service. The dancing was mostly in the beautiful ballroom of the Hotel Washington. Refreshments were served on the open roof garden and in the petite restaurant. It was a very distinguished gathering—comprising many diplomatic, Congressional and society people in addition to a large contingent from the Army.

Mrs. William Stephenson found it impossible while living in the West to act as chairman of the Army Relief Committee of Branch No. 1 of the Army Relief Society, of New York, and Mrs. Joseph R. Duryee has been appointed in her place. Except for some handknitted sweaters and a few quite unseasonable knitted hoods, we are informed that the committee now has practically nothing on hand, and Mrs. Duryee would be very grateful for any clothing in good condition—used as well as new. There are many requests for children's garments, and shoes are a crying need. Anything sent to Mrs. J. H. Duryee, 139 East 36th street, New York city, will be promptly and gratefully acknowledged.

ARMY ITEMS.

Four 12-inch guns, which cost the Government \$100,000, were sold at public auction at Fort H. G. Wright, N.Y., on April 19 for \$5,673. The guns weigh 610 tons and sold for \$9.30 a ton. They were part of the old coast defenses of Long Island Sound.

Warrant officers on the active list of the Regular Army or on the retired list when on active duty are included in the provisions of the six months' death gratuity act of Dec. 17, 1919, according to a Comptroller's decision of April 11.

The War Department, under a contract between the United States and the Polish government, has turned over to its duly authorized representative, 15,153 salvaged overcoats, billed at a flat rate of \$3 each, at Norfolk and New York.

Leaves of Service School Graduates, Restricted.

For the reason that the services of graduates of the Special Service Schools will be needed by corps area commanders for detail as instructors at the several Citizens' Military Training Camps this summer leaves of absence for these graduates will not be granted to them except upon the approval of the corps area commanders. The Secretary of War has directed that the commandants of Special Service Schools and the chiefs of branches concerned be notified that leaves of absence will be restricted effective upon graduation of student officers in June.

Army Rifle Teams for National Matches.

Teams representing the Infantry, Coast Artillery and a combined Cavalry and Engineers team from the U.S. Army have been authorized to enter the annual national rifle competition held under the auspices of the National Rifle Association and will be selected by the chiefs of the several branches of the Service concerned. In addition to the regular Infantry team at the National Matches teams representing the Philippine Infantry and the 65th Infantry (Porto Rico) are authorized. For

the year 1921, owing to shortage of transportation funds, the preliminary branch tryouts will not be held prior to July 1.

Air Service Cadet School.

Major Gen. Charles T. Menoher, Chief of Air Service, has approved the designation of Carlstrom Field, Arcadia, Fla., for the Flying Cadet School (heavier-than-air), and the school will open on Aug. 1. Candidates for instruction will make application through their commanding officers. The school sessions usually held at March Field, Calif., are not likely to be resumed since this field is largely devoted to lighter-than-air training. The course at Carlstrom Field will cover a period of ten months.

Changes in Q.M.C. Officer Personnel.

There will be a number of changes in the stations and duties of officers in the Quartermaster Corps made effective July 1. Changes contemplated include the assignment of two colonels who will have completed their courses at the General Staff College, and one lieutenant colonel whose tour of duty as a General Staff officer will have expired. It is stated there probably will be new assignments of Quartermaster supply officers to the depots at Seattle, Wash.; Jeffersonville, Ind.; San Antonio, Texas, and possibly at Columbus, Ohio. These changes are made necessary on account of the present officers on duty at these depots being assigned for duty elsewhere, in most cases to relieve officers who will attend the various Service schools. There will be a new assignment of a quartermaster at the Field Artillery School at Fort Sill, Okla., to relieve the present incumbent, who is to attend the School of the Line. Under the present plan of the Quartermaster General, approximately one-fourth of the officers not now on troop duty status will be recommended for an exchange of duty with an equal number of officers who by July 1 will have completed one year's duty on a troop duty status. By effecting these changes gradually there will be little interference with the carrying on of the duties of the Quartermaster Corps, while if the changes were postponed for another year it would require the relief of forty per cent. of the officers on any particular duty at one time.

Q.M.C. Discharging Civilian Employees.

The Quartermaster General of the Army announces that from Jan. 1 up to March 31, 5,556 civilian employees have been separated from the Quartermaster Corps, and that the approximate amount of savings up to June 30 next due to the separations will amount to \$2,778,000. In addition, 4,146 employees have been demoted in the different corps areas and depots, effecting a saving of \$184,823.90. Since February, 1919, more than 80,000 members of the civilian personnel of the Quartermaster Corps have been discharged, and this branch of the Service is fast approaching a pre-war footing.

Personnel of Transport Cambrui Commanded.

A retired lieutenant colonel of the Army, who was a passenger on a recent trip of the Army transport Cambrai from Antwerp to New York, March 22, has sent a letter to Major Gen. H. L. Rogers, the Quartermaster General, in token of his appreciation. He says, in part: "The administration of the vessel was the best I have ever seen on a transport. Captain Fergusson, the sailing master, and his officers were exceedingly courteous and kind to passengers. The quartermaster, 1st Lieutenant Hubbard, Q.M. Corps, and his assistants performed their work in a like manner. There seemed to be absolute co-operation between the ship's officers and quartermaster, and the general attitude of all the ship's personnel was such as one would expect on a high priced commercial liner. The ship was very clean at all times and the mess, under Chief Steward Riley, for both officers and men was the best by far I have ever seen on a transport."

Church Services at Fort Moultrie, S.C.

Very successful special services have been conducted in the post chapel at Fort Moultrie, S.C., under the direction of Chaplain Henry N. Blanchard, Coast Art. Corps, U.S.A. He arranged a series of thirteen meetings in March, and the congregations continued to increase until the chapel was finally crowded to the limit. Some results of the meeting were a revival of religion throughout the command, a renewed interest in church services, and over twenty-five indicating a desire to unite with some of the churches. It was a religious program that could be put on in most any Army post or camp. In addition to two sermons by Chaplain Blanchard there were sermons delivered by Methodist Episcopal, Lutheran, Presbyterian, Episcopal, Baptist, and Congregational ministers and by Chaplain Starr Lloyd, U.S.N.

Second Reunion of 104th Infantry, A.E.F.

Centralized committees have been formed for the purpose of reaching former members of the 104th Infantry, A.E.F., composed originally of the 2d, 4th and 6th Infantry Regiments of the Massachusetts National Guard, and assisting in furthering the plans for the second annual reunion of the 104th Infantry Veterans' Association, which is to take place at Westfield, Mass., on April 28, Apremont Day. This is the anniversary of the decoration of the regimental colors by the French government with the Croix de Guerre for bravery in action at the battle of Apremont, France. A monument and tablet commemorating the first camp site of the organization, at Camp Bartlett, Hampton Plains, Westfield, is to be dedicated at the reunion.

HEALTH OF THE TROOPS.

The health situation is very good among troops in the United States for this season of the year, according to reports received at the office of the Surgeon General for the week ending April 8. The venereal admission rate at Camp Benning is again abnormally high as it was in February. The influenza outbreak among the American Forces in Germany did not increase during the week ending March 29. In consideration of the usual behavior of influenza, this fact is believed to mark the peak of the outbreak. The pneumonia admission rate for these forces has risen somewhat, but is still unattended by any appreciable mortality. For troops in the United States the admissions for all causes was 802.37 per 1,000 and for disease only 708.72. The rate for death for all causes was 3.76 and for disease only 2.68. The non-effective rate per 1,000 on the day of report was 40.40. The report for the A.F. in G. was of March 29 and shows a rate of 752.92 per 1,000 for admissions for all causes; 673.49 for disease only. For deaths (all causes) the rate was 3.45; from disease only 2.45. The non-effective rate per 1,000 on the day of report was 37.46.

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DETERMINATION OF RELATIVE RANK.

In determining the relative rank of the officers of the Regular Army, under the provisions of the eighth paragraph of Sec. 127a, Army Reorganization Act of June 4, 1920, the Secretary of War has directed that the following instructions be complied with: When dates of rank differ relative rank shall be determined by date, as expressly provided by law. When dates are the same, relative rank shall be determined by length of active commissioned service in the Army. The following points will be observed: All active commissioned service in the Army, rendered under appointment from the United States Government, will be included, even if not counted for purposes of promotion; e.g., active duty under a Reserve commission while in a training camp, or prior to April 6, 1917; volunteer service of Medical officers. Service in the Regular Army or Philippine Scouts, if continuous, is reckoned from date of rank stated in original commission, not date of acceptance; in the case of service other than in the Regular Army or Philippine

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Scouts, or of such service which was terminated by resignation or other cause, service is reckoned from date of acceptance. All commissioned service in the National Guard, when on active duty under a call by the President since June 2, 1916, will be included whether rendered before or after April 6, 1917. Service as contract or acting dental surgeon, and Government service as veterinarian prior to commission, although counted for purposes of promotion, will not be considered in determining relative rank. When relative rank remains undetermined after the application of the rules stated above it will be fixed by order on the promotion list, in the case of officers whose names are borne thereon; and in cases of officers not placed on the promotion list, by the order in which their names have heretofore been carried on the lineal lists of their respective corps. As between such officers on different lists, relative rank shall be determined by their order of original entrance into the Regular Army. If any case should arise in which relative rank still remains undetermined the circumstances will be reported for the consideration of the Secretary of War.

VACANCIES IN THE REGULAR ARMY.

The casual vacancies in the commissioned grades of the Regular Army from colonel to captain, inclusive, on April 10 were: Colonel, 16; lieutenant colonel, 32; major, 74; captain, 110. The promotions in the grade of captain, which were sent to the Senate on April 10, went down to include No. 7576 on the promotion list, this number being that of 1st Lieut. Harris L. Milan, Inf., to rank from Nov. 24, 1920. Lieutenant Milan, a graduate of the U.S. Military Academy, was commissioned on Aug. 30, 1917. It was stated in the office of the Adjutant General that the revised proofs of the promotion list had gone to the printer on April 18, and that the official War Department print of the promotion list would probably be ready and distribution begun to every officer in the Service by May 1. The Officer Division will be greatly relieved when this list has been distributed because that office has for months been flooded with questions relative to standings on the list and possibilities for promotion.

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY—ESTABLISHED 1862

REG. U. S. PAT. OFFICE

Office, No. 20 Vesey Street, New York,

ARMY AND NAVY GAZETTE.

ESTABLISHED 1879. REG. U. S. PAT. OFFICE

Cable address, Arminavy, New York.

Entered at the New York P.O. as Second Class Matter.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1921.

PERSHING TO COMMAND ARMY G.H.Q.

Will Head Skeletonized War Organization.

Gen. John J. Pershing, U.S.A., will be at the head of a skeletonized general headquarters of the Army, Secretary of War Weeks announced on April 21 in the following statement:

"The Secretary of War stated to-day that he proposed to inaugurate in time of peace a skeletonized general headquarters, the purpose of which is to be instantly prepared for active military operations in time of war. The details of the organization will be given out later. General Pershing will be the head of the skeletonized general headquarters. It will be ready in time of peace to act in time of war."

The skeletonized G.H.Q. organization, the Secretary indicated, will be wholly separate from the office of the Chief of Staff, which will continue to supervise the administration of the Military Establishment in time of peace. The plan is still being worked out. Secretary Weeks said, and it has been found that the details were difficult to arrange owing to the wording of the Army Reorganization act. It is understood that the skeletonized G.H.Q. will have no operating functions and that General Pershing will have a Chief of Staff with four assistants, G-1, G-2, G-3, G-4. Also that representatives from the various departments, branches and staff corps will be detailed to his headquarters. The functions of general headquarters are expected to embrace the study of war plans, carrying a paper organization of the various offices, and the adjustment of the various activities provided for in Sec. 3 of the act of June 4, 1920. In the event of an emergency the skeletonized G.H.Q. would take on an orderly expansion and begin to operate as the general headquarters of the forces assigned to it.

General Pershing will serve directly under the command of President Harding, as Constitutional Commander-in-Chief of the Army, and while the orders of the President and Secretary of War may be delivered to him through the medium of the Chief of Staff, he and his force will not be under the Chief of Staff.

One press comment was that the assignment as head of the skeletonized organization does not preclude the possibility of the appointment of General Pershing as Chief of Staff and having an executive assistant charged with the work of that office. Secretary Weeks, however, declined to comment upon the possibility this appointment might be made, or upon a press report that Major Gen. James G. Harbord had been selected to be Chief of Staff. He would neither confirm nor deny rumors that General Harbord was to be selected as Chief of Staff, adding that the selection would be announced within a short time. Similarly he refused to discuss press guesses as to the new assignment to be given Major Gen. Peyton C. March if relieved as Chief of Staff, and added that speculation along the line that General March was to take the Hawaiian Department was not justified. "General March," Mr. Weeks said, "is one of the best officers of the Army, and he will be given an assignment of importance."

Secretary Weeks explained that before the war Marshal Joffre had been selected to command the armies of France and had prepared skeletonized headquarters to be available for instant action in case of war, and it so functioned when war was declared. It had proved a good policy then for France and it was apparent that the Secretary believed a similar establishment would be good policy for the United States. He proposed to inaugurate the skeletonized G.H.Q. in time of peace with the idea of being "instantly prepared for active military operations in time of war." Secretary Weeks desired it understood that the plans now being completed made no material change in the functions of the Army during peace times.

The suggestion of a skeletonized general headquarters was broached in the War Plans Division of the War Department General Staff some time ago, and apparently the plan was laid before Secretary Weeks and he and General Pershing in their conferences have come to an agreement. It was also said when General Pershing gave up his residence in Chevy Chase, Md., several weeks ago he took quarters in the city of Washington in order that his activities might be more closely allied to the War Department than they have been in the last year. It is expected that it will take some time for General Pershing to formulate his new duties and to start his office functioning properly. There has been little official comment as to details.

Sections of Reorganization Act Affected.

It is possible that later on legislation may be necessary if the skeletonized G.H.Q. idea is to be fully carried out. At present General Pershing will serve merely under the direction of the Secretary of War for an unspecified period. It is of interest to note the sections of the Army Reorganization act that apply or that it might be necessary to amend if the plan for a skeletonized war

organization in time of peace is to be further carried out under the command of General Pershing. These are:

Sec. 3. Organization of the Army.—The Organized peace establishment, including the Regular Army, the National Guard and the Organized Reserves, shall include all of those divisions and other military organizations necessary to form the basis for a complete and immediate mobilization for the national defense in the event of a national emergency declared by Congress.

Sec. 5. General Staff Corps.—The duties of the War Department General Staff shall be to prepare plans for national defense and the use of the military forces for that purpose, both separately and in conjunction with the naval forces, and for the mobilization of the manhood of the nation and its material resources in an emergency. The Chief of Staff shall preside over the War Department General Staff and, under the direction of the President, or of the Secretary of War under the direction of the President, shall cause to be made, by the War Department General Staff, the necessary plans for recruiting, organizing, supplying, equipping, mobilizing, training and demobilizing the Army of the United States and for the use of the military forces for national defense.

Under the Army Reorganization act of June 4, 1920, only three duties are specified for the General of the Army. These include: Acting as the presiding officer of the board appointed to select the General Staff Corps in (Sec. 5); acting as one of the members of the War Council of the War Department (Sec. 5b); the senior officer of the board appointed for the filling of vacancies (Sec. 24).

Conjectures as to Chief of Staff.

Military circles in Washington for some six weeks have been awaiting an announcement from Secretary of War Weeks as to a Chief of Staff to succeed Major Gen. Peyton C. March, and since the Secretary has stated that he would make the announcement following the confirmation of the general officers whose appointments were given out April 13, conjecture has centered upon officers on the list of nominations still before the Senate. Secretary Weeks, when asked whether his selection for Chief of Staff appeared on the list of nominees, answered that it was not for him to say. In the branches of the War Department the making of "slates" as to the probable selection has served to sustain interest, and there has been remarkable unanimity in the prognostications as to the officers among whom the selection will fall. Practically all "slates" carry the names of Major Gens. James G. Harbord, David C. Shanks and William G. Haan. Major Gens. William M. Wright and Charles P. Summerall are also frequently mentioned. There is considerable individual opinion that the selection may fall to Major Gen. Clarence R. Edwards, but as he is due to go on the retired list on Jan. 1, 1923, it is not generally anticipated that he would be named for the office.

AMENDMENT OF NATIONAL GUARD LAW.

Changes in Army Reorganization Act Recommended.

The War Department came to the decision some time since that because of actual obstructive effect of four of the provisions of the National Defense act as amended by the Army Reorganization act of June 4, 1920, relating to the National Guard, it will recommend to the extraordinary session of Congress that these four sections be amended. This decision was reached after a study of the provisions in the War Plans Division of the War Department General Staff had been made before the Adjutants General Association met in Washington and formulated a statement as to the desirability of amending eleven sections of the law, as noted in our issue of March 26, page 819. The association, after its meeting in Washington, sent a committee to the War Department, one member of which is a state adjutant general now on duty in the War Plans Division. The result of that conference was that it was found there were no essential differences from a broad viewpoint as to modification of the law so far as the National Guard is concerned between the statement of the Adjutants General Association and the War Department. The War Department, it is declared, does not believe that sufficient experience has been had with the existing law to warrant the recommendation of as many changes as suggested by the association for consideration in the extraordinary session of Congress. However, the War Department has under consideration the recommendation of modifications covering essentially the same amendments, at least to accomplish the same objects, in the following sections:

Sec. 37, relating to the Officers' Reserve Corps.

Sec. 99, relating to National Guard officers and men at Service schools.

Sec. 109, relating to pay for National Guard officers.

Sec. 110, relating to disbursement of National Guard funds by state officers.

The Adjutants General Association suggested amendment of the sections indicated as follows:

Sec. 37. Amendment to make National Guard officers eligible for Reserve commission in their present National Guard grades. Insert after "any person now serving" the words "or hereafter commissioned and recognized."

Sec. 99. Amend by adding after the words "practical course of instruction" the following: "and for the necessary period of travel from and to his home station." Amend further by striking out the final proviso.

Sec. 109. Amend tenth line by striking out the words "captains commanding organizations" and inserting in lieu thereof "commanding officers of companies and corresponding units."

Sec. 110. Amend to read: All amounts appropriated for the purpose of this and the last preceding section shall be disbursed and accounted for by the United States property and disbursing officers of the several states, and all disbursements under the provisions of this and the preceding section shall be made as soon as practicable after the last days of March, June, September and December of each year upon pay rolls, etc.

It was not stated at the War Department in what particulars its modifications would meet the views of

the association in relation to these four sections. The association also recommended the modification of Sections 58, composition of the National Guard; 60, organization of units; 62, number of men; 64, assignment to brigades and divisions; 65, chiefs of staff of National Guard divisions; 67, appropriation, apportionment and disbursement of funds; 81, detailing National Guard officers to Militia Bureau. In view of the fact that the amended law has been in operation less than one year, the War Department believes the time has not yet arrived for considering general revision, but the department may recommend amendment of Sections 37, 99, 109 and 110, referred to above, so as to bring about a healthy development of the National Guard, such as was intended by Congress.

FEW APPLY FOR JUNIOR ARMY GRADE.

Less than 1,000 Seek Second Lieutenancies.

Where the War Department expected some 3,000 applicants for authorization to take the examination for appointment in the Regular Army in the grade of second lieutenant, less than 900 have been recorded so far in the nine corps areas. When all reports are at hand it is expected that not more than ten per cent. more names will be added, which will make the actual number of candidates about 950. The commanding generals of the corps areas were called upon to submit, under date of April 15, the probable number of candidates in their respective areas to be authorized to undergo the final examination scheduled for April 25-30. The numbers reported follow:

Corps Areas—Candidates: First, 120; 2d, 88; 3d, 110; 4th, 118; 5th, 72; 6th, 80; 7th, 106; 8th, 79; 9th, 94. Total, 887.

In order to increase the number of candidates so far as practicable the War Department has authorized the acceptance of late applicants for the preliminary examination so that this test may be taken immediately preceding the final examination.

It was the opinion of officers familiar with the situation that insufficient time had been provided between the announcement of the examination, which was on Feb. 24, and the beginning of the tests, April 25, barely two months. Again, the opportunity offered to young men to get a commission in the Army had no wide general circulation because of the decentralization of the matter, for one reason, and because the change of administration and stress of news of national interest rather crowded out of the press news concerning the approaching examination. What further steps may be taken by the War Department is problematical, although the policy has been to go slow in filling the vacancies in the junior grades, of which there are now 2,802 which could be filled by appointment from examination, including the 1921 graduates of the U.S. Military Academy. There is small hope that a large number of graduates of colleges and schools having R.O.T.C. units will be available for appointment for all these institutions will graduate this year only 1,100 young men who have applied for commission in the Officers' Reserve Corps. It had been anticipated that the R.O.T.C. graduates would provide a high grade and full reservoir of officer material, but in this also the War Department has met disappointment. The Army as a career, it was said, appears to be less attractive now, as is usual immediately after a war; but in some quarters the atmosphere of dissatisfaction which has emanated from new appointees under the Army Reorganization act is blamed for much of the reluctance shown by young men qualified to take the examination for appointment. The small number of candidates is nonetheless surprising in view of the fact that fully a thousand making high marks in the examination would pass immediately into the grade of first lieutenant.

NOTES OF THE NAVY.

President to Review Atlantic Fleet.

With eleven battleships, including the three ships of the midshipmen squadron, from ten to twenty submarines, the U.S.S. Rochester and eighteen destroyers, and the train, the U.S. Atlantic Fleet, Admiral Henry B. Wilson, commander-in-chief, will pass in review before President Harding off the Virginia Capes on April 28. The President and his party will leave Washington on the evening of April 27 and will return to Washington immediately after the review, arriving on April 29. The reviewing vessel will be the U.S.S. Mayflower. It is expected that in the President's party will be many members of the Senate and House Committees on Naval Affairs; also nearly all members of the Cabinet. The Mayflower will be anchored about one-half mile east of Old Point Comfort and there will probably be a reception for the President and his guests on Admiral Wilson's flagship, Pennsylvania, following the review.

Pacific Fleet May Visit Australasia.

There is still a strong probability of a visit to Australasia by the Pacific Fleet, it is learned at the Navy Department, and it is expected that Secretary Denby will come to a decision on the proposed voyage within the next few weeks. The Navy Department has been strongly urged to authorize the visit, and former Secretary Daniels was favorably disposed toward the idea. The schedule of employment of the Pacific Fleet carries the routine to and including Aug. 31, however, and if the trip is made it will necessarily be after that date. Officers of the Navy on duty with the Pacific Fleet are known to be in favor of the visit, and it is believed the fleet would receive a warm welcome in Australia, New

Zealand and New South Wales, particularly as the soldiers from those countries fought side by side with Americans on the fields of France. Unless conditions arise which would make it inadvisable to have the Fleet make the trip it is probable that the Fleet will leave the Pacific coast for Australia early next fall.

One Office for Secretary Denby.

Having decided that the efficiency of the various bureau chiefs who must necessarily consult him on important matters of administration was affected by a division of his time between two offices, Secretary Denby on April 18 decided to occupy his office in the new Navy building in Potomac Park, Washington, exclusively. The spacious and sumptuously furnished offices he abandoned in the State, War and Navy building may now be allotted to the State or War Departments, as may be decided. Secretary Denby, it was stated, was moved by no other consideration in coming to this decision, for bureau chiefs had to lose considerable time to go to the "up-town" office which the Secretary has occupied mornings, to consult him, and then return to the new Navy building. He came to the conclusion that concentration in one office would be more satisfactory all around, and that members of Congress could just as well see him in the building which contains all the offices of the Navy Department. The Secretary of the Navy had been allotted the offices in the State, War and Navy building since that structure was completed. For the Navy there remains now only the Navy Library in the building, which is housed in a specially constructed section on the fourth and fifth floors, in the construction of which marble from various countries and tiles from Great Britain were used, these being gifts from the various nations. As the new Navy building is undergoing a rearrangement of its interior to make space in two wings for the U.S. Shipping Boards, the Navy offices are being congested to an extent that would leave little if any space for the equipment of the Navy Library, so it is believed the library will be retained where it is for some time to come.

Secretary Denby to Visit Great Lakes.

Secretary of the Navy Denby has planned to leave Washington on April 30 for a visit to the Great Lakes Naval Training Station. On May 1 he is to make a complete inspection of the station, going to Chicago in the evening. On May 2 he will review 10,000 bluejackets at the training station, and will also address several thousand school teachers and ex-Service men. The same evening he will be the honor guest of the Union League Club at a dinner given for him in Chicago. Leaving that city the same night, the Secretary will arrive in Washington on May 4.

Selection of Navy Line Officers.

Recommendations for the permanent promotion of eight officers to the grade of rear admiral, thirty-five to the grade of captain, and eighty-nine to the grade of commander will be made by the line selecting board which is to convene at the Navy Department about May 15. In the order issued by direction of the Secretary of the Navy it is stated that recommendations of officers in the following status will be submitted to the board: Those holding temporary appointments as rear admiral, captain and commander, and those holding permanent appointments as captain, commander and lieutenant commander who have served continuously in such grades, including service under temporary appointments, since Nov. 30, 1917. Officers eligible for selection have the right to forward through official channels such written communications relative to any matter they deem important in the consideration of their cases, as provided in law. Letters should be received in the Bureau of Navigation not later than May 25. Health records in brief dispatches will be forwarded by Medical officers where disability is shown, but where no such entry appears on health report, report will be made in writing.

Vacancies in Navy Medical Corps.

A discouraging situation confronts the Medical Corps of the Navy, with little promise of betterment. There have been upward of 600 vacancies, and to fill these there have come into the corps not over six officers appointed from civil life in the last year, and from the Reserve and temporary officers not more than 100 appointments are expected. Resignations of Medical officers have been coming in steadily with the result that any appreciable gain in strength is impossible. The favorable situation as to private practice, of course, is a factor. However, officers in the Medical Corps who believe that the right kind of material could be attracted to the Navy are hopeful that the Navy Department will take some steps with relation to building up the corps in the near future, and that the co-operation of the bureaus in arranging a program of mutual interest and helpfulness, which is the desire of Secretary Denby, will soon become a fact and so influence an amelioration of the discouraging outlook not only in the Medical but in other corps of the Navy.

Census of the Navy.

The strength of the Navy on April 18 included 11,524 officers and 120,305 men; the Marine Corps 1,037 officers and 21,543 men; and the Nurse Corps 467, making a grand total of 12,621 officers and 142,315 men. The Navy increase for the week was 230 and the Marine Corps 34. On an authorized strength of 143,396 the enlisted personnel of the Navy was short 25,412 men and on an authorized strength of 27,400 the Marine Corps was short 6,001 men.

ARMY NOMINATIONS.

Nominations for appointment, promotion and transfer in the Army received by the Senate on April 14, 16 and 20, are given on this page.

The General Officer Nominations.

Interest has been aroused in the dates of rank of the general officers nominated to the Senate for appointment in the Regular Army, as the list appeared in the Congressional Record of April 16. The appointees to be major general show dates of rank as follows: Brig. Gens. Clarence R. Edwards, James W. McAndrew and John L. Hines, from March 5; Henry T. Allen and David C. Shanks, from March 6; Adelbert Cronkhite and William M. Wright, from March 7; George W. Read, Charles H. Muir, Charles T. Mencher and William G. Haan, from March 8; and George Bell, Jr., from March 22. The previous incumbents, of course, held office until March 4, consequently there was no vacancy until March 5. The dates as noted above were given merely for the purpose of providing for the relative rank of the officers appointed, and because the Secretary of War desired this arrangement. The date of rank of the officers appointed to be brigadier generals was made March 5 in all cases. The date of appointment of Col. George F. Downey as assistant to the Quartermaster General was set at March 28 for the reason that Brig. Gen. H. M. Lord failed of confirmation on prior appointment as Chief of Finance, reverting to his status as an assistant Quartermaster General, which he did not vacate until March 28, creating the vacancy to which Colonel Downey has been appointed. Dates of several assistants in the staff corps were arranged with regard to the prior service of the officers and so that their ranks should be consistent.

Twelve Nominations for Brigadier Await Vacancies.

In the list of Army nominations, as printed in the Congressional Record of April 16, it was noted that the names of only fourteen colonels nominated for brigadier general appeared, and naturally there was inquiry as to why the remaining twelve on the list of appointments approved by the President were not sent to the Senate for confirmation. The reason is that there are twelve brigadier generals nominated for appointment as major general and not until these officers have accepted their commissions as major generals will there be vacancies for the remaining twelve colonels to be nominated to the grade of brigadier general. Fourteen colonels have been nominated and for these there exist vacancies in the grade of brigadier general at the present time. As the twelve brigadier generals take their appointments as major generals the twelve remaining colonels appointed brigadier general will automatically fill the vacancies thus created and their nominations will be immediately sent to the Senate for confirmation. The prospective major generals are thus forming a "block" which will be removed upon confirmation and acceptance of new commissions. There is no other significance whatsoever in the omission of the names of Cols. William R. Smith, Dwight E. Aultman, Johnson Hagood, Dennis E. Nolan, W. D. Connor, Fox Conner, Preston Brown, Malin Craig, Henry D. Todd, Jr., A. J. Bowley, William H. Johnston and Robert Alexander, except that their dates of rank will be subsequent to March 5, the date of rank of the fourteen colonels nominated on April 16. It is noted, however, that Col. William R. Smith, who was No. 12 on the list Secretary Weeks gave out as the ranking order, will go down to No. 15 because of the omission of his name from the April 16 nominations.

ARMY NOMINATIONS RECEIVED BY SENATE.

Following are the Army nominations received by the Senate on the dates given:

Nominations received by the Senate April 14, 1921.

OFFICERS' RESERVE CORPS, U.S. ARMY.

Charles Gates Dawes (late brig. gen., U.S.A.) to be a brigadier general in the Officers' Reserve Corps from March 18, 1921.

Nominations received by the Senate April 16, 1921.

APPOINTMENTS IN THE REGULAR ARMY.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

Brigadier generals to be major generals: Clarence R. Edwards, James W. McAndrew, John L. Hines, from March 5, 1921; Henry T. Allen, David C. Shanks, March 6; Adelbert Cronkhite, William M. Wright, March 7; George W. Read, Charles H. Muir, Charles T. Mencher, William G. Haan, March 8; George Bell, Jr., March 22.

Colonels to be brigadier generals, all from March 5, 1921: Grote Hutchison, Cav.; Jesse McI. Carter, Cav.; W. H. Gordon, Inf.; George B. Duncan, Inf.; William Weigel, Inf.; Ernest Hinds, Field Art.; Ulysses G. McAlexander, Inf.; Mark L. Hersey, Inf.; Eli A. Helmick, Inf.; Robert L. Howse, Cav.; William Lassiter, Field Art.; Fred W. Sladen, Inf.; Harry H. Bandholts, Inf.; Hansen E. Ely, Inf.

DEPARTMENT CHIEFS.

(For term of four years, from March 28, 1921.)
Inspector General's Department: Col. John L. Chamberlain to be Inspector General (major general), rank July 1, 1920.

Finance Department: Brig. Gen. Herbert M. Lord, Chief of Finance, rank July 1, 1920.

Signal Corps: Col. George O. Squier, Chief Signal Officer (major general), rank Oct. 6, 1917.

Chemical Warfare Service: Col. Amos A. Fries, Chief of C.W.S. (brigadier general), rank July 1, 1920.

Cavalry: Col. Willard A. Holbrook, Chief of Cav. (major general), rank July 1, 1920.

Field Artillery: Col. William J. Snow, Chief of F.A. (major general), rank July 1, 1920.

Infantry: Col. Charles S. Farnsworth, Chief of Inf. (major general), rank July 1, 1920.

Air Service: Brig. Gen. Charles T. Mencher, Chief of Air Service, rank July 1, 1920.

ASSISTANTS TO DEPARTMENT CHIEFS.

(All for a period of four years and with rank of brigadier general from July 1, 1920.)
Col. William Mitchell, Asst. Chief of Air Service; James T. Kerr, Asst. A.G.; John M. Carson and George F. Downey, Asst. Q.M. General; Harry Taylor, Asst. Chief Engineer; William S. Peirce and George W. Burr, Asst. Chief of Ordnance.

APPOINTMENT IN OFFICERS' RESERVE CORPS.

To be brigadier general, Hugh S. Johnson, late brig. gen., U.S.A., from April 11, 1921.

REAPPOINTMENTS IN REGULAR ARMY.

Quartermaster Corps: W. E. Moore (late capt., Q.M.C.), to be 1st lieut., rank March 26, 1921.

Chemical Warfare Service: F. B. Gerin (late 2d lieut.), to be 1st lieut., rank March 24, 1921.

Signal Corps: W. N. Hughes, Jr. (late major, Inf.), to be major, rank March 18, 1921.

Coast Artillery Corps: P. W. Cole (late 1st lieut., Inf.), to be 1st lieut., rank April 9, 1921.

APPOINTMENTS BY TRANSFER IN REGULAR ARMY.

Q.M.C.: 1st Lieut. Deans C. Howard from Cavalry.

Corps of Engineers: Major Robert G. Williams from Infantry.

CHAPLAIN.

To be chaplain, with rank of captain: Chaplain M. O. Beebe, from March 24, 1921.

PROMOTIONS IN THE PHILIPPINE SCOUTS.

To be majors, with rank from July 1, 1920: Capt. E. B. Daisac, T. K. Collins, Conrad Skiala, Willborn Dent and Vicente Lim.

To be captains: First Lieuts. D. B. Doty, Jr., from July 1, 1920; J. D. Carter, July 21; F. S. y Venturo, Sept. 22; S. F. Rayes, Oct. 15.

To be first lieutenants, with rank from July 17, 1920: Second Lieut. M. S. Sulit.

To be captain, with rank from July 1, 1920: First Lieut. Louis R. Salvosa (not Balvosa).

To be first lieutenant, with rank from July 1, 1920: Second Lieut. Fermon A. Shultz (not Shutta).

APPOINTMENT UNDER TRUE NAME.

I desire consent of Senate to appointment, under his true name, of Augustus Vigilant Noble, major, Q.M.C., with rank from July 1, 1920; also of Antonio Vasquez-Bruno, captain, Inf., with rank from July 1, 1920.

CORRECTING ERRORS IN NAMES OF NOMINATES.

(Names as here given are the correct spellings.)
To be captains, with rank from July 1, 1920: Nels E. Stadig, Louis Cansler (not Gansler), Ashley S. Le Gette, Ernest Esser, Rathford L. Herr, William C. Samford, Floyd W. Ferres, Modesto E. Rodriguez, Jerry V. Matejka (not Matejka), Ira C. Baker (not Baker), M. A. S. Ming (not King), William A. Howland (not Nowland), Peter Hansen (not Hansen), George E. Huthsteiner, John A. Hettinger (not Nettinger), Oscar N. Schijver, Paul J. Matte, John A. Ballard (not Ballard), Chester D. Hilton (not Hilton), Benjamin M. Crenshaw (not Crenshaw), and Robert W. Wilson.

To be first lieutenants, with rank from July 1, 1920: Lewis D. Hixson (not Bixson), Tonnes Dennison, Louis C. Mallory, Hans C. Jesperson, Eugmann A. Andersen, Benjamin H. Graban (not Graham), Ernest E. Harmon, D. B. Bolt (not Bolt), Christian S. Anderson, Gerald B. Devore, Albert F. Hegenberger (not Hegenberger), H. F. Hubbell (not Rubbell), and Laurens Claude.

To be first lieutenants, with rank from July 1, 1920: John R. Culleton (not Cullerton), Morrison P. Chitterling, and George Hoanan (not Hennen).

Medical Corps: 1st Lieut. Royal R. Baronides.

Chaplain: Earls M. Stigars.

Nominations received by the Senate April 20, 1921.

PROMOTIONS IN THE REGULAR ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES.

To be majors, with rank from July 1, 1920: Capt. A. W. Barry, Air Ser.; G. C. Charlton and C. H. Corlett, Inf.; W. Korat, Q.M.C.; R. L. Moseley, Inf.; G. H. Steel, Q.M.C.; H. F. Wilson, F.D.

MEDICAL CORPS.

To be captains: First Lieuts. E. C. Hagler, Sept. 10, 1920; H. G. Johnson, Feb. 27, 1921; J. M. Welch, March 6; J. A. Logan, March 11.

REAPPOINTMENTS IN THE REGULAR ARMY OF THE U.S.

Field Artillery: To be major, rank April 13, 1921: H. S. Struble, late capt., Field Art., Regular Army. To be first lieut., rank April 13, 1921: J. M. Johnson, late 1st lieut., F.A., Regular Army.

Air Service: To be 1st lieut., with rank from April 2, 1921: J. B. Haddon, late 2d lieut., Air Ser., Regular Army.

APPOINTMENTS, BY TRANSFER, IN REGULAR ARMY OF THE U.S.

Quartermaster Corps: First Lieut. D. C. Howard, Jr., Cav., rank Sept. 20, 1919.

Ordnance Department: First Lieut. J. J. Breen, Inf., rank Oct. 30, 1919; K. W. Leslie, Inf., rank Nov. 7, 1919.

Field Artillery: Major J. B. W. Corey, Q.M.C., rank May 15, 1917.

Air Service: Capt. H. B. Flounders, Cav., rank Oct. 12, 1917.

Chemical Warfare Service: Capt. G. Marshall, C.A.C., rank July 1, 1920.

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NAVY AND MARINE CORPS NOMINATIONS.

Navy and Marine Corps nominations received by the Senate April 14, 15 and 20 are given below. The nominations of Navy officers received by the Senate on April 20 comprise general promotions and appointments made under the provisions of the personnel sections of the Naval Appropriation act of June 4, 1920, it is stated at the Navy Department. The nominations which failed of confirmation in the final session of the 66th Congress will be resubmitted to the Senate by the President this week, it was expected.

Nominations received by the Senate April 14, 1921.

NAVY.

Judge Advocate General: Capt. Julian L. Latimer to be Judge Advocate General of the Navy, with rank of rear admiral, for a term of four years.

Paymaster General: Pay Director David Potter to be Paymaster General and Chief of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, with rank of rear admiral, for a term of four years.

MARINE CORPS.

Appointments in the Marine Corps: The names of the captains, first lieutenants and second lieutenants recommended for permanent appointment in the Marine Corps, as published on pages 830-1, our issue of March 26, were received by the Senate on April 14.

Nominations received by the Senate April 15, 1921.

Captains to be majors: R. H. Tebba, Jr., from Nov. 26, 1920; G. W. Van Hoose from Jan. 22, 1921; S. P. Budd from March 12, 1921; C. D. Barrett from April 6, 1921.

To be captains: B. F. Fogg and L. G. Malville from June 4, 1920.

To be second lieutenants: J. T. Thornton and G. B. Beatty from June 4, 1920.

Nominations received by the Senate April 20, 1921.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS, U.S. NAVY.

Capt. C. F. Hughes, rear admiral, from Feb. 11, 1921.

Comdr. E. P. Jessop, captain, from Dec. 5, 1920.

Comdr. T. O. Hart, captain, from Feb. 7, 1921.

Comdr. C. R. Miller, captain, from Feb. 11, 1921.

Lieut. Comdr. C. W. Denomar, comdr., from Nov. 26, 1919.

Lieut. Comdr. C. S. McDowell, comdr., from Jan. 1, 1921; E. A. Dawes, C. S. McDowell.

Lieut. L. H. Maxfield, lieut. comdr., from July 1, 1919.

Lieuts. to be lieut. comdr., from Jan. 1, 1921: F. T. Van Auken, G. C. Barnes, L. S. Stewart, S. S. Payne, F. P. Conger.

Lieut. (j.g.) G. S. Gillospie, lieut., from June 1, 1918.

Lieuts. (j.g.) to be lieuts. from June 6, 1920: S. H. Quarles, T. F. Downey, B. S. Killmaster, R. W. Cary.

Lieuts. (j.g.) to be lieuts. from July 1, 1920: A. E. Ginn, O. Nimitz, A. Barnett, E. B. Henning, H. O. Hunter, T. E. Chandler, A. R. Wurts, J. L. McCrea, J. S. Farnsworth, A. R. Stephan, B. S. Berkley, W. A. Kline, Sd, G. Morgan, Van H. Bagdale, T. DeW. Carr, S. W. Kirtland, P. W. F. Huichko, D. B. Duncan, W. P. O. Clarke, R. C. Tobin, H. B. Sallada, C. DeV. Headies, R. Wyman, B. H. Wyatt, L. P. Wessel, J. H. Currier, T. B. Ingalls, D. W. Tomlinson, 4th, G. U. Hawkins, R. T. Galloway, R. B. Parker, J. L. Cotten, J. F. Rose, G. D. Townsend, G. E. Ross, Jr., T. J. Haffey, R. A. Awrey, G. H. Havill, B. R. Alexander, G. W. Sumner, W. J. Forrester, L. Parker, F. H. Dean, A. G. Shepard, G. T. Howard, A. P. Schneider, O. F. Holden, W. V. Shown, G. M. Keller, W. G. Leadley, Jr., D. B. Evans, T. L. Sprague, J. D.

MEDICAL CORPS.

To be captains: First Lieuts. J. M. Bryant, from Nov. 26, 1920; M. F. DuFrene, March 12, 1921; W. J. Carroll and R. L. Peyton, March 22; J. W. Somerville, March 25; C. H. Manlove, Jr., March 30; C. B. De Forest, April 3; S. D. Avery and W. H. L. Reinhardt, April 8; F. J. Olane, April 10.

VETERINARY CORPS.

To be lieutenant colonel: Major E. J. Cramer, from Jan. 8, 1921.

To be first lieutenants: Second Lieuts. W. O. Hughes and H. E. Van Tuyl, from Sept. 12, 1920; G. B. Skinner, April 1, 1921; H. K. Moore, April 2.

Jacobs, C. A. F. Sprague, H. E. Halland, G. G. Breed, G. Rowe, C. C. Miller, H. D. Stailey, O. R. Bennerhoff, W. A. S. Macklin, W. K. Phillips.
Ensigns to be lieuts. (j.g.) from March 30, 1920: J. E. Ostrand, Jr., W. P. O. Clarke, P. W. F. Haschke, H. B. Sudd, B. O. Wells.
Acting Ensign J. H. Currier, lieut (j.g.), from May 26, 1920.
Ensigns to be lieuts. (j.g.) from June 5, 1918.
Ensigns to be lieuts. (j.g.) from June 26, 1920: T. L. Sprague, J. D. Jacobs, G. E. F. Sprague, H. E. Halland, G. G. Breed, G. Rowe, G. O. Miller, H. D. Stailey, O. R. Bennerhoff, W. A. S. Macklin, T. B. Ingalls, H. D. W. Tomlinson, 4th, G. C. Hawkins, R. T. Gallenmore, E. B. Parker, J. L. Cotten, J. W. Rowe, G. D. Townsend, G. E. Rose, Jr., T. J. Haffey, W. K. Phillips.
Acting ensigns to be lieuts. (j.g.) from July 1, 1920: S. B. Blaisdell and R. G. Bartlett.

Ensigns to be lieuts. (j.g.) from July 1, 1920: A. S. Adams, T. P. Jeter, H. R. Thurber, L. N. Morgan, L. C. Ramsey, H. R. Herbert, C. L. Andrews, Jr., C. J. Bond, M. R. Greet, F. N. Sayre, P. D. Dingwell, C. McGuire, J. R. Redman, W. E. Hibbert, F. P. Foster, J. B. Sykes, D. A. Powell, W. E. Clayton, B. H. Colyar, W. D. Whitehead, R. L. Boller, P. H. Talbot, J. B. McDonald, Jr., J. G. Atkins, J. L. Reynolds, H. S. Woodman.

Passed assistant surgeons (T) to be passed asst. surgs., rank of lieut., from Aug. 3, 1920, in accordance with act of June 4, 1920: J. B. Bostick, B. F. McDonald, J. K. Gordon, F. N. Pugley.

Passed assistant surgeons, U.S.N.R.F., to be passed asst. surgs., rank of lieut., from Aug. 3, 1920: W. P. Dey, R. W. Hughes, J. T. O'Connell, H. DeW. Hubbard, P. A. McLendon, M. S. Stover, H. L. Wyatt.

Asst. Surg. J. A. Omer to be a passed asst. surg., rank of lieut., from April 22, 1918.

Assistant surgeons to be passed asst. surgs., rank of lieut., from June 6, 1920: B. P. Davis, D. H. O'Rourke, R. B. Miller, R. B. Team, E. A. Daws, W. J. Spencer, P. T. Crosby, H. S. Summerlin, L. B. Marshall, L. B. Greene, C. R. Riney.

Assistant surgeons to be passed asst. surgs., rank of lieut., from July 1, 1920: N. W. Sheley, J. H. Robbins, H. H. Montgomery, O. Davis, C. P. Archambault, A. M. Menendez, R. H. White, C. L. Andrus, E. Peterson, J. L. Schwartz, P. A. Nolan, W. H. Wynn, G. U. Pillmore, F. P. Gardner.

Citizens to be asst. surgs., with rank of lieut. (j.g.), from March 30, 1921: B. Hollander, of California; J. C. Flotte, of Pennsylvania.

Officers of U.S.N.R.F. to be passed asst. surgs., rank of lieut., from Aug. 3, 1920: E. H. Sparkman, Jr., E. C. Taylor.

Passed Asst. Dental Surg. T. White (T) to be a passed asst. dental surg., rank of lieut., from Aug. 3, 1920.

Passed assistant dental surgeons of U.S.N.R.F. to be passed asst. dental surgs., rank of lieut., from Aug. 3, 1920: F. A. Batkin, P. A. McColl, F. W. Mitchell.

H. J. Hill, of California, to be an assistant dental surgeon, rank of lieut. (j.g.), from April 2, 1921.

Asst. Paymr. H. W. Rusk, Jr., passed asst. paymr., rank of lieut., from June 5, 1917.

Assistant paymasters to be passed asst. paymr., rank of lieut., from July 1, 1920: R. W. Swearingen, R. B. Huff, R. B. Langford, J. P. Jackson, M. G. Starlow, M. J. Stubbs, P. A. Caro.

Prof. of Math. G. K. Calhoun, an additional number in grade, to be a professor of mathematics, rank of comdr., from July 28, 1920.

Prof. of Math. T. W. Johnson, professor of mathematics, rank of comdr., from July 28, 1920.

Naval Constr. G. U. Westervelt, naval constr., rank of comdr., from Sept. 24, 1920.

Naval constructors to be naval constructors, rank of comdr., from Jan. 1, 1921: C. W. Fisher, Jr., A. H. Van Keuren, W. P. Drury, H. C. Richardson, R. W. Ryden, H. S. Howard.

Chaplain H. Dunstrey to be a chaplain, rank of lieut., from Nov. 3, 1920.

Chaplains (T) to be chaplains, rank of lieut., from Nov. 3, 1920: H. S. Dyer, A. J. Hayes, A. N. Park, Jr., G. S. Rents, B. D. Stephens, C. V. Ellis, C. A. Neyman, H. M. Peterson, R. W. Shrum, W. N. Thomas.

Chaplains of U.S.N.R.F. to be chaplains, rank of lieut., from Nov. 3, 1920: J. S. Day and W. P. Williams.

Chaplains (T) to be chaplains, rank of lieut. (j.g.), from Nov. 3, 1920: J. H. S. Putnam, J. H. Hyde, L. D. Gottschall, W. T. Holt, R. M. Peil.

Chaplain A. de G. Vogler, U.S.N.R.F., to be a chaplain, rank of lieut. (j.g.), from Nov. 3, 1920.

Machinists to be chief machinists, rank but with after ensign, from Dec. 28, 1920: J. P. Millon, W. S. Holloway, A. A. F. Alm.

MARINE CORPS.

To be first lieuts. from June 4, 1920: L. E. Rea, R. Skinner, A. F. Sennholz.

To be second lieuts. from June 4, 1920: H. N. Feist, E. U. Hakala, I. G. Hamilton, M. D. Smith.

COAST GUARD NOMINATION.

Nomination received by the Senate April 14, 1921.

Cadet Norman R. Stiles to be ensign in the Coast Guard, to take effect from date of oath.

U. S. NAVY AIRBOAT ACTIVITIES.

The Airboat Squadron, consisting of eight F-5-L airboats of the U.S. Atlantic Fleet Air Force, arrived in Philadelphia April 15, after maneuvers with the fleet during the past winter off the south coast of Cuba and Panama. The boats are accompanied by the U.S.S. Shawmut, which carries the supplies necessary for their operation and maintenance, thus making them entirely independent of any shore station. The squadron left Philadelphia Dec. 15 and joined the fleet at Guantanamo. From there they proceeded to Panama, flying across the Caribbean Sea with stops at the islands of Jamaica and Old Providence. Returning to Guantanamo in February, the flight was along the Central American coast across the Yucatan Channel to the south coast of Cuba, where the airboats rejoined the fleet for the gunnery and torpedo exercises, in which the kite balloon and ship-plane divisions of the Fleet Air Force, based on Guantanamo, also took part.

A noteworthy feature of the trip south was the joining of the Airboat Squadrons of Atlantic and Pacific Fleets at Panama, this being the first time aircraft have flown from the United States to Panama. In addition to work with the fleet, the Air Force made valuable photographic surveys of Guantanamo Bay and the Isle of Pines for the Hydrographic Office, which will greatly lessen the labor of the surveyors who have been engaged in this work for several years. The officers and men are glad to return to Philadelphia after an absence of four months, during which the air boats averaged 8,400 miles of flying. Leave has been granted to the officers and men, after which the squadron will assemble at Hampton Roads preparatory to bombing the ex-German warships off the Capes of the Chesapeake.

Navy Flying Boats Outride Gale.

The seaworthiness of U.S. Navy flying boats is well illustrated in a report from the commanding officer of the U.S. Naval Air Station at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, which has just been received at the Navy Department. Two HS-2L boats from Pearl Harbor, the report says, made a return trip to Hanamaula Bay, Kauai, and while at Kauai encountered stormy weather. The planes returned to Pearl Harbor, however, without damage. While anchored at Kauai the storm burst with great intensity and notwithstanding the fact that the heavy gales exceeded forty miles an hour, the two planes, each with a 40-pound whaleboat anchor, held fast for two days. The crews were forced to remain on board the seaplanes

from the time they left Pearl Harbor until their return, because the sea was too rough for small craft to come alongside. The U.S.S. Eagle 40, which accompanied the planes as tender, while at anchor during the storm, parted her starboard anchor chain, and the sea was so rough and the wind so strong that the remaining anchor would not hold the ship, and she was compelled to put to sea for safety. In wind and rain so rough that an Eagle boat was unable to maintain her anchorage the two seaplanes swung at their moorings in perfect safety.

SUIT OVER PROMOTION LIST.

Secretary of War's Answer to Captain Lyon Filed.

Capt. Terry A. Lyon, J.A.G. Dept., U.S.A., requested the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia on March 1 to issue a writ of mandamus to the Secretary of War, commanding and directing him to annul and cancel the promotion list as now prepared and directing that he prepare or cause to be prepared a promotion list so as to arrange all captains appointed in the Regular Army and Philippine Scouts after April 6, 1917, and all captains appointed under the provisions of the act of June 4, 1920, among themselves in the order of their length of commissioned service, followed by first lieutenants arranged among themselves, and likewise the second lieutenants. In reply, as directed by the court, the Secretary of War on April 15 filed in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia a memorandum brief in which it is stated that the plain terms of the statute led to but one conclusion, and that is the construction placed upon it by the War Department.

The history of the system of promotion of officers formerly employed is reviewed in the reply, setting forth the regulation governing promotions in the Army from the beginning of the nineteenth century. On May 26, 1801, an order was issued by the Secretary of War which declared that "promotions to the rank of captain shall be made regimentally, and to the rank of major and lieutenant colonel in the lines of the Artillery and Infantry, respectively," which order became applicable later to the Cavalry and the Riflemen, and finally the system was extended to all branches of the Service and continued so until 1889. A regulation was then adopted by the War Department providing for promotion to the rank of captain to be made regimentally, to major, lieutenant colonel and colonel according to the arm of Service. The evils of inequality as to promotion resulting from that system in the different branches of the Service were described, and the case of the Custer fight at the Little Big Horn in 1876 was cited as an example of its operation, when practically half of the officers of the 7th Cavalry were wiped out, with the effect of making promotion immediate for the other half.

The reply goes on to show that the next step was the so-called "lineal promotion" provided by Sec. 1 of the act of Oct. 1, 1890 (26 Stat. 562), which reads: "Hereafter promotions to every grade in the Army below the rank of brigadier general, throughout each arm, corps or department of the Service, shall, subject to the examination hereinafter provided for, be made according to seniority in the next lower grade of that arm, corps or department." The result of this act was pointed out, stating that besides not equalizing promotion to the extent that it was desirable, it divided the Army into as many cliques as there were branches in the Service, and that each clique was habitually urging upon Congress, at almost every session, the especial needs of its own branch, rather than of the Army as a whole. This resulted in special legislation from 1890 to 1920, causing great disparities in rank among officers of the same length of service, but of different branches of the Service, which resulted in dissatisfaction and disgruntlement. This led Congress to attempt to establish a system which would do away with such inequalities and disparities and with the lobbying and urging of special interests. The end sought was that the interests of the Army as a whole should take precedence over the interests of any of its parts, and to make the interest of the officer the interest of the institution rather than that of his own branch; to take away from him the self-interest which would do away with such inequalities and disparities and with the lobbying and urging of special interests. 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palities in the establishment of local airdromes, landing fields, and other necessary facilities." Four appendices are added to the report devoted to: Continental Airways and Approximate Costs; Necessary Aerological Service and Estimate of Costs; Co-operation among Various Departments of the Government Concerned with Aviation; and Co-operation of War and Agricultural Departments and Operating Cost of Forest Fire Control. The committee, on which the Army is represented by Major Gen. Charles T. Menoher, Chief of the Air Service, and the Navy by Capt. William A. Moffet, Director of Naval Aviation, was invited into conference with President Harding on the afternoon of April 21 at the Executive Offices.

NOTES OF NAVY PERSONNEL.

Rear Admiral Philip Andrews, U.S.N., commanding the U.S. Naval Detachment in Adriatic waters, arrived at Belgrade, Serbia, April 19, 1921, with a special mission on a tour of inspection. He returned to Spalato April 20, after being received by members of the Serbian government and the Prince Regent.

Rear Admiral Joseph L. Jayne, U.S.N., commanding the train of the U.S. Pacific Fleet, has been suffering from a stroke of paralysis. He recently appeared before a retiring board at Mare Island, Calif., of which Vice Admiral C. S. Williams was president, and it is understood was recommended for retirement on account of disability incident to the service.

Capt. Joseph A. Murphy, Med. Corps, U.S.N., assistant chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, has been relieved by Capt. Frank E. McCullough, Med. Corps, U.S.N., who has been in command of the naval hospital at Brooklyn, N.Y. Captain Murphy will be stationed in the bureau on inspection duty.

Comdr. Percy W. Foote, U.S.N., who has been naval aid to former Secretary Daniels since July 31, 1918, when he relieved Comdr. J. F. Daniels, on April 15 was assigned to command of the scout cruiser Salem of the Pacific Fleet. Commander Foote was in command of the U.S.S. President Lincoln when that transport was sunk by an enemy submarine and in recognition of his distinguished and heroic conduct in saving the crew of the ship he was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal. As aid to Secretary Daniels he had supervision of matters of public interest and his impartial courtesy to the press won him the sincere friendship of every correspondent covering Navy Department activities.

Navy Bureau Chiefs Confirmed.

The Senate on April 21 confirmed the nominations of Capt. Julian L. Latimer to be J.A.G. with rank of rear admiral, and Pay Dir. David Potter to be Paymaster General and Chief of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, both for four years.

Resignations of Navy Officers.

Resignations of officers of the Navy were accepted by Secretary Denby during the week of April 14-21, as follows: Permanent, Lieut. Comdr. A. W. Hoaglund and Lieuts. J. E. Bellinger and A. M. Menendez, Med. Corps; temporary, Lieut. (j.g.) J. L. Taylor, Chief Gun. A. F. Wallis, Gunners B. McIntire, W. A. Blumke, E. M. Weber and W. T. Garrison, Macha. F. F. Worth and H. L. Lilla and Carp. W. F. Dickerson.

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt Flies to Cuba.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt left Miami, Fla., for Havana on April 20, says an Associated Press dispatch from the former city. It was added that while in the Cuban capital he would confer with U.S. Minister Bonz Long, although on what subject was not stated. After leaving Havana the Assistant Secretary, it was said, intended visiting the Atlantic Fleet, now in southern waters.

VARIOUS NAVAL ITEMS.

The mail address of the U.S.S. Bath has been changed from Postmaster, New York city, to Postmaster, San Francisco, Calif.

Navy Register for 1921.

The official Navy Register for 1921 is expected shortly from the public printer, final proofs having been approved during the week. This issue of the Navy Register will be of more than ordinary interest to officers of the Service, for it will follow the arrangement as to precedence required by the decision of the Attorney General.

Navy Service Blouse Extension.

Orders were issued by the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, this week, under date of April 9, stating that by direction of the Secretary of the Navy the period during which the single breasted service blouse may be worn is extended to and including Dec. 31, 1921. This is the blouse with the standing collar, still a favorite with many of the ranking officers of the Navy.

Navy Relief Society.

At the suggestion of one of the auxiliaries of the Navy Relief Society, the Board of Managers, at its meeting on Jan. 27 last, unanimously adopted a resolution designating May 1, "Dewey Day," of each year as the date on which special efforts be made to increase the membership, receive dues and generally advance the interests of the society by auxiliaries and stations. During the war the funds for the society's work of aiding the needy dependents of men who die in the Service were contributed, almost wholly, by the general public, and the purpose of setting aside one day, as above, is to enlist the co-operation of the officers and enlisted men of the Service whose dependents, alone, are the objects of the society's care. During the year 1919 the amount paid to beneficiaries amounted to \$69,368.10, and in 1920 to \$47,658.95. The disbursements since the formation of the society, in 1904, total \$299,533.29, all received through voluntary contributions.

Navy Mutual Aid Association.

By the practically unanimous vote of its membership, the Navy Mutual Aid Association has authorized the payment of policy of \$4,647.33 to Mrs. Idella Langdon, mother of Lieut. W. H. Langdon, U.S.N., who on Jan. 9 was shot and killed by a Japanese sentry at Vladivostok. Two days prior to his death, Lieutenant Langdon wrote making formal application to the association for membership, including a check for \$22.00, entrance fee and ten assessments. Long before this letter reached the Navy Department in Washington, full details of Lieut.

tenant Langdon's tragic death had been received by wireless. His letter was received on Feb. 6, 1921, by Rear Admiral Cowie, secretary and treasurer of the association, a month after his death. The application, which bore the date of Jan. 6, a day previous to that of the letter itself, was in proper shape but the constitution and by-laws provided that applications must be passed upon by the directors before the insurance was in effect. Before final action in the case, the directors decided to let the membership vote on the amendment to the constitution, using Lieutenant Langdon's case as a specific example. With very few exceptions, the entire membership voted for the change so that Lieutenant Langdon's policy became effective from the time he filed his check to cover entrance fee and assessments. The membership of the association has been increased since Admiral Cowie became secretary and treasurer by 781 members, and the benefit from \$4,120.91 to \$5,441.75, showing an increase of about \$5,831.800.

MARINE CORPS NOTES.

Major Henry Leonard, U.S.M.C., retired, was on April 14 detailed as a member of the Army Remount Board as reconstituted on April 5.

The resignation of Capt. Nimmo Old, U.S.M.C., who has been on duty at the American Legation, Managua, Nicaragua, has been tendered, effective on April 30.

Secretary Denby, accompanied by Major Gen. Commandant John A. Lejeune, U.S.M.C., visited Quantico, Va., April 20, and held an inspection and review of the Marines stationed there. He addressed the personnel gathered in the gymnasium and recalled his own experience at the post and noted the changes which had been made since the war. The Secretary visited all the important points in the camp, watched the practice on the rifle range, and was especially interested in the hospital. He complimented Brig. Gen. Smedley D. Butler, commanding officer, upon the appearance of the men, the improvement of the post, and the evidences of efficiency he had noted, and said he was gratified particularly with the forward-going spirit manifested on all sides.

Major Gen. George Barnett, U.S.M.C., commanding the Pacific Department, Marine Corps, who is in Washington on leave, has been receiving the congratulations of officers at headquarters upon the evident improvement in his health since he was assigned to the California post.

U.S. NAVY WITHDRAWS ADRIATIC SHIPS.

Orders withdrawing U.S. Navy forces from Adriatic waters, where ships have been on duty since early in the World War, were issued by direction of Secretary Denby during the week. The cruiser Olympia, flagship of Rear Admiral Philip Andrews, U.S.N., and the cruiser Chatanooga have been ordered home and will be assigned to one of the major divisions of the Atlantic Fleet. Four vessels of Destroyer Division 35 will go from the Adriatic to the Black Sea, relieving four destroyers which were long since assigned to the Asiatic Fleet and held in the Black Sea engaged in activities connected with Near East relief. Only such vessels as may be assigned to the Adriatic by Vice Admiral Albert P. Niblack, commanding U.S. Navy forces in European waters, will operate in that vicinity. Secretary Denby stated that the withdrawal order was issued because the work of Admiral Andrews' forces had been completed. The Secretary spoke in commendation of Admiral Andrews, who as American high commissioner and senior American Navy officer in the Adriatic, represented the United States in that theater for the last two years; and of his officers and men for the manner in which they had performed a delicate and difficult duty.

EXTENDED USE OF NAVAL HOSPITALS.

Based on a commendable humanitarian impulse, the Navy Relief Society is reported to be exerting its influence toward having the wives and members of the families of Navy officers and enlisted men admitted as patients in U.S. Naval Hospitals. It is understood that Secretary Denby was strongly inclined toward this plan of expansion at first, but on learning of the additional medical officers, female nurses and hospital corpsmen necessary to care for such patients his enthusiasm is said to have waned. For the Medical Corps of the Navy, which, individually and collectively, recognizes the fine impulse behind the plan, it must be said that under the present scheme of administration the plan would hardly fit in, for the reason that for the wives and children, mothers and sisters of officers and enlisted men there is no way of making the change from hospital corpsmen and finding women to do their duties, as is considered necessary with the admission of both sexes in Navy hospitals. The Navy finds it extremely difficult to secure female nurses at the present time. The adoption of the plan would mean a radical change in administration and in regulations, and whether this is advisable or possible now or in the near future is a matter for serious consideration, in which the question of added expense will be a prominent factor.

BOMBING PRACTICE AT ROCKAWAY NAVY STATION.

Under the direction of Comdr. Damon E. Cummings, U.S.N., commanding at the Rockaway Beach (N.Y.) Naval Air Station, bombing practice has been going on in preparation for the air attacks on the former German warships that are planned to begin after June 1. "The best idea of what a naval air service bombing plane could do to a battleship is gained from a study of some of the charts prepared from practice of the last few weeks," says the New York World. "One taken at random reveals that of ten bombs discharged from the 1,000-foot level, eight would have struck a battleship 600 feet long by 42-foot beam, while a ninth, exploding close astern, might easily have done enough damage to steering gear to put the vessel hors de combat. The tenth bomb dropped wild. Observers ashore record the course of each bomb dropped at Rockaway, triangulation being the method. Intricate calculations are a prelude to the final chart, the plane moving in three dimensions against two in which a ship operates, and the course and velocity of the wind entering as important factors. It is practicable," said Commander Cummings, "to reach an accuracy several times as great as now. The marked improvement already attained is highly encouraging. Not only have we registered improvement in human skill, but we have worked out one entirely new method of sighting and have made a great optical advancement."

THE NAVY.

Commander-in-Chief—Warren G. Harding, President
Secretary of the Navy—Edwin Denby.
Assistant Secretary of the Navy—Theodore Roosevelt, Jr.

AVIATION SECTION, U.S.M.C.

Marine Corps Orders 8, March 19, 1921.

707. (1) The strength of the officer personnel of the aviation section of the Marine Corps will consist of the following commissioned and warrant officers: 6 field officers, 16 captains, 79 lieutenants, and 10 marine gunners.

(2) Officers detailed to aviation duty will be detailed for a period of five years unless sooner relieved.

(3) Officers showing marked aptitude for aviation duty may be redetailed after a period of three years or more with troops, in order that officers of command experience and field rank may be available for aviation.

(4) To insure a regular flow in the assignment of commissioned personnel to aviation duty, and to avoid the termination of such service in too great numbers at any one time, officers now serving with Marine Corps aviation units will be grouped, relieved, and returned to line duty upon the expiration of seven, five, and three years of such service.

(5) In submitting fitness reports of officers on aviation duty, commanding officers will note thereon the desirability of a re-detail to aviation duty of the officer concerned, giving particular consideration to the officer's ability for either executive or command assignments in aviation.

NAVY GAZETTE.

Orders to Officers April 15, 1921.

Lieut. L. H. French (M.C.) to duty Naval Hospital, Boston, Mass.
Gunner. J. P. Greer to duty Naval Prison, Portsmouth, N.H.

Lieut. Comdr. G. W. Hewlett to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Maryland and on board as first lieutenant when commissioned.

Lieut. M. M. Holloway to Navy Helium Production Plant, Port Worth, Texas.

Comdr. T. A. Kittinger to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Maryland and on board as Ex. Off. when commissioned.

Lieut. G. L. Roilly (D.C.) to duty 15th Naval District.

Btms. V. J. Walter to duty U.S.S. Montcalm.

Gunner. G. E. Weitman to duty U.S.S. Leonidas.

Lieut. A. Wohltman to duty U.S.S. Despatch.

Lieut. J. D. Avis to home and wait orders.

Lieut. W. T. Brown (M.C.) to U.S.S. Huron.

(Continued on page 940.)

MARINE CORPS GAZETTE.

APRIL 15—Capt. J. H. Platt to M.B., New York, N.Y.
Capt. G. D. Jackson, Jr., to Recruiting Office, St. Louis, Mo.

Capt. J. L. Denham to M.B., Quantico, Va.
Second Lieuts. R. A. Parcell and P. E. McDermott orders to Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va., revoked

Second Lieut. C. G. Haas detached 2d Brigade, D.R., to U.S. April 16—First Lieut. O. E. Kelly to M.B., navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

First Lieut. E. E. Mann to Marine Bks., navy yard, Norfolk.

Second Lieut. S. A. Milliken orders to 1st Brig., Haiti, April 8, revoked.

Second Lieut. T. H. Raymond to M.B., Quantico, Va.

Second Lieut. C. G. Gorkum to M.B., Quantico, Va.

Lieut. G. S. Grove to M.B., Quantico, Va.

Lieut. F. W. Bennett to M.B., Quantico, Va.

Lieut. N. E. True to M.B., Quantico, Va.

Lieuts. J. P. Schwerin, C. Foote and L. B. Reed to M.B., Quantico, Va.

Lieuts. L. A. Hasup and J. A. McShane to M.B., Quantico.

Second Lieut. H. H. Titus to M.B., Quantico, Va.

APRIL 18—Major T. S. Clarke to M.B., Quantico, Va.

Major W. C. Wise, Jr., appointment as Asst. Adjutant and Inspector revoked.

Capt. B. W. Hoffman and 2d Lieut. F. M. Cummings discharged from Marine Corps Reserve (inactive).

Second Lieut. H. E. Leland to Marine Bks., Quantico, Va.

APRIL 19—Capt. W. J. Flanagan to U.S. from 2d Brig., D.R., First Lieut. J. H. Fitzgerald to Hqs. Marine Corps, Washington, treatment Naval Hospital, Washington, D.C.

First Lieut. J. F. McVey appointment as A.Q.M. revoked.

APRIL 20—Col. J. C. Breckinridge to U.S.

First Lieut. A. C. Cottrill to M.B., navy yard, Charleston.

Pay Clerk E. T. Blocker to M.B., Parris Island, S.C.

APRIL 21—Capt. W. M. Marshall to M.B., NOB, Hampton Roads, Va.

Capt. C. E. Mills to U.S.

Second Lieut. G. Aron to U.S.S. Wyoming.

Q.M. Clerk N. Johnston to 2d Brigade, D.R.

COAST GUARD GAZETTE.

APRIL 14—Lieut. Comdr. J. J. Hutson detached Seminole and assigned New York Division.

NAVY G.C.M. CASES.

Ens. Benjamin C. Axley (S.C.), U.S.N.R.F., was found guilty by a G.C.M. at Hampton Roads, Va., of executing a fraud against the United States, and was sentenced to dismissal. The sentence was approved by President Wilson, Dec. 8, 1920. (G.C.M. 135, Dec. 15, 1920, N.D.)

VESSELS OF THE U.S. NAVY.

LATE SHIP MOVEMENTS.

Arethusa. Sailed from Norfolk for Fall River April 19. Chattanooga. Arrived at Antwerp, Belgium, April 17.

Leary. Sailed from Havana for Guantanamo April 21.

Mars. Arrived at Villefranche April 19.

Overton. Arrived at Constantinople April 19.

Satterlee. Sailed from Balboa for Guantanamo April 19.

Sturtevant. Arrived at Spalato April 19.

Tennessee. Arrived at mouth of Potomac River April 19.

Tattnall. Arrived at San Diego, Calif., April 18.

Trinity. Arrived at navy yard, Brooklyn, N.Y., April 18.

Yarborough. Arrived at San Diego April 19.

Ringgold. Case, King, Lardner and Pruitt. Arrived at Charleston April 19.

Chewink. Sailed from Guantanamo for Charleston April 20.

Quigley. Arrived at New York Navy Yard April 20.

Gwin. Arrived at Bar Harbor April 19.

Guliford. Sailed from Norfolk for Hampton Roads April 20.

Hancock. Arrived at Mare Island, Calif., April 20.

Henderson. Sailed from Hampton Roads for St. Thomas, V.I. April 20.

Hazelwood. Sailed from Mare Island for San Francisco April 20.

Quail. Sailed from Guantanamo for Norfolk April 20.

Ramapo. Sailed from Charleston for Fall River April 20.

Mail address of U.S.S. Hancock has been changed from Postmaster, New York city, to Postmaster, San Francisco, Calif.

U.S. ATLANTIC FLEET.

Corrected to April 19.

Address mail for vessels in Atlantic and European waters in care of Postmaster, New York city.

Admiral Henry B. Wilson, Commander-in-Chief.

PENNSYLVANIA (Flagship).

Vice Admiral Hilary P. Jones, Commander.

Division Three—Eur. Admiral Charles F. Hughes.

KANSAS (Flagship of Eur. Admiral Hughes), Capt. F. H. Brumby, Philadelphia, Pa.

MINNESOTA, Capt. R. de L. Hasbrouck, Philadelphia, Pa.

NEW HAMPSHIRE, Capt. F. Lyon, Philadelphia, Pa.

Division Four.

SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. T. T. Craven; MICHIGAN, Capt.

C. D. Stearns, CONNECTICUT, Capt. Ralph Earle. Culebra to Guantanamo April 18.

Division Five.

UTAH (flagship of Vice Admiral Jones), Capt. F. A. Tracy; DELAWARE, Capt. J. T. Tempkins; NORTH DAKOTA, Capt. M. E. Trench; FLORIDA, Capt. F. N. Olmstead. All at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Division Seven—Rear Admiral E. W. Eberle, Commander. ARIZONA, Capt. W. W. Phelps; PENNSYLVANIA, Capt. George O. Day; NEVADA, Capt. Luke McNamee; OKLAHOMA, Capt. N. E. Irwin. All at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

SPECIAL SERVICE SQUADRON.

(Not attached to Atlantic Fleet.)

Rear Admiral Henry F. Bryan, Commander. DOLPHIN (flagship of Rear Admiral Bryan), Comdr. John Grady. At Balboa.

ASHEVILLE, Comdr. J. B. Gay, Galveston, Texas. GALVESTON, Capt. C. S. Kempff. Navy yard, Boston, Mass.

NIAGARA, Comdr. R. R. Adams, Havana. SACRAMENTO, Comdr. D. C. Bingham, Cristobal.

Division Two. CLEVELAND, Capt. E. T. Constein, Mare Island, Calif. DENVER, Capt. A. Kautz, Balboa.

TACOMA, Capt. W. M. Hunt, Balboa.

DESTROYER FORCE.

Rear Admiral Ashley H. Robertson, Commander. ROCHESTER (flagship), Capt. F. D. Karns. Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

FLOTILLA THREE.

Operative Squadron—Capt. K. M. Bennett, Commander. BLACK HAWK (flagship and tender), Capt. Byron A. Long. Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Division Twenty-five.

DAHLGREN, Comdr. O. Bartlett; GOLDSBOROUGH, Lieut. Comdr. W. M. Richardson; SEMMES, Comdr. H. H. Norton; GRAHAM, Comdr. R. M. Fawell; MASON, Comdr. Russell Wilson. All at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

SATURLEE, Comdr. O. B. Mayo, Balboa, Canal Zone.

Division Nineteen.

BLAKELEY (flagship), Comdr. W. E. Eberle; BERNADOU, Lieut. Comdr. H. A. Flanigan; PREBLE, Lieut. Comdr. J. A. Brooks; WILLIAM B. PRESTON, Lieut. Comdr. J. A. Sauer; BARNEY, Comdr. H. A. Flanigan; CROWNAN-SHIELD, Lt. Comdr. W. C. Wickham. All at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Division Thirty-six.

DICKERSON (flagship), Comdr. W. B. Woodson; SCHENCK, Comdr. C. T. Osburn; HERBERT, Lt. Comdr. S. S. Lewis; SICARD, Lt. Comdr. F. A. La Roche; HATFIELD, Lt. Comdr. M. B. De Mott. All at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

LEWIS, Lt. Comdr. H. T. Settle. En route to Havana.

Squadrons One and Two—Capt. H. E. Yarnell, Commander.

Division Forty-two.

BRECK, Lt. Comdr. C. E. Van Hook, Charleston, S.C. TOUCEY, Lt. Comdr. P. L. Carroll; SHARKEY, ISHERWOOD, Charleston, S.C.

CASE, Lt. K. M. Hoeffel; LARDNER, Lt. B. F. Perry, Jacksonville, Fla.

Division Forty-three.

PUTNAM, Lt. E. J. Kidder, Navy yard, Brooklyn, N.Y. DALE, Hampton Roads, Va.

CONVERSE, PLUSSIE, REED, Lt. Comdr. V. D. Chapline; WORDEN, Lt. M. W. Callahan, Charleston, S.C.

Division Fifty.

BILLINGSLEY, Lt. H. B. Lough; DALLAS, Lt. A. R. Early; HOPKINS; OSBORNE, Lt. Comdr. T. S. Wilkinson, Charleston, S.C.

PAUL JONES, LAWRENCE, Philadelphia, Pa.

Division Forty-one.

BAINBRIDGE, Lt. Comdr. L. H. Theobald; BARRY, GOFF, J. K. PAULDING, Charleston, S.C. KING, Lt. Comdr. R. C. Smith, Jr., Jacksonville.

Squadron Three—Capt. C. R. Train, Commander. BRIDGEPORT, Comdr. J. Downes, Charleston, S.C.

Division Thirty-seven.

A. P. UPSHUR, Lt. V. H. Godfrey; BRANCH; HERNDON, Lt. Comdr. L. B. Anderson; HUNT, Lt. R. H. Blair. All at Charleston, S.C. WELBORN C. WOOD, Lt. B. J. Drayton, Charleston, S.C. GEO. E. BADGER, Lt. Comdr. A. G. Berry, Charleston, S.C.

Division Thirty-nine.

FORD, PILLSBURY, POPE, STEWART, Charleston, S.C. PEARY, Lt. Comdr. F. Slingsby, Charleston, S.C. TRUXTUN, Lt. Comdr. M. S. Brown, Charleston, S.C.

Division Forty-eight.

BRECKINRIDGE, Lieut. P. K. Fischer, Charleston, S.C. BIDDLE, Lieut. B. B. Lanier; DUPONT, Lieut. J. J. Macomber; NOA, All at Charleston.

PRUITT, Lt. M. R. Derr, En route to Charleston, S.C. HULBERT, Lt. S. A. Maher, Charleston, S.C.

FLOTILLA ONE.

LEONIDAS, Comdr. J. F. Daniels, Charleston, S.C.

Squadron Seven—Capt. G. P. Nelson, Commander.

Division Seven.

MCKEE, ROBINSON, Comdr. H. G. S. Wallace; COLHOUN, STEVENS, Portsmouth, N.H.

MCKEEAN, Lt. F. D. Wagner, Charleston, S.C.

RINGGOLD, Jacksonville, Fla.

Division Twenty-one.

BUSH; COWELL, Lt. Comdr. G. M. Cook, Newport, R.I. FOOTE, KALK, MADDOX. All at Charleston, S.C.

Division Twenty-eight.

BELKNAP, Comdr. T. Withers; MCCOOK, Lt. T. K. Peyton; BANCROFT, Lt. E. W. Flynn, Newport, R.I.

MCCALLA, Lt. J. Reid, Newport, R.I.

RODGERS, Lt. Comdr. A. M. Steckel, Boston, Mass.

OSMUND INGRAM, Lt. D. L. Ryan, Boston, Mass.

Squadrons Eight and Nine—Capt. G. E. Courtney.

BELL, Lt. P. W. Yeastman; FAIRAX, Lt. Comdr. W. A. Lee, Charleston, S.C.

TAYLOR, Comdr. W. F. Amsden; GRIDLEY, Lt. J. P. Brown, Charleston, S.C.

Division Twenty-four.

ABOTT, Lt. G. T. Howard; HOPEWELL; CLEMSON, Lt. Comdr. L. E. Jordan; THOMAS, Lt. I. Lehrfeld. All at Charleston, S.C.

BAGLEY, Lt. E. W. Morris, Charleston, S.C.

HARADEN, Comdr. S. D. Doherty, Navy yard, Brooklyn, N.Y.

Division Twenty.

COLE; J. FRED TALBOT, Lt. H. E. Paddock, Charleston, S.C.

CHARLES AUBURNE, Charleston, S.C.

HALE, Lt. Comdr. S. E. Brandt, Newport, R.I.

ELLIS, Lt. Comdr. G. W. Dalton, Navy yard, Brooklyn, N.Y.

FLOTILLA FIVE.

Rear Admiral F. B. Bassett, Commander.

DIXIE (flagship), Comdr. W. V. Tomb, Charleston, S.C.

Squadrons Fourteen and Fifteen—Capt. C. L. Arnold, Commander (Allen, flagship).

Division One.

DUNCAN, DOWNES, Norfolk Navy Yard.

BALCH, BENHAM, PARKER, Charleston, S.C.

CASSIN, In 1st Naval District.

Division Two.

MCDOUGAL, O'BRIEN, WINSLOW, Charleston, S.C.

NICHOLSON, Philadelphia, Pa.

ERICSSON, Charleston.

Division Three.

WADSWORTH, TUCKER, Philadelphia.

CONYNGHAM, CUMMINGS, PORTER, WAINWRIGHT, Charleston, S.C.

Division Four.

ROWAN, Navy yard, Brooklyn, N.Y.

ALLEN, DAVIS, SHAW and WILKES, Charleston, S.C.

Division Five.

CALDWELL; CRAVEN, Lt. Comdr. J. B. Will, Charleston, S.C.

STOCKTON, Comdr. G. B. Wright, Charleston, S.C.

GWIN, Boston, Mass.

MANLEY, Philadelphia Navy Yard.

Division Six.

DYER, GREGORY, LITTLE, STURGEON, CHARLTON, S.C. SIGOURNEY, Charleston, S.C. KIMBERLEY, Boston, Mass.

Division Nine.

ISRAEL, STRIBLING, Charleston, S.C.

LUCE, Boston, Mass.

MAURY, LANSDALE, Philadelphia, Pa.

AIR DETACHMENT.

HARDING, Comdr. A. C. Read; SHAWMUT, Capt. A. W. Johnson; SANDPIPER, Philadelphia, Pa.

MINE DETACHMENT—Squadron One.

SAN FRANCISCO, Capt. H. E. Lackey; MURRAY, Lieut. Comdr. L. G. Gulliver; MAHAN, Lt. Comdr. J. S. Lowell, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Squadron Two—Division One.

AUK, CURLEW, FLAMINGO, OSPREY and WOODCOCK, Portsmouth, N.H.

Division Two.

CHEWINK, LARK, QUAIL, Guantanamo Bay.

CORMORANT, Norfolk, Va.

MALLARD, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

SWAN, Portsmouth, N.H.

TRAIN.

Rear Admiral Edward Simpson, Commander.

COLUMBIA (flagship), Capt. J. F. Hellweg, Guantanamo.

PROMETHEUS, Capt. A. Andrews, Guantanamo.

RELIEF, Comdr. R. C. Holcomb (M.C.), Guantanamo Bay.

SOLACE, Comdr. R. W. Plummer (M.C.), Philadelphia, Pa.

BRIDGE, Comdr. D. Lyons; CULGOA, Comdr. O. H. Bullock, New York, N.Y.

MAUMEE, Comdr. O. W. Denison, Charleston, S.C.

FUEL SHIPS.

NEREUS, PROTEUS, BRAZOS.

U.S. PACIFIC FLEET.

Address mail for all vessels of the Pacific Fleet, except vessels in Atlantic waters and as otherwise noted, to Pacific Station via San Francisco, Calif.

Admiral Hugo Rodman, Commander-in-Chief.

Vice Admiral O. S. Williams, Commander (New York, flagship).

Division Six—Rear Admiral J. S. McKeon, Commander.

WYOMING (flagship), Capt. De Witt Blamer; ARKANSAS, Capt. S. E. Moses; NEW YORK, Capt. E. L. Bennett; TEXAS, Capt. F. H. Schopf, San Pedro, Calif.

BATTLESHIP FORCE.

Vice Admiral O. S. Williams, Commander (New York, flagship).

Division Eight—Vice Admiral O. S. Williams, Commander.

NEW MEXICO, Capt. A. L. Willard, San Pedro, Calif.

IDAHO, Capt. C. L. Hussey; MISSISSIPPI, Capt. P. Symington, San Pedro.

TENNESSEE, Capt. R. H. Leigh, Hampton Roads, Va.

DESTROYER FORCE.

Capt. W. V. Pratt, Commander.

CHARLESTON (flagship), Comdr. D. W. Knox, San Diego.

FLOTILLA FOUR.

Operative Squadron—Capt. L. E. Sargent, Commander.

BIRMINGHAM (flagship), Capt. G. B. Landenberger; MELVILLE (tender), Comdr. W. L. Pryor, San Diego, Calif.

Division Fifteen.

All at San Diego, Calif.

FLOTILLA FIVE.

Address mail for all vessels of the Pacific Fleet, except vessels in Atlantic waters and as otherwise noted, to Pacific Station via San Francisco, Calif.

Admiral Hugh Rodman, Commander-in-Chief.

Vice Admiral O. S. Williams, Commander.

Division Six—Rear Admiral J. S. McKeon, Commander.

WYOMING (flagship), Capt. De Witt Blamer; ARKANSAS, Capt. S. E. Moses; NEW YORK, Capt. E. L. Bennett; TEXAS, Capt. F. H. Schopf, San Pedro, Calif.

Division Twenty.

OXFORD, Comdr. C. S. Joyce, Constantinople.

GILMER, Lieut. Comdr. M. C. Robertson, Venice.

KANE, Comdr. W. H. Wyman, Venice.

ST. LOUIS, Capt. D. E. Thelemon, Constantinople.

Division Twenty-one.

Division Twenty.

PHILADELPHIA, Capt. R. H. H. Orr, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.

SPROSTON, Comdr. C. C. Moses, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.

Division Twenty-two.

LAPWING, PELICAN, SEA GULL, TANAGER, THRUSH, WHIPPOORWILL, Pearl Harbor.

Division Twenty-three.

EIDER, PIGEON, TURKEY, Mare Island, Calif.

ORIOLE, PENGUIN, San Diego, Calif.

SANDERLING, Pearl Harbor.

TRAIN.

Rear Admiral H. A. Field, Commander.

FREDERICK (flagship), Capt. W. R. Sexton, Navy yard, Bremerton, Wash.

VESTAL, Capt. F. H. Horne, San Pedro, Calif.

MERCY, Comdr. W. M. Garton (M.C.), Mare Island, Calif.

COMFORT, Comdr. H. R. Herreshoff (M.C.), Mare Island, Calif.

CELTIC, California City; GLACIER, San Francisco, Calif.

FUEL SHIPS.

JASON, Guam.

KANAWHA, NEPTUNE, OUYAMA, BRUTUS, West coast.

VULCAN, Naples to Gibraltar April 5.

ORION, Lamberts Point, Va.

NAVAL FORCES IN EUROPEAN WATERS.

Vice Admiral A. P. Niblack, Commander.

Send mail in care of Postmaster, New York city.

CRUISER DETACHMENT.

PITTSBURGH (flagship of Admiral Niblack), Capt. David W. Tamm, Villefranche, France.

CHATTANOOGA, Capt. L. A. Cotten, Lisbon to Antwerp.

OLYMPIA, Capt. H. L. Wyman, Venice.

Division Twenty-four.

CHARLES, Comdr. L. H. Tamm, Constantinople.

DETROIT, Capt. R. E. Thelemon, Constantinople.

Division Twenty-five.

CHINCHILLA, Comdr. E. W. Strother, Olongapo, P.I.

PANTHER (tender), Comdr. Geo. M. Baum, Cavite, P.I.

TARBELL, Lt. Comdr.

R.O.T.C. CAMPS FOR THE YEAR 1921.

Reserve Officers' Training Corps camps for the year 1921, to be conducted by the corps area commanders are as follows, giving camps by arm of the Service, location of camp, area from which attendance is drawn and date of opening of camp:

Infantry Camps.

Plattsburgh, N.Y. Attendance from 1st, 2d and 3d Corps Areas. June 16. Camp Knox, Ky. Attendance from 4th and 5th Corps Areas. June 16. Fort Sheridan, Ill. Attendance from 6th Corps Area. June 16. Fort Snelling, Minn. Attendance from 7th Corps Area. June 16. Fort Logan, Colo. Attendance from 8th Corps Area. June 16. Camp Lewis, Wash. Attendance from 9th Corps Area. June 16.

Field Artillery Camps.

Camp Knox, Ky. To be attended by Field Artillery units from throughout the United States. June 16.

Cavalry Camps.

Fort Ethan Allen, Vt. For Cavalry units in 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th Corps Areas. June 16. Presidio of Monterey, Calif. For Cavalry units of 7th, 8th and 9th Corps Areas. June 16.

Coast Artillery Corps Camps.

Fort Monroe, Va. For Coast Artillery units of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th Corps Areas and from Washington University, St. Louis, Mo. June 16. Fort Winfield Scott, Calif. For Coast Artillery units in 7th, 8th and 9th Corps Areas, with the exception of Washington University, St. Louis, Mo. June 16.

Engineer Corps Camps.

Camp A. A. Humphreys, Va. For Engineer units from throughout the United States. June 16.

Signal Corps Camps.

Camp Alfred Vail, N.J. For Signal Corps units from throughout the United States. June 23.

Motor Transport Corps.

Camp Holabird, Md. For Motor Transport units in the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th Corps Areas. June 16. Presidio of San Francisco, Calif. For Motor Transport Corps units in 8th and 9th Corps Areas. June 16.

Air Service.

Post Field, Fort Sill, Okla. Selected members of Air Service units throughout the United States. June 16.

Ordnance Corps.

Aberdeen Proving Grounds, Md. For Ordnance units from throughout the United States. June 16.

Medical Department.

Carlisle Barracks, Pa. Selected members of Medical, Dental and Veterinary units throughout the United States. June 6.

R.O.T.C. NOTES.

Military Tournaments for R.O.T.C. Units.

Secretary of War Weeks has approved a suggestion proposing the holding of public military tournaments among the units of the R.O.T.C., and has informed the corps area commanders and the commanding general of the Hawaiian Department that they may use their own judgment in promoting and supporting such an enterprise. The suggestion was made to the War Department that it would familiarize the public with the national purposes of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps and would tend to popularize military training if there be conducted in the various corps areas and the Hawaiian Department each year one or more military tournaments or competitive drills by the units of the R.O.T.C. Some communities already have done something along this line by bringing together the different local units for an annual exhibition competitive drill. The units participating would not be restricted to the boundaries of the corps areas. In some cases the tournaments would be conducted indoors and in other instances in the spring and fall of the year out of doors, and held normally on Fridays and Saturdays. It was suggested that such exhibitions be managed and financed by charged admissions, by an association of the units, by the communities where held, or by public-spirited citizens interested in the promotion of good citizenship, and not at Government expense. Secretary Weeks believes that the suggestion has merit and would not only stimulate the interest of the institutions having units but would as well arouse the attention of other institutions and of the public to the benefits resulting from military training.

Withdrawal of Advanced R.O.T.C. Students.

Cases involving the withdrawal of members of the R.O.T.C. from advanced course contracts will be determined hereafter upon the merits of the individual cases, and corps area commanders have been authorized to make adjustments. Except in cases where the withdrawal of the contract is for the convenience of the Government, the student will be required to refund any sums previously paid to him as commutation of subsistence. It will be impressed upon students that these contracts should not be lightly broken. Students who by the end of the first year of the advanced course have not demonstrated proper or sufficient aptitude in the performance of their duties to indicate that future instruction will qualify them for commission in the R.O.C. will, with the approval of the department or corps area commander, be discharged from the R.O.T.C. for the convenience of the Government.

University of Tennessee.

The R.O.T.C. units at the University of Tennessee participated in a ceremony on April 15, on the university grounds at Knoxville, Tenn., at which ex-Sergt. William C. Taylor, a student at the university, was presented with the D.S.C., awarded for gallantry in action near Bussigny, France, in October, 1918. Sergeant Taylor formerly belonged to the 117th Infantry, organized from the vicinity of Knoxville. Col. Cary F. Spence, who commanded this regiment overseas, personally presented the decoration. He was accompanied by twelve former officers, all in overseas uniform. The presentation ceremony followed in every respect that prescribed for the Regular Service. The battalion was headed by a provisional company of veterans of the 30th Division. Following escort to the colors Major W. A. Raborg, P.M.S. and T., personally conducted Sergeant Taylor to front of the line. After the decoration was made the provisional company and the cadet battalion were passed in review in Sergeant Taylor's honor, headed by the university band. A large number of the citizens of Knoxville were present, including Lawrence D. Tyson, formerly brigadier general commanding the 59th Brigade, 30th Division, and representatives of the various civic organizations of the city. A similar ceremony occurred in November, 1920, at which time former Capt. W. O. Lowe, Marine Corps, was presented with the Navy Cross, and former Pvt. James Stalcup, 30th Div., with the

D.S.C. All of the men decorated are students at the university.

Georgia School of Technology.

Brig. Gen. Walter H. Gordon, U.S.A., commanding at Camp Benning, accompanied by Col. H. S. Wagner, U.S.A., his chief of Staff, and Capt. J. E. Grose, U.S.A., visited Atlanta on April 18 for the purpose of inspecting the military and engineering departments of the Georgia School of Technology, R.O.T.C., which are in command of Major A. L. Pendleton, Jr., U.S.A. The party was met at the railroad station by Col. W. R. Kendrick, U.S.A., commanding at Camp Jesup, and by Major Pendleton. Dr. K. G. Matheson, president of the school, entertained the officers at luncheon. In the afternoon a review and parade were held by the R.O.T.C. unit in honor of General Gordon. In the evening Major and Mrs. Pendleton gave a dinner at the Piedmont Driving Club for General Gordon, Col. James F. McKinley, U.S.A., commanding at Fort McPherson, and Mrs. McKinley; Colonel Wagner and Captain Grose and Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Hopkins, Jr.

University of Florida.

The R.O.T.C. unit of the University of Florida, at Gainesville, Fla., commanded by Major Bloxham Ward, U.S.A., on April 18 completed a very satisfactory two days' field meet and demonstration given in honor of the visiting athletic teams of the high schools of the state, which were assembled at the university April 8 and 9 for their annual track and field meet. The military program was divided into three parts, the first including athletic events, the second competitive drills and the third a demonstration of how to attack a machine gun nest. The latter was a most realistic affair, smoke screens being used, among other means, to attain the objective of the Infantry. The second day's program closed with the first annual ball of the R.O.T.C. unit. The officers and enlisted men who are on duty at the university, in addition to Major Ward, are Capt. F. L. Culin, Jr., U.S.A.; Lieut. John H. Atkinson, U.S.A., and Sergts. E. A. Kopp, D. B. Hundley and William Weaver, U.S.A.

University of Maine.

Among the most efficient units of the R.O.T.C. is that of the University of Maine, at Orono, Me., which is commanded by Major Luther R. James, U.S.A., P.M.S. and T., who is assisted by Lieut. James Q. Ewing, U.S.A., together with Sergeants Kidney, H. W. Repasz and B. B. Ashley. The unit now numbers 500. Major James, who commanded the 141st Infantry, A.E.F., has made the work of the unit particularly interesting to the students by competition between companies, special privileges being given to the victors. The basis of ranking is partly by examination and partly by demerits, which are received for absences, method of drilling, etc. Further interest is given to the work by social and other activities.

San Francisco Junior R.O.T.C. at Camp Baker.

Under the command of Capts. W. S. Overton and B. P. Lamb, U.S.A., retired, a five days' camp for the school boys of San Francisco was conducted at Fort Baker, Calif., from March 23 to 27. One hundred boys belonging to the Junior R.O.T.C. took part in the camp which was named for Major Gen. Hunter Liggett, U.S.A. On March 25 General Liggett paid a visit to the unit and reviewed it. Col. Moor N. Falls, U.S.A., R.O.T.C. officer for the 9th Corps Area, Lieut. Col. Wallace McNamara and Major Alexander W. Cleary, U.S.A., supervised the military training of the boys.

WEST POINT.

West Point, N.Y., April 21, 1921.

Col. and Mrs. Holt entertained on Friday before the officers' hop with a dinner for Majors and Mmes. Robert M. Lyon, O'Hara, Harding, Purdon, Nichols, Surles, Weaver, Bingham, Thompson, Van Volkenburg, Conisidine, King, Bull, Marsh, Tenney, Capt. and Mmes. Marriott and McEwan, Colonel Alexander, Major Grant and Taylor, and Mrs. Carter. Major and Mrs. Nichols received at the officers' hop on Friday evening and Mrs. Bonfils and Cadet Dance received at the cadet hop.

Major and Mrs. Greene gave a dinner party on Wednesday for their guests, Mrs. Greene's sister, Miss Katherine Lenihan, and Miss Peggy Payne, both of Newport. Among others present were Major and Mrs. Hapnum, Misses Lenihan, Payne, Townsend and Scott, Majors Old, Dawley, Harrington, Captain Kane and Lieutenant Townsend, Col. and Mrs. Danford had dinner on Monday for Mrs. Ferguson, Col. and Mrs. Robinson, Major and Mrs. Pendleton, Col. and Mrs. Robinson's guests on Tuesday were Col. and Mrs. Edmund L. Drayton, Major and Mrs. Hinman, Major and Mrs. O'Hara, Mrs. Bonfils and Cadet Dance received at the cadet hop.

Major and Mrs. Greene gave a dinner party on Wednesday for their guests, Mrs. Greene's sister, Miss Katherine Lenihan, and Miss Peggy Payne, both of Newport. Among others present were Major and Mrs. Hapnum, Misses Lenihan, Payne, Townsend and Scott, Majors Old, Dawley, Harrington, Captain Kane and Lieutenant Townsend, Col. and Mrs. Danford had dinner on Monday for Mrs. Ferguson, Col. and Mrs. Robinson, Major and Mrs. Pendleton, Col. and Mrs. Robinson's guests on Tuesday were Col. and Mrs. Edmund L. Drayton, Major and Mrs. Hinman, Major and Mrs. O'Hara, Mrs. Bonfils and Cadet Dance received at the cadet hop.

Mrs. Nichols had three tables of bridge on Thursday afternoon, entertaining for Mmes. Dravo, Buckner, Bonestell, Gage, Surles, Kimball, Bingham, Thompson, T. K. Brown, Ryder, Pritchard and Bonfils. Mrs. MacMillan, with Laddie and Louise, has returned from a visit of a few weeks in Boston with her parents, Col. and Mrs. E. F. Ladd, Col. and Mrs. Robinson had dinner on Thursday for their cousins, Major O. C. Early and his wife, who were their guests for a couple of days last week, and for Major and Mrs. D. M. Crawford. Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt Beardiss and Mrs. Beardiss's sister, Miss Shriver, were the guests of Col. and Mrs. Fieberger from Thursday till Tuesday.

Dr. G. W. Gray, of Chicago, was the guest of Col. and Mrs. Robinson at luncheon on Thursday. He lectured to the cadets while here. Mrs. Ganow has returned in the post after visiting her parents in Curwensville, Pa., Col. and Mrs. E. L. Bull, Col. and Mrs. J. W. Riley and Mr. Starbuck, motored over from Greenwich, Conn., and had a week-end party here. Miss Fieberger has returned after a week spent at Smithtown, Long Island, with her cousin, Mrs. Ralph H. Upson. Col. and Mrs. Robinson had dinner on Saturday for their week-end guests, Mr. Justus von Lengerke and his brother, Mr. Furst von Lengerke, of Orange, N.J. Mrs. Ferguson and Major and Mrs. Pendleton joined them at dinner.

The Reading Club met with Mrs. Robinson, who read her paper on "Literary Leaders of Modern England." Current events were given by Mrs. Wheat, and the club adjourned to meet next time with Mrs. Hobbs.

Major and Mrs. Surles' guest for the week-end was Miss Lydia Hopper, of El Paso and Washington. Mrs. Marion E. Leathers, of Springfield, Mass., was the guest of Capt. and Mrs. O'Hare recently. Majors Walthall, Devers and Crittenden motored to Camp Dix last week to make arrangements for the visit of the First and Third Classes to that cantonment this summer.

The cadet choir visited New York over the week-end as the guests of Columbia University. While there they sang at the Church of the Heavenly Rest and at the Columbia University Chapel. One number they sang during the services at the former place was "The Corps," written by the Rev. Herbert Shipman, rector of the Church of the Heavenly Rest and formerly chaplain at West Point.

Mrs. Mettler gave a surprise birthday party for Colonel Mettler on Thursday evening. Col. and Mrs. Carter and son Marshall joining the family at dinner. Mrs. Alexander is away visiting her mother, who has been seriously ill. The funeral of the late Capt. Henry H. Chapman was held from the Old Chapel on Monday afternoon. The customary military honors were rendered.

Prof. W. Lee Lewis, head of the chemistry department of

Northwestern University and inventor of the deadly gas known as "Lewisite," lectured before a number of officers and cadets on Wednesday on the protection of naval ships at sea against gas attacks by an enemy through the installation of what he described as a "gas mask." He said: "We face the possibility in the naval warfare of the future of armor-piercing, toxic and tear shells, smoke screens, toxic smoke clouds and invisible toxic fumes. We also may consider in this connection parallel defensive measures such as a gas mask for a whole battleship. Gas weapons are capable of a much finer adaptation to purpose than explosive weapons, and the future will see worked out a great degree of scientific refinement in the development of gas weapons for all types of military operations. Future battles will not be to the strong, but to the superior in intelligence. Warfare will become less a matter of brute strength and relative man power, and more and more a matter of scientific acumen. Battles will be shorter and more decisive and hence innocent populations will suffer less."

The cadet polo team added another victory to its long list on Saturday, when it defeated Norwich University in two games, 9 to 0 and 15 to 1. The games were played in the Riding Hall. Thus far this year the cadet team has not been defeated, having won from Yale, Princeton, Cornell and Norwich. As soon as the weather permits outside play will be started. The two cadet teams playing against Norwich lined up as follows: Yellow—No. 1, Douglass; No. 2, Griffis; back, Greening; Purple—No. 1, Bosserman; No. 2, Rees; back, Gross.

Two officer polo teams took part in the final matches terminating the Squadron A indoor tournaments in New York city on Saturday. In the senior championship the officer team lost to the Blackbirds of New York, while in the junior championship the West Point team won. The officers who played were: Senior—Major J. K. Brown, Lieut. Col. Lewis Brown, Jr., and Major W. D. Crittenden; Junior—Major T. K. Brown, Major W. D. Crittenden and Major R. E. Anderson.

The first defeat of the baseball season was suffered by the cadets on Saturday, when the nine from Lafayette, which defeated the Navy on the previous Saturday, won here from the Army by a score of 9 to 5. The line-up was: Army—French, c.f.; Stevenson, r.f.; Wilhite, 2b; Stork, 3b; Smythe, l.f.; Dabziek, 1b; McGrath, 1b, p.; Lancaster, 1b; Burns, s.s.; Rowland, c.; Mulligan, p.; Smith, p.; Lafayette—Wolbach, l.t.; Welles, 2b; Gasella, 3b; Carney, p., c.f.; Chisol, 1b; Bieber, s.s.; Reeves, r.f.; Williver, e.f.; Seasholtz, c.; Tierney, p.; Errors—Wolbach, Gasella, Bieber (2); Tierney, French, Wilhite, Smythe, McGrath, Stolen bases—Welles, Gasella, Chisol, Stork, 2b. Sacrifice hits—Reeves, Williver, Struck out—By Mulligan, 3, Carney 6, Tierney 5. Bases on balls—Off Smith 2, Carney 3. Hit by pitcher—By Smith (Welles), Tierney (Stevenson). Hits—Off Mulligan 10 in six innings, Smith 3 in two, McGrath 1 in one, Carney 6 in five, Tierney 2 in four. Left on bases—Army 7, Lafayette 10. Double plays—Bieber, Welles and Chisol; Wilhite and Dabziek. Passed ball—Rowland. Umpires—Marshall and Trautz.

The Army won its fifth straight baseball game on April 16 by defeating Williams College 8 to 4, scoring four runs in the first inning, two in the second and three in the sixth. McGrath and Cragin pitched for the Army, McGrath striking out seven men and Cragin five. The Army batting order: French, c.f.; Stevenson, r.f.; Wilhite, 2b; Dabziek, 1b; Smythe, 3b.; Smith, l.f.; Burns, s.s.; Rowland, c.; McGrath, p.; Cragin, p.

Lacrosse had its opening game of the current season on April 16 and the Army eleven went down to defeat at the hands of the Johns Hopkins team by a score of 3 to 2, although an extra period ten minutes had to be played to decide the game, the score standing 3 all at the end of the two regular periods of play. The Army team included: R. Greene, goal; F. Greene, point; Kessler, cover point; John, first defense; Lawrence, second defense; O'Connell, third defense; O'Shea, center; Barroll, third attack; Bodine, second attack; A. Wood, out home; Mayer, in home. The Army substitutions included Goddard for Lawrence, Salmon for Goddard, Chandler for O'Shea, and Coates for A. Wood.

The West Point polo team withdrew from the semi-final of the intercollegiate championship tournament that took place in the armory of Squadron A, New York city, on the night of April 15.

THE NAVAL ACADEMY.

Annapolis, Md., April 21, 1921.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. A. H. Scales entertained at an informal musical on Sunday. Those participating were Mrs. W. A. Wolleson, Miss Margaret Cameron Walton, Mrs. W. E. Hall, Miss Elizabeth Nott, Miss Eleanor Smith, Asst. Bandmaster W. R. Sima, H. H. Schryer and R. Gidius. Mr. George Webster, organist at St. Anne's, announced the program. Assisting Mrs. Scales in the dining room, where tea was served after the music, were Mmes. T. L. Johnson, A. P. Fairfield, Carroll Alden and James Parker. Interested spectators at the baseball game between Lafayette and the Navy on Saturday were Rear Admiral Newton A. McCully and his seven Russian protégés, who he brought over from Washington for luncheon with Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Seymour Holliday.

Major Randolph Coyle, commandant of the Marine Guard, addressed the Midshipmen's Christian Association on Sunday evening on "The Duties of a Line Officer." The topic is in line with several talks given recently before the Association. The Major's subject related to his experiences in China, Haiti and in mine laying in the North Sea during the World War. A tennis court and a baseball field are being made for the Marine Guard at their quarters on North Severn, at the rifle range.

Capt. John Roberts, of the White Star liner *Canopic*, was the week-end guest of Capt. and Mrs. T. L. Johnson at their quarters on the *Reina Mercedes*. Miss Edith Duncan and Mrs. D. W. Dawsorth, of Pelham Manor, N.Y., are visiting Miss Jessie Garrison at her home on Porter row. Mrs. Stephen W. Douglass has as guests Mrs. J. M. Fogarty and Miss Myra Curry, of Key West, Fla., who will remain with her a month. Mrs. Douglass has sent out cards for a tea on April 22 in honor of her guests.

Comdr. P. W. Foote was here on Saturday to attend the triangular track meet between the Navy, Delaware College and Johns Hopkins.

Capt. and Mrs. W. T. Claverius gave a tea on Saturday afternoon in honor of their week-end guest, Miss Elizabeth Camac, of New York, one of the season's débütantes. Prof. Allen Westcott, of the Academy, and Mrs. Westcott gave a large buffet supper on Thursday, which was followed by a card party. Mrs. John Abbott and Miss Anita Abbott, of Washington, are visiting Comdr. and Mrs. John S. Abbott.

Mrs. T. R. Karts, of Annapolis, gave a buffet supper on Thursday. Among the guests included Capt. and Mrs. W. T. Claverius, Comdr. and Mrs. Walter N. Vernon, Comdr. and Mrs. John H. Newton and Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Anderson, of New York. Lieut. Charles T. S. Gladden has been ordered to the Pacific coast and will later go to the Philippines. His family, who live in Annapolis, will join him later.

Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Laurence S. Stewart have as their guest Mrs. C. Erakine Clement, of Weymouth, Mass., and of Green Spring Valley, Md. Mrs. W. T. Claverius is spending a few days in Washington. Mrs. Paul H. Capron, who has been spending several days here with Miss Jessie Russell, has returned to Washington on Tuesday.

Mrs. Frances Henderson, of Los Angeles, has arrived here for an extended visit to her son-in-law and daughter, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. H. A. Waddington.

Mrs. John Strong Abbott, wife of Commander Abbott, was hostess on Wednesday at a luncheon party in honor of Commander Abbott's mother and sister, Mrs. and Miss Abbott, who are visiting Comdr. and Mrs. Abbott. Mrs. Howard Benson, wife of Commander Benson, U.S.N., gave a luncheon, followed by bridge, on Tuesday.

Rear Admiral A. H. Scales has been called away by the sudden death of his brother-in-law, Mr. Z. V. Taylor, of Charlotte, N.C., a high official of the Southern Railway.

The triangular meet on Saturday between the Navy, Delaware College and Johns Hopkins resulted as follows: Naval Academy, 80; Delaware College, 33; Johns Hopkins, 4. The summary:

Track events: 100-Yard dash—Pittman, Delaware; time, 10.2-5 seconds. One-mile run—Curtis, Navy; 4 minutes, 30 seconds. 440-Yard run—Harmer, Navy; 52.2-5 seconds. 120-Yard hurdles (high)—Huckins, Navy; 16.1-5 seconds. 220-Yard dash—Pittman, Delaware; 23.1-5 seconds. 220-Yard

hurdle (low)—Schneider, Navy; 26 4-5 seconds. Half-mile run—Curtis, Navy; 2 minutes, 2.5 seconds.

Field events: Discus throw—Clapp, Navy; distance, 124 feet, 5 inches. Pole vault—Power, Navy; 11 feet, 6 inches. Javelin throw—Beiter, Delaware; 167 feet, 5 1-2 inches. High jump—Pullen, Blake and Opie, all Navy, tied for first; 5 feet, 7 inches. Shot put—Dickins, Navy; 40 feet, 4 1-2 inches. Broad jump—Taylor, Navy; 21 feet, 1 inch.

In the best played game of the local baseball season up to this time, Lafayette won from the Naval Academy on Saturday by 4 to 3. Carney won the game for the visitors by hitting to deep left center in the seventh for the circuit. The fielding was high grade on both sides, though the ground was soft. Each hit for eleven safe ones, but the Navy's were all singles, while Lafayette's list included a double and a homer.

The Naval Academy won at lacrosse from the University of Pennsylvania, also on Saturday, by 11 to 1. The midshipmen blanketed the visitors in the first half and scored six points, while Penn's only score came within two minutes of the close of the game, with McAnalley shooting. Penalties were applied strictly though the game was far from being a rough one.

The Naval Academy outplayed Harvard on the lacrosse field on Wednesday afternoon, winning by 11 to 0. Harvard put up a fairly good defensive game, particularly in the first half, when only two goals were scored by the Navy, but had no systematic attack and did not have a clean shot for goal during the entire game. The shooting of the home players for the Navy was a little off, as was the stick work in general at times, and the bulk of the scoring was done by the first attacking line.

The Naval Academy won in a medley race against Delaware and Johns Hopkins, also on Wednesday, the first event of the kind ever contested here. The Navy's great superiority came through Monsewicz, who did his half mile in one minute, fifty-eight and a fifth seconds, and Curtis, who did the mile in four minutes, thirty-one seconds.

The midshipmen batted strongly on Wednesday in the baseball game with Delaware College. Hogan's two home runs being the feature, winning by 9 to 2. Rothrock and Grub divided the game on the mound for the visitors and both were hit hard. Hogan dividing his homers impartially. Gaines, the Navy's best twirler last year, pitched his best game of the present season, striking out nine and allowing but three safe hits. Fielding honors were taken by the second basemen—Wilson of Delaware and Pino of the Naval Academy.

On the same day the Harvard tennis men won from the Navy, taking five of the six strings of singles and two in doubles. The score was: Singles—Turene, Harvard, defeated Waidlich, Navy, 6—1, 6—4; Fenno, Harvard, defeated Harriman, Navy, 6—0, 6—2; Duane, Harvard, defeated Replogle, Navy, 6—1, 6—0; Feibleman, Harvard, defeated Fittugh, Navy, 6—1, 6—0; Bradley, Harvard, defeated Ferris, Navy, 6—1, 6—0; Shoup, Navy, defeated Romain, Harvard, 6—10, 6—4, 6—1. Doubles—Turene and Fenno, Harvard, defeated Waidlich and Harshman, Navy, 6—3, 6—2; Duane and Bradley, Harvard, defeated Semple and Replogle, Navy, 6—2, 7—5.

GOVERNORS ISLAND.

Governors Island, N.Y.H., April 20, 1921.

A number of officers attended the ceremonies at Central Park Tuesday afternoon when the equestrian statue of Gen. Simon Bolivar, the Venezuelan liberator, was unveiled in the presence of a very distinguished gathering, including the President of the United States. Lieut. Col. W. G. Doane, Inf., was the marshal, and troops of the 2d Battalion of the 22d, from Fort Jay, were among the Federal forces on duty, under command of Major Andrew G. Gardner. Brig. Gen. William Weigel and Brig. Gen. A. J. Bowley were among the guests at the Bolivar luncheon given at the Hotel Waldorf and the dinner at the Hotel Biltmore.

The annual garden party will be given this year on June 2 by the Governors Island Section of Branch No. 1 of the Army Relief Society. Mrs. Robert Lee Bullard is the president of the Governors Island section and Mrs. W. H. McCornack the secretary. The members of the executive committee are Brig. Gen. Grote Hutcheson, Cols. John McA. Palmer, W. McCornack and Raymond Sheldon, Lieutenant Colonels Wallace, Kerfoot and Bankhead and Major W. R. Schmidt, on reception, invitation, new membership and finance, music and dances, refreshments, decorations, program and entertainment, information, guides and police, respectively. Each chairman has a number of assistants, and the arrangements are being perfected to make the garden party of 1921 an event of even greater importance than usual.

Congratulations are being extended to Brig. Gens. William Weigel, George F. Downey and A. J. Bowley upon their advancement to the rank of general officers. General Hutcheson, in command of the intermediate depot in New York, and Mrs. Hutcheson have moved into quarters in the General's row. Mrs. George F. Downey has returned from a visit with her son to Kansas City. Mrs. W. G. Doane is making a visit in Kearneysville, W. Va., and Mrs. H. S. Stilphen left this week for New Orleans.

Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Edward Carpenter are still in Atlantic City, where Colonel Carpenter is slowly convalescing from a serious illness. The committees on polo, golf and tennis are engaged in arrangements for the season's sports. On the polo field a "dummy mount" with cage has been erected for practice, and a house has been put up near the tennis courts for the convenience of golfers, with racks for golf clubs, etc.

The Howitzer Company, Fort Jay, gave its first dance on April 14. On April 7 the Headquarters Company gave a dance in honor of Sergt. Michael Rattke, retired.

NORFOLK NAVY YARD.

Norfolk, Va., April 12, 1921.

Mrs. Edgar Marburg, of Philadelphia, is the guest of her son-in-law and daughter, Lieut. Comdr. Samuel J. Ziegler, Jr., and Mrs. Ziegler, at their home in the navy yard. Miss Sue King has returned to Portsmouth after being the guest of Major Elmore B. Gray, U.S.A., and Mrs. Gray at their home at Camp Eustis. Misses Anne, Fannie and Kathleen Waller gave an afternoon tea on Saturday for Misses Elizabeth Fecheler, Mary G. Burroughs and Elizabeth Gwathmey. Among the guests were Misses Henry T. Stanley, Arthur D. Driscoll, L. St. L. Pamperin, Worrell R. Carter, James D. Waller, Misses Kathleen Bain, Mary Gwathmey, Edith Groner, Mary Virginia and Anne Ramsay, Meta Burroughs, Margaret Simmons and Elizabeth Hemingway.

Mrs. Alonso Gray gave a bridge party at her home, Army Supply Base, last week for the wives of the officers of the Base and a few other guests. Capt. and Mrs. Richard Leigh gave a dinner on the U.S.S. Tennessee on Wednesday evening, following the dance given on board, for Capt. and Mrs. R. M. Watt and George W. Laws and their guest, Mrs. Whitehouse, of New York; Major Booth, U.S.A., and Mrs. Booth and Col. J. C. Gilmore, U.S.A. Comdr. and Mrs. Ralph A. Koch had a dinner, followed by bridge, at their home, Naval Base, on Saturday evening for Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Curtis B. Munger, L. St. L. Pamperin, J. G. Omelvens, Lieut. and Mrs. Peyton S. Cochran, Comdr. and Mrs. Micajah Bojan, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Robert H. English and F. P. Traynor.

Mrs. William H. Ross, of Richmond, Ind., is here as the guest of her son and daughter-in-law, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Charles C. Ross. Mrs. B. T. Bulmer has left for Washington, where she will be the guest of Mrs. J. J. Locher and attend the convention of the Woman's Pen Club. One of the delightful social events of last week was the dance given by the captain and officers of the U.S.S. Tennessee, now in the Roads, who entertained for the officers and their wives on this station, both Navy and Army, and of Fort Monroe. Among those from Norfolk were Rear Admiral and Mrs. Guy H. Burroughs, Capt. and Mrs. R. M. Watt, Misses Eleanor O'Leary, Anne and Mary V. Ramsay, Mary Land, Kathleen Bain, Fannie Waller, Marie Cobb, Helen Whitehurst, Rene Bosman, Anne Parker, of Washington; Susan King, Jane Ruffin, Margaret Upshur, Bland Robertson and Meta Burroughs.

Mrs. John Kaufman and Mrs. W. D. Baker gave a bridge party and miscellaneous shower at Pine Beach Hotel on Thursday for Miss Elizabeth Fecheler. Other guests were Misses Fecheler, Munger, Koch, Kays, Morrissey, Haines, Sprague, Cochran, Stanley, Styer and Misses Kathleen Bain.

Elizabeth Stanford and Anne Ramsay, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Curtis B. Munger gave a dinner and bridge party at their home, Naval Base, on Wednesday for Capt. and Mrs. James O. Pryor, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. J. G. Omelvens, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Richard Laning, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. G. W. Shepherd, Lieuts. and Mmes. William Moore, Charles Le R. Haines, F. S. Johnson, Mrs. John Kaufman, Miss Alice Boyer, of Kobi, Japan; Lieuts. J. H. Brennan, W. J. Pannell, W. S. Bunkley, Jerome Braun and Houston B. Pite.

Mrs. Jasper V. Howard left for Washington last week, where she will be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. E. E. Counts, and Rear Admiral Counts for several weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Taylor, who have been the guests of Lieut. and Mrs. Walter T. H. Galliford, have returned to their home, Portsmouth, Ohio.

FORT MONROE.

Fort Monroe, Va., April 21, 1921.

The hop at the Artillery School on Friday evening was very largely attended by post people as well as many guests from elsewhere. Lieut. and Mrs. Young and Lieutenant Hayden received. Before the dance Major and Mrs. Bowen entertained at dinner for Majors and Mmes. Wheatley, Wildrick, Clark and Colonel Wilbur, while Major and Mrs. Haines had dinner guests Col. and Mmes. Ordway and Lincoln, Majors and Mmes. Swan and Booth and Mr. and Mrs. Roland Stubbins, of New York. Capt. and Mrs. Somerville have as their guests Mrs. Somerville's niece, Miss Katherine Saunders, and Miss Katherine Dickey, of Atlanta, Ga. Comdr. and Mrs. A. T. Beauregard entertained Capt. and Mrs. Somerville, Misses Saunders, Dickey, and Stubbins and Lieutenant Johnson, of Langley Field, and dinner on the U.S.S. Tennessee before the Friday night hop. Col. and Mrs. Maybach also had as dinner guests on Friday Mrs. Mitchell, Miss Lewis, Comdr. R. S. Crenshaw, U.S.N.; Colonel Battle, Captain Warner and Lieutenant Schaefer. Capt. and Mrs. Hayden had dinner on Friday for Capt. and Mrs. Lynn and Captain Englehardt.

Mmes. F. S. Clark and Julius Newgold entertained seventy guests at a prettily appointed bridge tea at the club on Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. De Vivo and Mrs. Bowen presided at the tea table and Mmes. Anna B. Clark, Spiller, Swan and Pearson assisted.

Little Jack Norton, son of Major and Mrs. Augustus Norton, celebrated his third birthday with a party last Thursday afternoon for Betty Tingay, Marguerite Drechsler, Ann Taliaferro, Duncan Brown and Gus Norton, Misses Taliaferro, Tingay and Brown assisted as did Mrs. Norton's mother, Mrs. Reed, of Norfolk. Mrs. Swan gave a bridge party on Monday in honor of Mrs. Gallagher, of Washington, and for Mmes. Wheatley, Dunn, Buck, Somerville, Wildrick and Haines. Mrs. Haines entertained at bridge on Monday afternoon for Mmes. Maguire, Mead, Hause, Hayden, Armstrong, Bradshaw, Hutson, Ostrom, MacKinnon, Phillips, Pierce, Eby and Mitchell. Mrs. Taliaferro assisted.

Mrs. Augustus Norton entertained with a bridge tea at the club on Friday afternoon in honor of Miss Elizabeth Payne, of Norfolk, whose marriage takes place this week. Mrs. Norton was assisted by her mother, Mrs. Reed, of Norfolk, and by Mmes. Herring and Hinman. Mrs. Hinman gave a bridge party on Thursday in honor of Mrs. Delano, who is leaving for Washington soon.

Major and Mrs. Herring gave a supper on Sunday for Majors and Mmes. Wertenbaker, Bowen, Swan and Pratt, while supper guests of Major and Mrs. Wildrick included Majors and Mmes. Clark, Deacon, Sinclair, Mrs. Anna B. Clark and Major Meade Wildrick. Mrs. F. H. Lincoln gave a bridge luncheon on Thursday in honor of Miss Wright, of Portland, Me., and for Mmes. Cole, Herman and Parsons, of Camp Eustis; Miss Lewis, of Providence, R.I.; Mmes. Herring, Rebold and Maybach. Major and Mrs. F. H. Smith entertained with an oyster roast and picnic supper on the beach back of their quarters on Tuesday.

Capt. and Mrs. Somerville gave a tea at the club on Thursday afternoon in honor of their guests, Misses Saunders and Dickey, of Atlanta, Ga. On Monday afternoon Capt. and Mrs. Somerville entertained with a tea at the club in honor of Mrs. Munford, of Washington, mother of Mrs. Beauregard. Mrs. Hutson has left for a visit to her home in Augusta, Ga. Mrs. Woodbury is visiting her mother in Chattanooga, Tenn. Mrs. Wolfe has returned from a short stay with her parents at Camp Lee, Va. Mrs. P. C. Mitchell entertained at bridge on Tuesday. Mrs. Pearson gave a very attractive tea at Roseland on Wednesday.

On Wednesday Capt. and Mrs. Leigh, of the Tennessee, entertained with dinner for twelve guests, Col. and Mrs. Lincoln

arriving from Ft. Monroe. Mrs. Herman, of Camp Eustis, gave a bridge luncheon on Monday for her guest, Miss Wright, of Portland, those present from here including Mmes. Lincoln, Booth, Bowering and Herring.

FIFTH DIVISION NOTES.

Camp Jackson, S.C., April 16, 1921.

Col. and Mrs. Glenn H. Davis entertained with five tables of bridge April 7. These playing were Major Gen. and Mrs. Hines, Brigadier General McAlexander, Col. and Mrs. McMaster, Major and Mrs. Sappington, Major Polhemus, Capt. and Mrs. Potter, Lieut. and Mrs. Butler, Capt. and Mrs. Mullins, Capt. and Mrs. Olmstead, Captain Smith, Lieutenants Shaw and Ross.

Lieut. and Mrs. Mark M. Potter entertained at dinner on Wednesday for Capt. R. D. Cleland, Miss Alice Hines and Capt. Stanley G. Sainier. Mrs. Speed is here on a visit as the guest of her son, Lieut. Horace Speed, 31st Coast Art. Lieutenant Speed entertained at a supper party at the quarters of Major and Mrs. Willett on April 11. Mrs. Walter F. Mullins entertained at bridge on Tuesday. There were four tables.

Miss Louise Coleman entertained for her guest, Miss Davies, on Thursday night with an informal dance. Mrs. John L. Hines entertained on Thursday for Mrs. Ware's mother, Mrs. Tobin, who is here from Honolulu. Several tables of auction bridge were played.

Virginia Coleman celebrated her eleventh birthday anniversary with a party for her young friends on April 9. The children enjoyed croquet and the swings under the trees. The guests were Helen Powell, James Korst, Mary Dyer, Mary Ann McCaskey, Marcel Eddy, Sarah Emily Pierson, Mildred McCleave, Elmira and her sister.

Col. and Mrs. C. C. Hilton have rented a house in Columbia and are living on Hamilton avenue. Colonel Hilton has recently been assigned to Camp Jackson and is in command of the 44th Coast Artillery Regiment.

Mrs. Briley gave a most artistic and original card party on Friday afternoon. The color scheme was yellow and refreshments carried out the idea. The guests were Mmes. Hines, Hayes, Barnes, F. M. Smith, Dyer, Hero, Powell, Young, Williamson, Medding, Parker, Willets, Butts, Longley, Hyde, Gaffney, Mabbott, Stuart, McCarthy, Green, Potter, Burke, Johnson and Bryce.

A dinner party was given at the 60th Infantry officers' mess last Saturday night in honor of Colonel Parker's birthday anniversary. The mess hall was beautifully decorated in purple and white, and the big U-shaped table with pink and white carnations. The dinner was followed by a dance at the 9th Brigade Officers' Club, music for which was furnished by the 60th Infantry band. Practically all the officers and ladies of the regiment were present. Among the guests from outside were Major and Mrs. McCaskey, Lieut. and Mrs. Whatley and others.

Mrs. Powell gave a bridge luncheon on Monday for her mother, Mrs. Cahan, who leaves on Friday for her home in Washington. The second 9th Brigade dance was held Wednesday night and was attended by nearly all the officers and ladies of the 60th Infantry and Capt. and Mrs. O'Donohue, Olmstead and Mullins and Lieut. and Mrs. Butler and Capt. and Mrs. McCoskie.

Pole in the Fifth Division.

The Camp Jackson polo team, consisting of Majors M. Magruder, C. L. Clark, Lieutenants W. A. Metts and W. H. Dow, (captain of the team), with Lieutenants Watson and Delshany as substitutes, played a round robin against Mr. Haier's team, Pinehurst and Camden, April 4, at Pinehurst, N.C.

The round robin for the April trophy was played Monday afternoon, eighteen chukkers, lasting from 2:30 to 6 p.m. Camden and Camp Jackson tied with a score of ten each, necessitating a decision in the first chukker of the game played April 9. The final results of the games were the Camden team won the April trophy, and Pinehurst the Sand Hills and Novice's trophies.

The members of the team and their ladies were present as guests of Mr. Tuft, owner of Pinehurst's two magnificent hotels, the Carolina and Holly Inn. The courtesies extended made the visit one long to be remembered by all the participants. Major and Mrs. Magruder brought their son Peyton; Major and Mrs. Clark were accompanied by Lieut. and Mrs. Gordon, sister of Mrs. Clark; Lieut. and Mrs. Dean brought their little daughter Betty, whose smiles won the hearts of all. Majors Millar and Ahern, from Camp Jackson, motored over to witness the game.

The officers and ladies of Camp Jackson accepted an invitation

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There's a greeting from the open fields and clear sunshine of the homeland in that delicious, flaked corn food —

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tion to visit Camp Bragg as guests of Colonel Foy, commanding officer, where they were generously entertained, and in the evening were treated to a dinner followed by a dance.

NAVY GAZETTE.

(Continued from page 936.)

Lieut. J. H. Duncan to U.S.S. Albany.
Lieut. Comdr. W. C. Espach (M.C.) to Naval Hospital, Canacso.
Lieut. M. F. Hudson (M.C.) to U.S.S. Elcano.
Lieut. F. L. Kelly (M.C.) to home and wait orders.
Lieut. Comdr. E. G. Morsell (S.C.) to home and wait orders.
Lieut. (j.g.) H. C. McGinnis (S.C.) to Naval Station, Guam.
Lieut. C. E. Swithenbank (S.C.) to Sup. Off. Naval Station, Olongapo.
Lieut. (j.g.) E. R. Rundquist to U.S.S. Chandler.
Lieut. W. T. Moynan (C1-2) to U.S.S. Huron.
Orders to Officers April 14, 1921.
Lieut. J. H. Aigner to duty U.S.S. Melville.
Lieut. Comdr. P. M. Bates to U.S.S. Cleveland as Ex. Off.
Lieut. W. K. Casey to duty U.S.S. Alert.
Ensign H. Coldwell to duty U.S.S. Minnesota.
Ensign T. V. Corey to duty U.S.S. Vixen.
Lieut. (j.g.) F. H. De Birmingham to duty U.S.S. Turkey.
Comdr. A. S. Farquhar to command U.S.S. Rathburne.
Lieut. (j.g.) H. J. Gordon to duty U.S.S. Hancock.
Bttn. R. E. Hoffess to duty U.S.S. Fortune.
Lieut. E. L. Jones to duty Naval Station, Tutuila, Samoa.
Lieut. (j.g.) C. R. Kehler to command U.S.S. Fortune.
Mach. L. A. Liscob to duty U.S.S. Fortune.
Lieut. J. W. Merget to duty Babcock and Wilcox Co., Bayonne, N.J.
Btan. H. H. Reinbold to duty U.S.S. Fortune.
Capt. A. St. C. Smith to a squadron commander, Destroyer Force, Atlantic Fleet.
Ensign R. K. Wells to U.S.S. Minnesota.
Comdr. J. R. Driggs (C1-3) to command U.S.S. Bath.
Orders to Officers March 30, 1921.
Ensign E. L. Adams to duty U.S.S. Kanawha.
Capt. C. C. Bloch to duty Commander, Mine Force, Pacific Fleet.
Lieut. Comdr. V. D. Chapline to duty Naval Operations, Navy Dept.
Ensign A. E. Coulon to duty U.S.S. Kanawha.
Chief Pharm. C. H. Dean to duty Naval Hospital, League Island, Pa.
Lieut. C. R. Doll to duty U.S.S. Salem as Engr. Off.
Comdr. P. W. Foote to command U.S.S. Salem.
Ensign R. F. Grimes to duty U.S.S. Caesar.
Comdr. R. T. Orvis (M.C.) to command Naval Hospital, Olongapo, P.R.
Lieut. Comdr. P. H. Rice to command U.S.S. Robert Smith.
Lieut. Comdr. P. H. Rice, Lieut. P. F. Shortridge, Ensigns W. H. Buracker, W. R. Cushman, Jr., E. P. Forrestel, W. Hanna, R. Keith and Gunr. F. Purracker to duty U.S.S. Bruce.
Lieut. (j.g.) W. H. Stanton to duty U.S.S. Caesar.
Ensigns M. B. Sterling, F. Taylor and J. C. Webb to duty U.S.S. Murray.
Ensigns C. H. Troeger and H. A. Swartz to duty U.S.S. Pensacola.
Lieut. W. W. Weber to duty U.S.S. New York.
Lieut. M. E. West (Sup. C.) to duty Asiatic Station.
Lieut. W. H. Wright to duty Naval Training Station, New Port R.I.
Ensign J. A. Dwyer to duty U.S.S. Lavallette.
Lieut. I. Clark (C1-3) to duty U.S.S. Saipan.
Lieut. Comdr. G. A. Dorsey (C1-4) to duty Naval Intelligence, Navy Dept.
Ensigns S. W. Hanus (C1-3) and Lieut. (j.g.) C. J. Matzinger (C1-3) to duty U.S.S. Mercy.
Lieut. L. F. Schlick (C1-3) to duty Receiving Bks., Hampton Roads, Va.

Orders to Officers April 16, 1921.

Comdr. H. C. Gearing to command U.S.S. Bruce.
Ensign H. D. Goidy to duty U.S.S. Robinson.
Ensign R. C. Harding to Destroyer Force, Atlantic Fleet.
Ensign W. D. Hodges to duty U.S.S. Beaufort.
Lieut. J. J. Joyce to duty U.S.S. Boston, Mass.
Ensign W. M. Junkin to duty U.S.S. Caesar.
Comdr. J. B. Kaufman (M.C.) to duty Naval Hospital, Washington.
Ensign J. A. Sedgwick and Lieut. K. E.-F. Sorenson to duty U.S.S. Boston, Mass.
Ensign C. R. Will to Destroyer Force, Atlantic Fleet.
Gunn. T. J. Cotter to U.S.S. MacKenzie.
Lieut. (j.g.) W. F. Grimes to duty U.S.S. Birmingham.
Ensign R. D. Croley to U.S.S. Macdonald.
Lieut. (j.g.) W. H. Fielder, Jr., to U.S.S. Birmingham.
Lieut. (j.g.) V. W. McGrew to U.S.S. Claxton.
Ensign M. W. Piper to Reserve Divisions.
Lieut. J. Sperle to U.S.S. Shirk.
Lieut. (j.g.) C. E. Maas (C1-3) to duty Receiving Bks., Hampton Roads, Va.
Lieut. (j.g.) A. J. Miller (C1-3) to duty U.S.S. Celtic.
Lieut. C. J. Pierce (C1-3) to duty Receiving Bks., Hampton Roads, Va.
Ensign W. H. Wilson (C1-3) to duty U.S.S. Glacier.

Orders to Officers April 18, 1921.

Comdr. W. A. Angwin (M.C.) to Aid or Staff Comdr. Destroyer Force, Atlantic Fleet.
Chief Pharm. W. E. G. Bartle to duty Naval Station, Pearl Harbor, H.T.
Comdr. W. L. Calhoun to Naval Inspector of Ordnance in Charge Naval Ammunition Depot, Mare Island.
Lieut. (j.g.) W. O. Doane to duty U.S.S. Quincy.
A.P. Clerk J. A. Farrell to duty U.S.S. Glacier.
Ensign J. D. Guerin to duty U.S.S. Coihoun.
Lieut. Comdr. J. H. Gunnell (Sup. C.) to Sup. Off. Air Force, Atlantic Fleet.
Lieut. J. M. Holmes (Sup. C.) to Sup. Off. U.S.S. Shawmut.
Lieut. (j.g.) J. M. Joly to duty U.S.S. Falcon.
Carp. E. P. Malherbe to duty 14th Naval District.
Mach. D. H. Pendleton to duty U.S.S. Minnesota.
Mach. C. A. Redfield to duty U.S.S. Owl.
Carp. A. F. Whittier to duty U.S.S. Rainbow.
Lieut. Comdr. R. C. Williams to duty Bureau Engineering, Washington.
Lieut. J. H. Duncan to U.S.S. Panther.
A.P. Clerk H. W. Lombard (C1-1) to U.S.S. New Orleans.
Lieut. E. J. Harwood (C1-3) to duty Receiving Bks., Hampton Roads, Va.

Orders to Officers April 19, 1921.

Lieut. B. L. Brannon (M.C.) to duty Naval Hospital, Hampton Roads, Va.
Lieut. Comdr. P. L. Carroll to duty Sperry Gyroscope Works, New York, N.Y.
Capt. H. C. Cocke to duty Naval Ex. Board, Navy Dept.
Lieut. G. L. Crain (M.C.) to duty Naval Hospital, New York, N.Y.
Capt. B. P. Du Bois (Sup. C.) to Sup. Off. Naval Academy, Annapolis, reporting June 30.
Lieut. J. C. Kenning (M.C.) to duty Naval Hospital, New York, N.Y.
Lieut. Comdr. W. M. Quigley to duty Bureau Engineering, Navy Dept.
Capt. J. M. Reeves det. Rome, Italy; to command U.S.S. Pittsburgh.
Lieut. W. W. Tolles (Con. C.) to navy yard, Philadelphia.
Capt. W. W. Woods (M.C.) to duty Naval Forces Operating in European Waters.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Ensign R. S. Knox (C1-3) to U.S.S. Hogan.
Lieut. (j.g.) E. H. Kincaid to U.S.S. Whipple.

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STATE FORCES.

ARKANSAS.

Major Charles E. Moore, Inf., U.S.A., instructor, on duty with the Arkansas N.G., has been appointed a colonel of Infantry in the Arkansas N.G. and assigned to command of the 5th Infantry. He is a native of Arkansas, having entered the U.S.M.A. June 13, 1899, under appointment by Governor, then Congressman, Thomas C. McRae, and his present appointment is most favorably regarded.

A site at Camp Pike, Ark., for the encampment of the Arkansas N.G., which will be held July 11 to 26, inclusive, has been selected, and Gen. E. M. Lewis, commanding the camp, has extended his co-operation in making it a complete success. The organizations to attend, besides the complete state staff corps and departments, are the 8th Infantry, 2d Ambulance Company and such organizations of the Anti-Aircraft Machine Gun Battalion as may be extended Federal recognition by the opening of the camp. Officers of the N.G. Reserve may be authorized to attend, upon their own application, for not more than fifteen days and will receive the same pay and allowances of N.G. officers during the period.

Capt. J. Carroll Cone, Pine Bluff Machine Gun Company, has been promoted to major of Infantry and assigned to the 8th Infantry as regimental M.G. officer. He is now at Camp Benning, receiving a special course of instruction. First Lieut. Sam W. Trimble has been appointed captain of Infantry and assigned command of Co. D, 5th Inf., the Pine Bluff M.G. Co., to succeed Major Cone.

Major R. B. Andrews, of Beebe, has been transferred to the active list from the N.G. Reserve, and will command a battalion of the 5th Infantry. Patrick C. Harris, of Beebe, has been appointed a first lieutenant of Infantry and assigned as Major Andrews's battalion adjutant. They have been authorized to organize the Headquarters and Headquarters Co. of a battalion, consisting of forty-one men, Beebe, Cos. C, Prescott; E, Camden; F, Sparkman, and G, Cotton Plant, of the 5th Infantry, have been Federalized. Dr. C. W. Brown, of Jonesboro, has been authorized to organize the 2d Ambulance Co., with station in that city. First Sgt. William A. Erwin, Co. M, 4th Inf., U.S.A., Camp Pike, has been assigned to duty with the N.G. of Arkansas as a sergeant-instructor.

NEW YORK.

The 7th Infantry, N.Y.N.G., Col. W. H. Hayes, has now eight companies Federalized, and hopes soon to have all the remaining units ready for Federalization. The command has been careful to limit its recruiting to a desirable class of men, who are able and willing to perform the required military duty, and for this reason its strength is not as large as it otherwise might have been. It is much better, however, to have men on the roll that can be relied upon to turn out for military duty when needed, rather than to have a large paper strength with many men on the roll who could not be found when wanted. The old 7th was always reliable as a duty-doing command, and Colonel Hayes and his officers desire to keep up the record in the new 7th.

The 8th Coast Defense Command, N.Y.N.G., Col. Elmore F. Austin, was reviewed in its armory in the Bronx, New York City, on the night of April 21, by Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, N.Y.N.G. The command made a commendable showing, and a large audience was present. Incident to the ceremonies there were a number of presentations of state World War medals, and among those receiving them were the following: Col. E. F. Austin, Lieut. Col. P. Loeser, Majors A. M. Day and W. E. Prescott; E, Camden; F, Sparkman, and G, Cotton Plant, of the 5th Infantry, have been Federalized. Dr. C. W. Brown, of Jonesboro, has been authorized to organize the 2d Ambulance Co., with station in that city. First Sgt. William A. Erwin, Co. M, 4th Inf., U.S.A., Camp Pike, has been assigned to duty with the N.G. of Arkansas as a sergeant-instructor.

The strength of the New York Guard and the New York National Guard on April 1, 1921, was 18,484 officers and men, and showed the substantial gain of 1,157 officers and men over the March records. The aggregate strength of the New York Guard was 6,505 officers and men, and the aggregate strength of the New York National Guard was 11,979.

The Hon. Henry A. Gildersleeve, an ex-colonel of the 124 N.Y.N.G., and a world renowned rifle shot in the old Creedmoor days, reviewed the 12th Infantry, N.Y.G., in its armory in New York city on the night of April 18. A large audience was present, which watched the ceremonies with great interest, and liberally applauded. There was dancing after the military exercises. Plans have been projected to organize the 12th into an anti-aircraft command, but no official action to this end has yet been taken. As there has been a surplus of Infantry in the state, the 12th was disbanded from being Federalized, and for this reason has been laboring under great handicap. It is hoped that the regiment, which has such an excellent record and from whose ranks so many notable generals have risen, may be preserved in the future.

Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, U.S.A., retired, will review the 15th Infantry, N.Y.G., Col. A. Little, and on behalf of Lafayette Post, G.A.R., present a United States color to the regiment on Sunday, May 22. The ceremony will take place on the Sheep Meadow in Central Park, New York city. Colonel Little's father was a former commander of Lafayette Post. Hoyt Sherman, who has been commissioned captain, 15th Inf., promoted from first lieutenant, 12th Inf., was intelligence officer, 369th Inf. (old 15th New York), having been assigned to that regiment from the O.R.C. He was wounded and won the Croix de Guerre in the Meuse-Argonne campaign. The band of the 15th Infantry has been assigned to duty at the National Guard camp at Peekskill during the month of May, and also a service detachment of equal number.

RHODE ISLAND.

An important military event in the Rhode Island National Guard was the review of the Coast Artillery Corps in the armory at Providence on the night of April 18 by Governor Sans Souci. All the Coast Artillery commands in the state participated, under Lieut. Col. C. L. D. Wells, and in addition to the review and parade there were an enjoyable band concert and a number of interesting exhibition drills. The 8th Co. gave an exhibition with the ten-inch gun, the 2d Co. with the twelve-inch mortar, the 16th Co. in extended order, the 4th Co. in physical exercises, and the 1st Co. in close order platoon drill. The various exhibitions were executed in excellent shape and reflected great credit upon all concerned.

Lieut. Col. C. L. D. Wells, R.I.N.G., and Major G. A. Taylor, U.S.A., instructor of Coast Artillery, went to Fort Greble April 14 in connection with the possible establishment of an officers' school for Rhode Island Coast Artillery officers this spring. Plans were also made for the tour of duty this summer. The commissioned officers of the Rhode Island N.G. have voted to form a permanent National Guard Athletic Association.

Battery A, Field Art., R.I.N.G., held its first drill at the Armory for Mounted Commands in Providence on April 14. Captain Rollins and his officers gave instructions in saddling and bridling. Major G. A. Taylor, U.S.A., and Sergeant Hunt, U.S.A., the new Cavalry sergeant-instructor, were present at the drill. By recent orders from Boston Major Taylor has been assigned as instructor of Battery A in addition to his other duties.





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ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

The Answers Department is intended for the information of all readers of the paper. We do not answer questions as to personal standing in examinations or individual prospects of appointment or call to duty. Inquiries are so numerous and so varied in character, and in so many cases require time for special research, that we are unable to respond to the request for a personal reply to letters. Inquiries will be answered in the paper as soon as possible after their receipt. Questions must be accompanied by name and address of inquirer.

R. L. R.—Ensign F. W. Hamilton's name does not appear in the late lists of officers of the Navy. For information ask Bureau of Navigation.

J. N. W. asks: (1) Enlisted Feb. 9, 1911, discharged Feb. 8, 1914; re-enlisted March 30, 1914, discharged Sept. 8, 1918, to accept commission; accepted commission Sept. 9, 1918, discharged Aug. 28, 1919; re-enlisted Aug. 29, 1920, discharged Aug. 28, 1920; re-enlisted Aug. 29, 1920. What is my length of service to March 30, 1921? (2) I am on the eligible list for appointment as warrant officer. What is my number? Answer: (1) Ten years. (2) This information is not available.

J. M. asks: (1) When did the \$90 bonus upon enlisting or re-enlisting in the Army go into effect? (2) Discharged June 15, 1920; re-enlisted for three years June 16, 1920. Am I entitled to same? (3) Is there a bill up in this session for a twenty-five years' retirement? Answer: (1) The act of June 4, 1920, says . . . "hereafter an enlistment allowance equal to three times the monthly pay of a soldier of the seventh grade shall be paid to every soldier who enlists or re-enlists for a period of three years. (2) Yes. (3) Not yet.

INTERESTED PARTY asks: On June 1, 1918, I was appointed regimental supply sergeant in a Regular Army regiment to fill an original vacancy. On June 29, 1920, I was transferred in present grade to Infantry School Detachment; was relieved from assignment to unassigned by a regimental order because an old non-commissioned officer who had been made an officer was sent back to the regiment in his former grade after being discharged as an officer, National Army. Do I come under the heading of Cir. 87, W.D., 1921, Par. 3, or do I retain my warrant until discharged? Answer: Become surplus. Cir. 87, Par. 3, governs: sad, but true.

E. R. D.—G.O. 1, W.D., 1921, authorizes the Ordnance De-

partment to have sixty-one master sergeants and 504 technical sergeants. At present there are more than sixty-one master sergeants in the Ordnance Department, therefore further appointments will not be made to that grade until the surplus is absorbed. Until further orders appointments will be made in accordance with Cir. 7, W.D., 1921.

H. M. asks: (1) According to Cir. 87, W.D., March 29, you say that all N.C.O. warrants (temporary and emergency) will be terminated on or before July 2, 1921. Does that mean the Non-Com. Staff? (2) Can you please tell me how many master sergeants are allowed in the Coast Artillery? Answer: (1) It means that all emergency warrants terminate, and that the Army organization operates entirely upon the provisions of the Reorganization act of June 4, 1920. See Mimeograph O.C.C.A. 220.72-B, Feb. 24, 1920, and especially note Par. (b) of third endorsement, A.G.O. 220.1, Miscellaneous Division, May 1, 1920, thereon. Copy was furnished all non-commissioned officers and camp and department commanders. (2) Tables of organization have not yet been distributed. Until such time this information is not available.

COAST DEFENSES OF BOSTON.

Fort Warren, Mass., April 18, 1921.

One of the most enjoyable parties of the season was the Coast Defense Bridge Club meeting, April 16. There was a full attendance from Forts Strong, Andrews and Warren. Prizes were won by Mmes. Schrader and Howell and Captains Dingley, Safford and Pogue. Prior to the party Col. and Mrs. Geary were dinner guests of Col. and Mrs. Howell.

Capt. and Mrs. Bader entertained at dinner April 14 for Major Bontecou, Captain Cook and Lieutenant Fellers. Mrs. Otto Schrader and Mrs. Joseph Cottrell on April 18 were guests of Mrs. Howard Woodman, of Wellesley, for tea at the Copley-Plaza Hotel.

Lieut. and Mrs. Fisher, at Fort Strong, entertained Col. and Mrs. Geary at dinner April 17. Capt. and Mrs. Safford were hosts for the Fort Strong Bridge Club last week. The Harbor Club met at Fort Strong on April 14. The time allotted between boats was so completely filled with business that the entertainment program was omitted. Officers for the coming six months were elected as follows: President, Mrs. Cora Holahan, Coast Defense hostess; vice presidents, Mmes. Edith MacPherson, Fort Banks; Alice L. Harris, Fort Revere, and Florence Hanry, Fort Revere; recording secretary, Mrs. L. Louise Smith, Winthrop, Mass.; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Charlotte Chisham, Fort Strong; treasurer, Mrs. Letta Clements, Fort Revere. Committees were chosen for child welfare, home economics and current information. It was voted to send a good representation of the club to the annual meeting of the Massachusetts State Federation of Women's Clubs to be held in Plymouth, Mass., in May.

Last Monday night Chaplain and Mrs. Fraser at Fort Andrews entertained the bowlers after the game. On Friday Mrs. Brotherton was hostess for the Sewing Club. Lieut. and Mrs. Marshall entertained the Card Club last week.

Fort Banks, now the liveliest post of the harbor, has been living up to its reputation. Last Wednesday the Card Club met with Col. and Mrs. Raymond, and on Friday Mrs. Raymond entertained a large company for luncheon, followed by bridge. In addition to the ladies of the post, there were several guests from the harbor posts, from Winthrop and out of town.

Thursday night Major and Mrs. Warfield, assisted by Mrs. Warfield's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Merritt, entertained with a dinner for twenty-five at the Cliff House. Later the guests returned to Major Warfield's quarters, where bridge was enjoyed the remainder of the evening. Mrs. Warfield's sister, Mrs. H. E. Gillies, of Melrose, was present and other guests aside from the Fort Banks group were Colonel Mills and Major Benham, from Headquarters, Boston; Mrs. Homer Grant and Mr. and Mrs. Hendricks.

Capt. and Mrs. Flagg on Sunday entertained at a delightful supper, followed by music. Those present were Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Raymond, Miss Eleanor Raymond, Miss Hendricks, Mr. and Mrs. Potter and Mr. Wayland Blood, of Brooklyn, Mr. Richardson and Mr. Brown, of Boston, and Mrs. H. Hudson.

Capt. and Mrs. Allen Johnson are being congratulated upon the recent arrival of a little daughter.

WASHINGTON BARRACKS.

Washington Barracks, D.C., April 16, 1921.

Mrs. Walter C. Babcock entertained at a tea party on Wednesday. Three tables of bridge were played.

The Army Relief Society, Corps of Engineers Branch, gave a ball and entertainment at the club of the General Staff College on this post April 9. Cabaret entertainment was enjoyed throughout the evening. Admission was \$1.50 a ticket and there were over 100 tickets sold, Navy, Army, Marine Corps and civilian ladies and gentlemen attending. Mrs. Henry Jersey is president of the Engineer Branch. Camp Humphreys' officers and ladies came over en masse.

Col. Harry A. Smith left on Tuesday for a fifteen days' leave, to join Mrs. Smith at Atchison, Kas. Mrs. Smith has recently suffered a double bereavement in the death of her parents at Atchison.

Mrs. George Grunert, Master George R. Grunert and little Mary, from Camp Dix, are living on the post again for a short time, to the pleasure of their many friends, while Major Grunert is at Walter Reed General Hospital for dental work.

Col. and Mrs. Charles E. Kilbourne were dinner hosts at the club of the General Staff College on Wednesday, having a party of ten.

Miss Dorothy Gowen made a handsome Queen Isabel at a tableau given for the starving Chinese on Tuesday night of this week. Col. Upton Birnie, Jr., had fourteen guests with them for dinner at the dinner dance at the General Staff College Club. Miss Elsie Marie Thornd entreated her friends at a dancing and card party on Tuesday evening at her father's quarters. Misses Helene and Mildred Gowen, Misses Ohnstad, Louise and Judith Barnes, Beverly Smith, Messrs. George R. Spalding, Jr., Jack Haynes, George Mondell, Lee Craigie, Van Moseley, Roger Harriman and Frank Cheatham composed the happy party.

Col. and Mrs. Hjalmar Erickson entertained at dinner in compliment to Mmes. William B. Graham, Andrew Moses, Colonels Moses and Graham at the club of the General Staff College on Wednesday.

Brig. Gen. Charles G. Dawes delivered an interesting lecture to the officers of the General Staff College on Thursday morning. Besides the faculty and student officers present, General Pershing and other officers from the city attended.

Mrs. George S. Simonds has been to see old friends on the post, their home when Colonel Simonds was a member of the College faculty. Mrs. Simonds has come from Fort Howard to attend the annual convention of the Daughters of the American Revolution, which begins in Washington on April 18. Col. Parker Hitt, Mrs. Hitt and Mary Lou Hitt were over from Governors Island for a few days. Mary Lou visited Bettie Lou Gowen during their visit here.

SEVENTH DIVISION AND CAMP MEADE NOTES.

Camp Meade, Md., April 14, 1921.

The officers and ladies of the 41st Infantry entertained the 12th Infantry and the 7th Division at a dance Friday night, in which the principal decorative scheme was clusters of pine boughs in which nestled many blue birds. The Midnight Serenaders, a colored orchestra from Washington, D.C., furnished the music. The hop committee was composed of Mmes. Arthur Johnson, W. A. Pickering, Carl Searing, W. H. Smith, Major W. H. Smith, Mr. B. R. Farrer and Mr. G. S. Mickie.

The office of the Staff Judge Advocate, Major H. R. Bitting; the office of the Morale Officer, 7th Division, Lieut. Col. Ode C. Nichols, and the office of the 7th Division and Camp Meade paper, the Hour Glass, together with two other rooms con-

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Training blank forms and supplies, burned Tuesday night. The origin of the fire is not known.

The Camp Meade baseball season opened last Monday.

General McGlachlin threw the first ball.

A daughter, Betty Grace Hollier, was born Thursday at the station hospital to Capt. W. A. Hollier, 64th Inf., and Mrs. Hollier.

FIRST DIVISION NOTES.

Camp Dix, N.J., April 13, 1921.

The officers of the 6th Field Artillery gave a dinner last Friday in honor of Major and Mrs. Cortland Parker. The Major is again commanding the "First Shot" Regiment after several years' absence on other duties. Covers were laid for thirty-five persons, including Lieut. Cols. and Mmes. William A. Austin and Eben Swift, Jr., Major and Mrs. Albert W. Waldron, Capt. and Mrs. Thomas C. Harry and Mrs. Harry, the Captain's mother; Capt. and Mmes. William S. Evans and R. G. Mangum, Capt. Samuel White, Jr., W. D. Alexander, Thomas F. Poole and William A. Ray, Lieuts. and Mmes. Peyton Winlock, B. C. Hampton, L. E. Heyduck and R. D. Sproull, Lieuts. W. D. Powell, J. E. Slack, R. M. Montague, J. H. Landrum and F. E. Coyne, Jr., Mrs. Campbell and Misses Gould, Taliaferro, and O. C. Rowe, of Virginia. Assisting in receiving were Major and Mrs. Waldron and Captain White. Dancing followed the dinner.

In one of the most impressive ceremonies staged in Camp Dix Major Gen. Charles P. Summerall decorated the colors of the 6th and 7th Field Artillery Regiments, the 1st Engineers, 2d Field Battalion and the 1st Machine Gun Battalion with the fourragère in the colors of the French Croix de Guerre, representing the French government in conferring the honors. The troops marched by in review before the eyes of hundreds of civilian spectators, besides the balance of the division. General Summerall made a most impressive speech, in which he charged the soldiers with their responsibilities upon wearing the shoulder cord which was presented by the grateful French Republic in honor of the heroic dead of those regiments. "It is our pact with the dead," said General Summerall, in part, "to so conduct ourselves at all times while wearing this honored

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fourth that their sacrifices shall not have been in vain. It is our duty as the living to give the same courageous, faithful service to the regiments as did the 5,476 men who laid down their lives for their regiments of the 1st Division.

After taking the 7th Field Artillery and the "Freebooters" into camp last week, the 6th Field Artillery polo team won their first game in the Camp Dix polo tournament last Saturday by swamping the 6th Field Artillery second team 18 to 0. Major Cortland Parker, captain of the team, was in rare form, playing an extraordinary game. Other members of the team showed excellent form, and the gameness and brilliant playing of the second team were insufficient to overcome their more experienced opponents.

The 1921 baseball season opens in Camp Dix next Sunday afternoon when the 16th and 28th Infantry teams cross bats, while the 6th Field Artillery will open fire on the 7th Field Artillery team. The season runs until the last of June, at which time an inter-league series will be run off.

Packed houses greeted the return of Keith's vaudeville to the War Department (Liberty) Theater here Monday and Tuesday of this week. The proceeds of the performances go toward swelling the Children's School Fund, which is used to defray expenses of continuing the post school for the youngsters of the camp. Lieut. Col. Howard L. Landers, commanding the 7th Field Artillery, is head of the entertainment committee staging the bi-weekly vaudeville shows. The 1st Division Soldier Players, after scoring a huge success with "Pierre of the Plains," will present "Within the Law" for three nights commencing Monday of next week. Miss Christine Hopkins and Mr. Robert Le Sueur will play the leads.

Mrs. David Shearer entertained at bridge April 6 and April 8. On Wednesday the following were present: Misses La Due and Hopkins, Mmes. Harrison, Stearns, Stallman, Farrell, Squires,

Hyde, Proctor, Campion, Bigelow, Kern, Brown, Duncan, Raymond, Tavener, Chastaine, Hickson, Ragan, Keisch and Dodd. On Friday the following were entertained: Mmes. Anderson, Veale, Wilkins, Kershaw, Cole, Corey, Sutherland, La Due, Bratten, Vaughn, Roth, Atkins, Poinexter, Musser, Harring, Austin, Campbell, Freeman, Turnbull, Summerville, Fyles, Delbert, Fleming, Corrigan, Adkins, Hoey.

FORT LEAVENWORTH.

Fort Leavenworth, Kas., April 11, 1921.

Mrs. James H. McRae, of Camp Travis, was honored at a bridge tea on Monday by Mrs. Edward Croft and the Misses Croft. Assisting were Mmes. Crosby, Stritzinger, Rehkopf, McCornack, Brooke, Gibson, Reeder, Weeks and Miller.

Major and Mrs. Philip H. Worcester entertained with a handsome dinner Friday for Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Hugh A. Drum, Col. and Mrs. Hopkins, Major and Mrs. Hannum, Miss Raume and Colonel Peron. Mrs. Thom Catron was hostess at a buffet luncheon at the Officers' Club on Thursday for fifty guests. Assisting were Mmes. Fuller, Houston, Drum, Eaton, Taylor, Bundel, Moreno and Miss Resume. Mrs. John Grout has arrived from New York, to be the guest, for several weeks, of Col. and Mrs. Malvern-Hill Barnum, who entertained in her honor at dinner Friday for Col. and Mrs. Stokes, Dwyer, Slattery, Majors and Mmes. Albright and Foster and Major Gerald C. Brant.

Mrs. Marshall Eskridge, of San Antonio, and Mrs. A. R. Seal, of Kansas City, shared the honors at a large dinner given Friday by Major and Mrs. A. W. Bloor. Mrs. John Scott was hostess at a luncheon on Saturday in compliment to Mrs. James H. McRae, of Camp Travis. Mrs. Edward E. McCammon entertained with bridge for sixteen guests, thirty others enjoying the tea which followed. In receiving Mrs. McCammon was assisted by Mrs. L. D. Baxter, of San Francisco.

Col. and Mrs. Charles R. Alley gave a dinner Friday for Col. and Mrs. Charles B. Stone, Col. and Mrs. Pelham D. Glassford, Major and Mrs. McClure, Major and Mrs. Cooper, Miss McMahan, of Trenton, N.J., and Major Edmund T. Weisel. Mrs. L. D. Baxter, of San Francisco, Calif., was honor guest at a luncheon given Tuesday by Mrs. Llewellyn Oliver. About 100 friends from Fort Leavenworth attended the tea given in Leavenworth on Wednesday by Mrs. Eugene D. Lyle and Mrs. Harvey W. Ide at Mrs. Lyle's home to meet Mrs. James C. Lyle, a young bride.

Major and Mrs. Paul W. Gibson and Major and Mrs. Gregory Hoisington entertained with a large dinner at the Officers' Club preceding the black and white ball. Major Gen. William M. Black, retired, will be the chief speaker at the thirteenth anniversary celebration of the founding of the Kansas University School of Engineering on April 20. He will visit Fort Leavenworth.

Major and Mrs. Harry S. Grier entertained with a buffet supper Friday preceding the hop. Their guests included Cols. and Mmes. Humphrey, Jewett, Majors and Mmes. Gibson, Cubbison, Mackall, Madison, Phinney, Ralston, Sterling, Upham, Watkins, Majors Keck and Wise and others.

The Officers' Club resounded Saturday evening with the gay songs that have for years been sung by the Cavalry of the United States Army. The occasion was the Cavalry dinner, which was enjoyed by all Cavalry officers stationed in the garrison and their wives. The guests numbered sixty-eight and were seated at small tables placed around the rooms in cabaret fashion, each adorned with a basket filled with yellow calendulas and snap dragons intermingled with ferns. The walls were hung with large yellow horseshoes and the pillars of the rooms and openings were covered with branches of yellow flowering shrubs. The huge horseshoe in the music room of the club was beneath a large cluster of yellow calendulas and ferns, beneath which were crossed sabers. Tall shells taken from the battle fields of France held yellow snap dragons and ferns. The songs were led by Col. Thomas A. Roberts, accompanied by the orchestra of the Disciplinary Barracks. Dancing was enjoyed throughout the evening.

FORT SNELLING.

Fort Snelling, Minn., April 12, 1921.

The officers of the 49th Infantry entertained on Friday evening with an informal hop in the Service Club. Mrs. J. M. McDowell, of Minneapolis, wife of Colonel McDowell, entertained on Saturday afternoon at a bridge party. Mrs. Wood Hardy entertained on Tuesday for the Afternoon Bridge Club.

The ladies' class in golf held a tournament on Wednesday, eight taking part. The honors went to Miss Margery Sturtevant. Col. and Mrs. J. B. Woolough and children, Major and Mrs. B. H. Feild and children and Mrs. Davis and children enjoyed an outdoor picnic on Saturday at Lake Minnetonka. Mrs. E. G. Sherburne, Mrs. Parrish, Mrs. Balsam and Miss Sturtevant entertained on Tuesday morning with a horseback ride to Bloomington, Minn.

Lieut. F. Davis left on Wednesday for New York to receive the body of his father, Colonel Davis, who died during the World War. Interment is to be in Arlington Cemetery. Col. and Mrs. Girard Sturtevant entertained Sunday informally at tea in honor of President L. D. Coffman, of the University of Minnesota, and Mrs. Coffman and William and Katherine Coffman. Assisting the hostess were Mmes. E. G. Sherburne, L. Walker, Ingall, and Miss Margery Sturtevant.

The St. Paul Officers' Reserve Mess Club was organized at St. Paul on April 1. Former Col. Paul Doty was elected president, former Col. F. W. Matson vice president, and former Capt. C. I. Weikert secretary-treasurer. The board of governors are G. Chapin, T. L. Daniels, A. H. Warren, Royal Stone and Harold Blodgett. Colonel Doty paid a high tribute to officers of the Army, saying he had always found them broad-minded, efficient and sympathetic, accepting Reserve officers for what they were. Col. A. W. Bjornstad, commanding at Fort Snelling, tendered the use of the Officers' Club and the golf links at the post to the new club. He also explained the plans of organization for Reserve officers, saying that only Reserve officers who make application for training will be called for the fifteen-day training period each year.

Fort Snelling, Minn., April 16, 1921.

Col. and Mrs. A. W. Bjornstad entertained Wednesday at tea and dancing in compliment to the officers of the regiment who received their promotions during the week: Captains Parker, Little, Goode, Gilbert, Oliver, Mackenzie and Conn, and Lieutenant Hardy. Mrs. A. R. Mackenzie poured tea. The 49th Infantry band, stationed on the lawn, gave a program during the afternoon.

The riding club of the garrison will ride Sunday mornings to the towns of Bloomington and Rosemont, returning to the Officers' Club for breakfast. In the party are Major Sumner, Captains Little and Parker, Capt. and Mrs. P. R. Goode, Lieut. and Mrs. W. Hardy, and Mrs. Clark.

Col. and Mrs. T. W. Wilder, St. Paul, entertained Thursday at dinner for Col. and Mrs. Girard Sturtevant. Col. and Mrs. Wilder left Friday for a two months' visit at Atlantic City, N.J. Major and Mrs. Sumner, who recently arrived on the garrison from Jefferson Barracks, have taken quarters No. 21 in the Infantry post.

Col. and Mrs. Girard Sturtevant and Miss Sturtevant were dinner guests Tuesday at the University Club, later going to the opening performance of Otis Skinner at the Metropolitan. At the weekly informal dance Friday at the Officers' Club there were twenty couples. Major and Mrs. E. G. Sherburne entertained Wednesday evening for the younger social set of the garrison at bridge.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Purdy, Minneapolis, entertained Thursday at dinner in honor of Mrs. Barry, of Omaha, Nebr., guest of her son-in-law and daughter, Capt. and Mrs. Tom Fox. Major H. Lawes, 49th Inf., is spending several days at Rochester, Minn. Mrs. Keane entertained Tuesday for the Afternoon Bridge Club in the parlors of the Officers' Club, five tables playing.

Major and Mrs. B. H. Feild are entertaining this afternoon for their son's (Thomas Marshall) tenth birthday anniversary. The little guests bidden to the party are James and Ellen Woolnough, Bill and Elizabeth Davis, Thelma and Sis Marcus, Lenore and Lucia Sumner, Margaret and Anna Watrous, Billy Morrow, Marcus and Milly Feild.

The annual cadet ball given by the R.O.T.C. of the Univer-



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city of Minnesota was held Friday evening in the Men's Union. In the receiving line with President and Mrs. L. D. Coffman were Col. and Mrs. Sturtevant, of this garrison. Others going over were Majors and Mmes. Feild, Watrous, Sherburne, Walker and Ingalls, Miss Margery Sturtevant and Captain Moomau.

FORT HUACHUCA.

Fort Huachuca, Ariz., April 8, 1921. The new regimental standard has arrived. It is the latest model and is blazoned with the Buffalo crest above the eagle. In the eagle's beak is the scroll bearing the regimental motto, instead of the traditional "E Pluribus Unum." The scroll beneath the eagle also shows a new departure in that it is white, with crimson piping, the letters "10th U.S. Cavalry" appearing in gold. The figure of the buffalo is exquisitely embroidered in natural colors and is about five inches in height. "If we are not mistaken this is one of the first, if not the first, regiments to float one of the new standards. Old Buffalo, we are proud of you, and long may you proudly float over us," says the Buffalo Bulletin.

At meeting of the Polo Association held on March 27, at which Lieut. Col. William L. Luhn presided, the following officers were elected: Col. Edwin B. Winans, president; Lieut. Col. J. V. Kuznik, vice-president; Major E. L. N. Glass, secretary-treasurer; Major Pearson Mencher, team captain; Majors Mencher, J. A. Robinson, Capt. Renn Lawrence and Lieut. Rhey T. Holt, executive committee; Major Robenson, polo manager. Four teams are now playing a league series under handicaps.

Col. W. H. Hay, at present inspector general of the A.P.

in G., who was an officer in the 10th Cavalry from July, 1893, until August, 1918, has written from Coblenz through the Bulletin, addressing the regiment, saying: "The 10th Cavalry, up to the commencement of the World War, was rated as one of the best Cavalry regiments in the Service, and knowing your regimental commander, Colonel Winans, and many of the older officers of the regiment as I do, I am sure that the regiment will continue to live up to its best traditions. The happiest years of my military service were spent in the 10th Cavalry, and nothing contributed more to the sum total of that happiness than the loyal, faithful service that I received at all times from the enlisted men of my troop and regiment. I take this opportunity of sending to the regiment in general, and to Troops A and E in particular, a message of warm regard and best wishes for the future." Lieut. J. E. Simpson left here March 26 en route to San Francisco, where he expected to take the next transport to Honolulu for station.

A magnificent pair of drum housings for the bugle corps' kettle drums, made of golden cloth, fringed with black silk and bearing the buffalo crest embroidered in the center, have been received. They are the handsomest piece of finery seen in anybody's camp grounds. The Bulletin observes: "The bugle corps will have to blow very sweetly now to keep in harmony with the drums."

MATHER FIELD.

Mather Field, Calif., April 2, 1921.

Mrs. James A. Swinnerton, of Los Altos, sister of Mrs. Bert M. Atkinson, and her daughter, Mary Elizabeth, were week-end guests recently of Major and Mrs. Atkinson. Charles Atkinson, son of Major and Mrs. B. M. Atkinson, gave an Easter hunt on Saturday for a number of his little friends.

Lieut. and Mrs. Spencer Hall and Lieut. and Mrs. I. J. Williams left recently for Fort Sill, to which post the officers have been transferred. Capt. A. D. Smith has returned to Mather Field after a six weeks' stay in San Diego and Yuma. Mrs. Smith, who was the guest of Major and Mrs. Arnold, of San Francisco, has also returned. Lieut. H. M. Jones is to leave soon for Langley Field.

Lieut. Thomas S. Voss has been assigned to Langley Field for temporary duty. Mrs. Voss will visit relatives in San Antonio before joining him. Mr. and Mrs. Howard Maughan and three children spent several days with Lieut. and Mrs. Maughan. They were on their way from New Zealand to their home in Logan, Utah.

The ladies of the field were at home on April 1. Mrs. Slattery, Mrs. Woodward and Mrs. Liggett were hostesses.

SAN DIEGO AND NEARBY BASES.

San Diego, Calif., April 14, 1921.

Capt. Francis M. Brady, Air Ser., U.S.A., and Mrs. Brady, whose wedding occurred in Pasadena on March 31, have been spending their honeymoon at Hotel del Coronado. Mrs. W. F. Ludington entertained on Tuesday with a bridge tea in honor of Mrs. Harlan P. Perrill, wife of Captain Perrill, U.S.N. Twenty guests were present. Miss Caroline Andrews, whose engagement to Lieut. Ray Thurber, U.S.N., attached to the U.S.S. McCormick, was recently announced, is spending a month here and is being entertained by friends of Lieutenant Thurber.

The Army Social Club, composed of active and retired Army officers and the members of their families, will hold a picnic on Saturday at Oak Grove, making the trip from the plaza in Balboa Park by auto. Surg. John Manchester, U.S.N., stationed at the naval base hospital in Balboa Park, entertained with a dinner party at Hotel del Coronado on Wednesday in honor of Capt. and Mrs. J. H. Tomb, from the naval air station.

Theodore W. Noyes, owner of the Washington (D.C.) Star, is registered at Hotel del Coronado. He is the father of Mrs. McDowell, wife of Lieut. Comdr. R. W. McDowell, who is making her home at Coronado. Another daughter, Mrs. Thompson, also lives on that side of the bay. With Major and Mrs. Shepler W. Fitzgerald and Major and Mrs. Edward C. Bunker as guests, Col. and Mrs. Charles H. Lyman, U.S.M.C., were hosts at a dinner on Wednesday.

Miss Mary Gorgas, daughter of Comdr. Miles V. Gorgas, U.S.N., and Miss Catherine Wheeler, of San Francisco, have been visiting Miss Katherine Lloyd, of Coronado. In honor of Mrs. Hensley Lacy, who is soon to leave for a year abroad, Mrs. Edward K. Earle entertained on Tuesday with a luncheon and bridge party, her guests including Mrs. William V. Pratt, Mrs. Henry N. Jenson and Mrs. Calvin Bertollette. Lieut. E. R. McKenzie, attached to the U.S.S. Prairie, was host recently at a dinner party on board ship, after which he took his guests to the Strand Theater.

HAWAIIAN NOTES.

Schofield Barracks, H.T., March 27, 1921.

Brig. Gen. J. E. Kuhn entertained on March 24 for Governor Charles J. McCarthy, Major Gen. Charles G. Morton, Senator Chillingworth, president of the Senate, Speaker Holstein, of the House, and a party of members of the Territorial Legislature. In the afternoon the Governor and party witnessed a review of all the regiments on the post. On Sunday Lieut. C. Wells, 35th Inf., entertained with a swimming party at Haliewa and dinner afterwards at the Haliewa Hotel for Mrs. Wight, Miss Shoemaker and Miss Brook, both of Honolulu, Major and Mrs. Z. Drolinger, Captains Wight, Funk, Hunt and Isaacs.

Capt. and Mrs. E. H. Levy, Capt. and Mrs. C. J. Nold, Capt. William Waite, Major T. J. Brady and Lieuts. and Mmes. J. C. Arrowsmith and C. P. Hardy sailed for San Francisco on the Sheridan on Sunday. Brig. Gen. J. E. Kuhn entertained at luncheon on March 23 for Col. Willoughby Walk and other Coast Artillery officers. Col. Edwin Nowlen and family left Schofield Barracks for station at Fort Shafter. Colonel Nowlen goes from duty with the 44th Infantry to duty at Department Headquarters.

Col. and Mrs. G. M. Brooke have moved up to the 13th Field Artillery cantonment from Fort Shafter. Capt. and Mrs. Leon E. Ryder entertained at dinner and bridge on Wednesday for Mrs. Fred Heron, Mrs. Mattie Ryder, Lieut. and Mrs. W. B. Augur, Capt. Gordon, J. F. Heron and Capt. W. D. Tabor. Capt. and Mrs. C. Hunter have taken station at Fort Kamehameha.

Mrs. Archie E. Groff had a birthday party for her small son, celebrating his first anniversary on Monday afternoon. Present were Betty Augur, George Barnhart, Sonny Stroh, Frank Barnhart, Frank Bonsteel, Gretchen Sperry and Robert Fisher. Mrs. R. Ducat entertained at a bridge tea on Tuesday for Mmes. Richart, Caldwell, Ryder, Miss Regina Quaile, Miss Mary Fuller, Mmes. Heron, Sperry, Frank Barnhart, Wilder, Bonsteel, Schwartz, C. R. Jones, Ellis, Venable, Berry, Danne, Miller, Stivers, Wight, Gillen, Augur and Rogers. Mrs. Gillespie and Mrs. W. K. Jones poured tea.

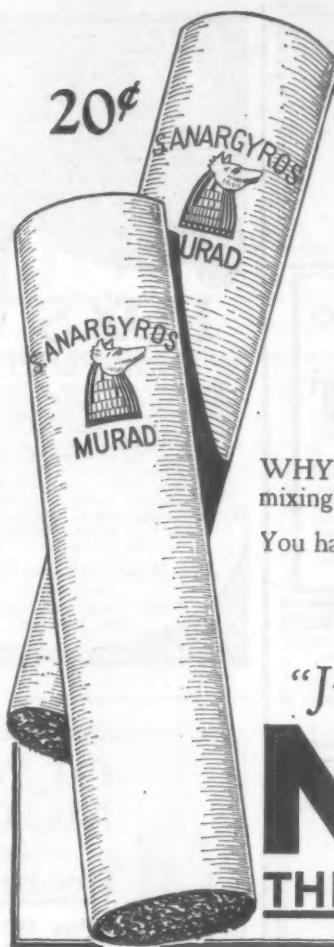
Mrs. Lucian K. Truscott was hostess for the Ladies' Guild on Tuesday. Col. and Mrs. Lewis S. Ryan entertained at dinner on Thursday for Brig. Gen. and Mrs. J. E. Kuhn, Majors and Mmes. F. Heard, J. Swing and J. Rogers. Capt. and Mrs. B. F. Bowley, Lieuts. and Mmes. R. B. Burdick and H. Latson were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Farrington at dinner at the Country Club on Sunday in Honolulu.

Lieut. and Mrs. A. C. Berry entertained with a delightful bridge supper on Monday for Capt. and Mrs. H. Kinnard, Capt. and Mrs. R. Ducat, Lieuts. R. Terrell and M. J. Barragan. Lieut. and Mrs. H. Latson entertained with bridge on Wednesday evening for Chaplain and Mrs. Harkins, Capt. and Mrs. B. F. Bowley and Lieut. and Mrs. R. D. Burdick.

Capt. and Mmes. E. F. Gaebler and R. H. Stock, Capt. H. R. Oram and his mother, Mrs. Oram; Lieuts. and Mmes. G. H. Stough and F. W. Conant arrived on the Sheridan and are living in the Engineer cantonment.

The Schofield Musical Club met with Col. and Mrs. W. K. Dashill on Tuesday evening. A very pretty program was given. Lieut. V. W. Batchelor played the violin, accompanied by Mrs. D. C. Richart; Major and Mrs. S. C. Schwartz sang a duet; Miss Mabel Sawbridge, accompanied by Lieutenant Sawbridge, gave a solo; Colonel Dashill and Major C. Kendall sang.

Col. and Mrs. R. H. Silliman entertained informally at dinner.



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ner on Thursday for Lieut. and Mrs. W. J. Mason, Mrs. Porter of San Francisco, and Lieut. I. D. Yeaton.

Capt. and Mrs. C. J. Wilder entertained at bridge on Wednesday for Miss Mary Fuller, Major and Mrs. D. C. Richart, Capt. and Mrs. D. G. Thompson, Capt. and Mrs. M. D. Holmes, Mrs. I. O. Moore and Mrs. Hew McMurdo. Mrs. W. L. Conaway gave a pretty tea on Friday as a farewell to Mrs. W. N. White, who left on the last transport for the States.

Col. Sherry C. Lassure and family have arrived and have taken quarters at Hydrangea circle. Lieut. and Mrs. W. J. Mason entertained at dinner on Wednesday. Major and Mrs. Clark Chandler, Major and Mrs. A. M. Milton and Capt. and Mrs. Leon E. Ryder enjoyed a poi supper given by Capt. and Mrs. Orville Tyler, of Honolulu, on Friday.

Mrs. McCollister entertained at tea on Thursday for the ladies of the 13th Field Artillery. Capt. and Mrs. Orville N. Tyler were dinner guests of Mr. John Macaulay on Sunday.

were Major and Mrs. Davis, Major and Mrs. Robinson, Capt. and Mrs. Peizman, Capt. and Mrs. Macon, Lieuts. and Mmes. Moore, Eyster and Marsh and Capt. and Mrs. Ransom. Lieut. and Mrs. William Johnson entertained at the Empire Café dinner and dance on Saturday in honor of Lieut. and Mrs. Moore. Lieut. and Mrs. Marsh complimented Lieut. and Mrs. Moore with a bridge supper on Feb. 27.

Mrs. Lyman Nichols, mother of Lieutenant Nichols, entertained with a charming bridge tea at the A.B.C. Club on Monday afternoon. Prizes were won by Mmes. Neff, Ransom, Foster, Fisk and Hodges. On Tuesday Co. K, 15th Infantry, had the distinction of representing the China Expedition in the guard of honor which bade farewell to Major General Minami, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese forces of North China, who left for a new command. A lovely reception was given by Mrs. Scott on Tuesday. Over sixty guests called.

Lieutenant Carter was host at the Empire Café dinner dance on Tuesday, complimenting Miss Florence Neff, Mrs. Neff, Lieut. and Mrs. Eyster and Mr. March, of Tientsin. Captain Keiser gave a stag dinner at the Empire Café on Tuesday for Lieutenant Ready, who leaves shortly for Tongshan. A delightful bridge tea was given on Friday afternoon, with Mrs. Foster as hostess. Lieuts. and Mmes. Thomas Stark, James Garza and Sepulveda, Capt. and Mrs. Lewis, Captain Lancaster and Lieutenant Marsh have returned from a six months' tour in Tongshan. Lieuts. and Mmes. Ketcham and Moore and Lieutenants Ready and McGiffert have gone to Tongshan for duty.

Captain Bell has returned from Shanghai, where he went to meet his aunt, Miss Bell, who will be his guest for some time. Mrs. Sepulveda is the guest of Lieut. and Mrs. Marsh. Lieutenant Sepulveda is under treatment at the post hospital. Col. and Mrs. Morrow and Mrs. Alexander Stark spent the weekend in Peking. The sensational event of the week was the "dress up" party, with Mrs. Neff, Miss Neff, Capt. and Mrs. Ransom, Lieut. and Mrs. Harding and Lieut. and Mrs. Marsh as the "get-togethers." The rise in exchange has been the most welcome thing that has happened to the China Expedition for some time. The mythical rate of two for one was reached some time ago, and last week a few lucky ones received the rate we tried so hard to get from the War Department last winter, when a dollar gold was worth about ninety cents. The lucky ones received 2.32.

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Officer of the Deck to Boatswain's Mate: "I thought I told you to secure the after searchlights?"

Boatswain's Mate: "I told a man to do it, sir."

Officer of the Deck: "Well, that isn't getting it done, is it?"

Boatswain's Mate: "It was a squad leader, sir."

Officer of the Deck: "Oh, very well, go forward."—Tennessee Tar.

Two men fought a duel. One man was Shott and the other Nott. Some said that Nott was shot, others said Shott was not. There was a rumor that Nott was not shot, and Shott avows that he shot Nott, which proves either that the shot Shott shot at Nott was not shot, or that Nott was not, notwithstanding. On trial it was

proved that the shot Shott shot, shot Nott, or as accidents with firearms are frequent, it may be possible that the shot Shott shot, shot Shott himself, when the whole affair would resolve itself into its original elements, and Shott would be shot, and Nott would not. Apparently the shot Shott shot, shot not Shott, but Nott.—The Log.

The platinum-plated, non-refillable sauerkraut set has been awarded.

It goes to Johannes Nedlich of Dresden, Germany, who not so long ago was drawing paper pfennigs for wearing a cootie-gray uniform and snapping into it when Herr Lieutenant Achting."

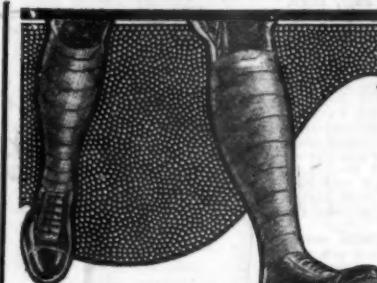
Johannes, one time Boche soldier in the late war, wants to join the American Legion. Here is a transla-

tion of his letter recently received at national headquarters:

"Amerika Legion, Indiana, U.S.A.: The undersigned would like to become a member of the Amerika Legion and would like to have details and particulars about the organization. I am twenty-one years old, five feet nine inches tall and was in the army for more than two years. Free transportation is expected. With best wishes, Johannes Nedlich, Dornbluth Strasse, 35, Dresden."

National headquarters has requested Amarok Post, at Coblenz, to give Johannes a suitable answer.—American Legion Weekly.

She: "Tell me, dear, when you were overseas were you cool in the hour of danger?"
He: "Cool? I actually shivered."—Hoof Prints.



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